DAILY, ONE CENT. SUNDAY, THREE CENTS.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain, followed by fair; cooler; fresh northwesterly winds.

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VOL. XLIX...NO. 15,511. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1899.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT in Greater New York; Elsewhere, and Jersey City. TWO CENTS.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

Stocks heavy.

Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 76⅜c; cash corn, No. 2 mixed, 40½c; cash cotton, 6¾c.

FOREIGN.—The last message of Great Britain reached the Volksraad of the Transvaal yesterday, and its text was made public in London. Mr. Chamberlain says in effect that he is not hopeful of a satisfactory outcome of further negotiations on lines previously laid down, and that England will prepare her own proposals, which will be forwarded in a later dispatch. The British Admiralty has recently sent a number of officers to China to study the language, and a similar move is advocated for the American Navy. The assailants of ex-King Milan of Servia were found guilty; Knezevic was shot in public, Paisitch was condemned to the same fate, but was pardoned, and eighteen were ordered to be imprisoned; six were acquitted. It is reported from Germany that the Garvin Machine Company and the Niles Tool Works are about to erect large plants in Berlin, and that the Buffalo Forge Company is likely to follow their example. The situation in Venezuela is critical; the revolutionists are collecting at Victoria, where a battle is impending. Gen. Harrison argued before the Venezuelan Arbitration Commission that the English rights, derived from the Dutch, were strictly limited by the law of conquest. The financial troubles of the Republic of Colombia are becoming more grave. Employes are being given unlimited leave of absence in lieu of eighteen months' salary due them. A revolution may follow. The damage from the recent hurricane in Guadaloupe is estimated at not less than $5,000,000. Reports place the number of dead at 40, and of seriously wounded at 200. The death list from the Newfoundland hurricane has reached 53. —Pages 1 and 8.

Page 1.

Anthony Comstock last night raided six alleged gambling houses.

Preparations for the reception to Admiral Dewey progressed rapidly yesterday.

Capt. C. D. Sigsbee's thirteen-year-old daughter Eleanor died suddenly yesterday at Rehoboth, a Delaware Summer resort.

John J. Coughlin, a conductor, and Alfred Rodesan, four years old, were killed in Brooklyn yesterday by trolley cars.

Senator Platt was denounced by Abraham Gruber, leader of the Twenty-first District, at the meeting of the new Republican County Committee last evening. Lemuel Ely Quigg was re-elected President.

Page 2.

Dr. Herman Wadsworth Hayley, an instructor in Latin at Wesley an University, committed suicide in Boston.

Page 3.

Two Cornell students have been appointed to positions in the Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs.

Congressman Daly yesterday issued an address to New Jersey Democrats calling upon them to work for Bryan.

The battleship Kearsarge on her official trial reached a speed of 16.84 knots. A slight mishap in the engine room, President Orcutt of the Newport News Company said, reduced the ship's speed three-quarters of a knot.

Page 4.

Owing to the strong gale that prevailed yesterday, the cup challenger Shamrock did not leave her moorings. The crew spent the day testing the yacht's sails.

Page 5.

The Ramapo Water Company among other State organizations has made no reply to a circular of warning sent out by Controller Morgan.

E. G. Allen, a well-known railroad man, committed suicide in his room, in the Grand Union Hotel, yesterday. He had registered as E. G. Andrews.

A dispatch from Gen. Otis says that the shipload of Chinese at Manila will not interfere with military operations. They will be allowed to land. The insurgents captured and burned the United States gunboat Urdaneta. The crew is missing.

Page 6.

The public wedding of Miss Julia Grant and Prince Cantacuzene of Russia took place yesterday at Newport, in the presence of a large number of distinguished guests. They left Newport immediately after for this city, where they will spend a few days.

Page 8.

Officers of Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet saw the steam yacht Dreamer launched yesterday at Elizabeth, N. J.

The winners of the races at Gravesend yesterday were Satin Slipper, Sadducee, Tantris, Arbaces, Lucky Star, and Indian Fairy.

The Bostons defeated the New Yorks yesterday on the Polo Grounds in a well-played game. The Brooklyns beat the Washingtons at Washington Park.

Page 9.

A strike in Havana seems general. Laundries are closed, and the populace is forced to the dry goods stores for fresh linen. A bread famine is probable.

The calendar of cases for the Supreme Court for the ensuing year has just been completed. It presents a total of 12,000 cases. Seven thousand cases represent the amount of work in arrears.

Page 14.

Justice Garretson reserved decision yesterday on an application of F. F. Marquand for an order compelling the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to permit him to examine its books.

Several Justices of the Supreme Court yesterday appeared before the Mazet committee and told of their political contributions and gave their views as to the advisability of having unassessed judicial candidates.

Corporation Counsel John Whalen said yesterday that he hoped to see the woork of construction on the Rapid Transit Railroad begun this Fall. He will not let differences of opinion with the board stand in the way.

Persons identified with New York Central Railroad interests are keeping an attentive eye on the lively strife between the present Board of Directors of the Boston and Albany Railroad and the Protective Committee of stockholders of that corporation.

Arrivals at Hotels and Out-of-Town Buyers. —Page 3.
Marine Intelligence and Foreign Mails.—Page 3.
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MAYORS AT A CORN HUSKING.

Chicago and St. Louis Executives to be Star Attractions at Peoria.

Special to The New York Times.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 25.—Mayor Harrison of Chicago and Mayor Zeigenheimer of St. Louis will represent these cities in a corn-husking contest at the Corn Exposition Oct. 12. The Exposition begins Oct. 9, to continue six days. The contest between the Mayors will be the star attraction. The purse for the winner is $10, contributed by the association.

The exposition will open with a society ball, when corn hats and ornaments will be worn. Wednesday night there will be a large Khorassan ceremonial, and Saturday night the travelling men will give a masquerade.

Eagle Attacks a Pennsylvania Boy.

Special to The New York Times.

READING, Penn., Sept. 25.—A large American eagle made an effort this afternoon to carry off Earl Hummel, a thirteen-year-old boy, living at Port Clinton, Schuylkill County, Penn. The boy was out gunning, when the eagle swooped down from the sky and attempted to fasten its talons in young Hummel's head. The lad struck the bird with a rifle he carried, and the eagle became terribly enraged. Hummel finally succeeded in shooting it. The eagle measured forty-six inches from tip to tip of wings.

Are You Going to St. Louis?
Take Lackawanna train at 10 any morning, and get there at 2 following afternoon. Up-to-date accommodations. Lowest rates. 429 Broadway.—Adv.

ALLEGED GAMBLERS RAIDED

Anthony Comstock, with a Force, Descends on Six Houses.

A NUMBER OF ARRESTS MADE

Door Smashed In at 1,584 Broadway, Where Several Thousand Dollars Worth of Stuff Was Seized.

Raids on six alleged gambling houses were made last night by Anthony Comstock. Since Sept. 14 he has had two of his men going from one gambling house to another securing evidence against the dealers and their assistants. On the evidence thus obtained he got warrants from Magistrate Brann, in the Jefferson Market Court; Magistrate Deuel, in the West Fifty-fourth Street Court, and Magistrate Pool, in the Yorkville Court. He made all his arrangements with the respective Sergeants of the three courts named to give him men to aid in making the raids.

Mr. Comstock, with his own men, left his office soon after 7 o'clock last evening. They carried bundles in which were burlap bags to hold chips and other gambling paraphernalia, and a complete set of safe-opening tools. At Thirteenth Street and Fourth Avenue two patrolmen from the Fifty-seventh Street Court met Mr. Comstock, and they went to the first house on the list, 148 East Fourteenth Street. Before entering the place Mr. Comstock announced that the alleged gamblers had been "tipped off" by some one.

On the sidewalk in front of the house Mr. Comstock caused the arrest of a man who gave the name of John Davis, and who it is said acted as the lookout. Mr. Comstock's men say that he spotted one of them when they were getting evidence and threatened to smash his head with a bottle if he ever came back. In the front room on the second floor four men were seated at a table apparently playing hearts. Two of them were also arrested, William Bennett, accused of dealing in red and black, and John Willson, said to have run a roulette wheel and a red-and-black game. The three prisoners were locked up in the Fifth Street Station.

The next place visited was the Adirondack Club, 508 Sixth Avenue. A number of men were in the room on the second floor. Three of them were arrested, namely. David Sullivan, as the lookout; James Jones, as dealer at roulette, and Charles Brown, as the red-and-black dealer. Four men here were also playing hearts. They had large stacks of chips beside them, and these Mr. Comstock seized. The prisoners were locked up in the West Thirtieth Street Station House. On a roof back of the house gambling tables and other paraphernalia were found and seized. After Mr. Comstock had left the station house Capt. Price expressed his indignation at this raid.

"I've had my men watching that place for days," he said. "I knew they were preparing it and getting ready for Dewey week, and I was ready to nab them when they got to work. Now Comstock has jumped in, got a pack of cards, and spoiled a really good haul."

From the West Thirtieth Street Station House Mr. Comstock and a number of the West Fifty-fourth Street court squad went to the Young Star and Dramatic Pleasure Club, at 269 West Thirty-fourth Street, of which ex-Alderman Mead is said to be the President. They passed through a side door, and, going up stairs, found a small party of men playing cards and drinking beer. At this place Charles Franklin was arrested as a dealer of craps and Harry McDonald, assistant craps dealer. Mr. Comstock secured only a few packs of cards here. Ex-Alderman Mead came up stairs and declared that gambling was not carried on in the club.

Mr. Comstock then went down Eighth Avenue to No. 418, where, passing through the barroom, he gained entrance to the second floor where in one of the rooms he found a number of men apparently engaged in conversation. Three of them were arrested, Charles Hunter as dealer of red and black, John Lewis, as lookout, and William Knacht as roulette dealer. The house was searched, but nothing was found.

The next place raided was 584 Seventh Avenue. No arrests were made here, as no one was found in the house except a middle-aged man, who showed the raiders through the building and assured Mr. Comstock that the gamblers had been driven out ten days before. This building is the meeting place of the original Hounds Club. A few alleged gambling articles were seized.

Luck attended Mr. Comstock in his next raid upon the Lafayette Club, 1,584 Broadway. As the raiders approached they met a man who hastened into the hallway ahead, and when Mr. Comstock followed, the man preceded him, nothing was going on up stairs. The glass door leading to the upper floor was locked Another man appeared on the inside and shook his head when Mr. Comstock demanded admittance. Mr. Comstock then called for a hammer, and he smashed the door in. There was a scattering of persons up stairs. One man was caught hiding in a closet. The following were placed under arrest: Patrick Dunnigan, a lookout; Joseph Weston, a dealer at red and black, and Michael Fitzgerald, as case keeper at faro.

A great quantity of gambling stuff was seized, representing several thousand dollars in value, and including a great quantity of checks and packs of cards, roulette lay-out and tables, red-and-black tables, and a lot of other paraphernalia.

SEVERE EARTHQUAKE IN INDIA.

Accompanied by Floods and Landslides It Dislocates Railways and Kills Many Natives.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 25.—Earthquakes, floods, and terrible landslides occurred at and near Darjeeling, in the Lower Himalaya, last night. Great damage was done, and no fewer than sixty natives perished.

There was a rainfall of twenty-eight inches in thirty-eight hours.

Three bad landslides took place between Darjeeling and Sonada, involving the transshipment of a railway train of passengers.

According to the latest reports, nine European children and twenty natives were lost between those two points.

The whole Calcutta road is blocked, and the Paglajhora Line has been seriously damaged.

About a thousand acres of tea have been destroyed from Jalapahar to Burchill. At the latter place some 3,000 feet of water supply pipe have been ruined. The electric plant has suffered seriously and the town is in darkness. There is great fear of further rain.

A dispatch from Jalpaiguri, on the River Teesta, forty miles southeast of Darjeeling, says that a boat crossing the Teesta, with three Europeans and six natives, was swamped by the high waves. The body of one of its occupants has been found fourteen miles down the river. It is reported that the Europeans, Messrs. Anderson, Kuster, and Whitton, jumped overboard. Their fate is unknown. Search parties have been sent out to look for them.

Vice President Hobart's Condition.

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 25.—Vice President Hobart's family and Dr. W. K. Newton, his physician, were much annoyed today over a published report that the Vice President was dangerously ill at his home in this place. On inquiry being made there to-day it was stated that Mr. Hobart's condition had steadily improved since he returned from Long Branch and that if the weather was favorable he expected to go to his Paterson office this week.

More Yellow Fever in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 25.—For the forty-eight hours ending this evening there were three new cases of yellow fever and one death.

26 New Fever Cases in Key West.

KEY WEST, Sept. 25.—The new cases of yellow fever number twenty-six, the deaths one.

Poland! Poland! Poland! Poland!
The purest natural spring water known.—Adv.

SCHEURER-KESTNER'S FUNERAL

The Champion of Dreyfus Eulogized—Wreath from the ex-Captain on the Coffin.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—Upon the occasion today of the funeral of M. Scheurer-Kestner, an ex-Vice President of the French Senate, who died Sept. 20, the day pardon was granted to ex-Capt. Dreyfus, whose steadfast champion Scheurer-Kestner had been from the outset of the revision movement, several speeches were delivered at the Eastern Railroad Station.

M. Henri Brisson, ex-Premier, who was greeted with loud cheers, said he had always reverenced the noble figure of Scheurer-Kestner, who was a soldier of justice, and who all his life combatted the plebiscitary régime, which had been so fatal to France.

Senator Arthur Ranc, Republican Radical, who is President of the Association of Republican Journalists, also extolled the deceased, by whom, he said, the greatest error had been repaired, and the fair fame of France saved.

On the termination of the ceremony the spectators cheered M. Brisson, and surrounded his carriage, crying, "Vive la Republique." M. Brisson, who was much affected, replied:

"Yes, my friends, let us love the republic; but let us not cease to defend it."

Col. Picquart, who was among the spectators, was received with loud cries of "Vive Picquart" and "Vive la Republique."

The Figaro says that among the numerous wreaths upon the coffin was one bearing the inscription: "To Scheurer-Kestner—Infinite Gratitude," and signed, in small letters, "Alfred Dreyfus."

Capt. Freystaetter Gets a Command.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—Capt. Freystaetter, who was a member of the Dreyfus court-martial of 1894, and who testified before the court-martial at Rennes that his original belief in the guilt of the accused was largely the result of the reading of the documents of the secret dossier, communicated to the judges in a private room, without the knowledge of Dreyfus or his counsel, has been appointed Commander of Marine Infantry at Rochefort, in the Department of Charente-Inférieure.

Dreyfus's Health Is Improving.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—The Petit Bleu this morning denies the reports in circulation regarding the health of Dreyfus, which, the paper says, is improving despite rumors to the contrary.

AMEER OF AFGHANISTAN DEAD?

Reported at Simla that War of Succession Has Already Begun.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The Times publishes the following dispatch from Simla:

"It is persistently rumored here that Abdurrahman Khan, Ameer of Afghanistan, is dead, and that a war of succession has already begun. So far as the Indian Government is aware, the report is absolutely unfounded."

ATLAS LINER SINKS; FIVE LOST.

Adula Goes Down Off Port Morant, South of Jamaica.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Sept. 25.—The Atlas Steamship Company's steamer Adula, Capt. McAuley, from Kingston for Baltimore, foundered at 3:30 to-day off Port Morant, on the south coast of Jamaica.

Five lives were lost. The list of drowned includes First Officer Percy.

The Adula, which was built in Belfast in 1889, was of 362 tons burden. She was 212 feet long, 29.1 broad, and 12 feet deep.

STORM DAMAGE IN GUADALOUPE.

Forty Dead and 200 Wounded—Property Loss at Least $5,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Consul Ayme reports to the State Department from Guadaloupe that the loss of property from the recent tropical hurricane amounts to at least $5,000,000. Forty deaths and over 200 seriously wounded are reported from various parts of the island.

The city is a mass of wreckage, while the harbor front is lined with the débris of large and small boats. The Consul says the fruit crop is a total loss, and that famine threatens the island. He adds that the series of misfortunes which this island has passed through—an earthquake, destructive fires, and a financial crisis—probably will force the colony to appeal to the outside world for assistance.

Custodian of Hathaway Cottage Dead.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Mrs. Baker, custodian of the cottage of Anne Hathaway, the widow of Shakespeare, at Stratford-on-Avon, died to-day as the result of an accident. She was a descendant of the Hathaways.

TWO KILLED BY TROLLEY CARS.

A Conductor and a Little Boy Lost Their Lives in Brooklyn.

John J. Coughlin, twenty-five years old, living at 1,307 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, and a conductor on the Liberty Avenue trolley line, in that borough, fell from his car yesterday. His skull was fractured, and he died two hours later in St. Mary's Hospital.

Alfred Rodesan, four years old, living at 416 Van Brunt Street, Brooklyn, was run over and killed yesterday by a Van Brunt Street trolley car. He was playing in front of his home.

RAILWAY MEN CALL ON HANNA.

Senator Admits the Cleveland Strikers Had Grievances.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Sept. 25.—A committee from the Street Railway Men's Union called to-day upon Senator Hanna, President of the Cleveland City Railway Company. The conference was secret. At its conclusion the men said they had been received very courteously by the Senator, who admitted that the strikers on the Big Consolidated lines had grievances which should have been adjusted, and which would have been adjusted if they had worked for his company.

It was denied that a demand had been made for the recognition of the union on the Senator's road.

Lake Carriers Advance Wages.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 25.—As a result of a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Lake Carriers' Association, held this afternoon, the wages of nearly 16,000 men employed on the vessels of the great lakes will be raised from 10 to 20 per cent., beginning Oct. 1. This includes 2,000 engineers, who demanded an advance of 12½ per cent. and threatened to strike should it not be conceded. Instead of the 12½ per cent, asked for by the engineers they will receive an advance of 20 per cent.

BOUGHT OLD PACKING HOUSE.

The International Company to Start Up in Sioux City, Ia.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—A deal is just about closed whereby the International Packing Company secures an old packing plant in Sioux City, Iowa, and will open business there in opposition to the Cudahy and Sterling Companies. A secret meeting on the matter was held at the Palmer House to-day by the Directors of the International Company. The old plant belongs to the Sioux City Stock Yards Company, and it will take $300,000 to put it in order.

When in running shape it will give employment to 1,500 men. Sioux City is a central point in the Northwestern territory, and it is said that many railroads in Northern Iowa and Nebraska, and all of South Dakota, do not carry stock to Omaha, and that another packing house in the territory would enliven the cattle market.

The Hudson River Day Line is the greatest tourists' route, and offers the most variety. Music.—Adv.

The Hudson River DAY LINE steamers are shipshape, on time and have courteous officers.—Adv.

GALLANT RESCUES AT A FIRE.

Firemen Save Life at a Blaze in a Big Factory in East Broadway—Panic in the Neighborhood.

The Robinson Building, an eight-story brick structure at East Broadway, Gouverneur, and Division Streets, occupied by a score of sweatshops, was damaged by fire between midnight and 1 o'clock this morning to the extent of about $20,000.

There were eighteen or twenty men in the building, employed as watchmen by the several tenants, and several of them were rescued with difficulty. The building is in a densely populated tenement neighborhood, and the fire caused intense excitement. There is a big double tenement house next to the Robinson Building, and it seemed impossible for it to escape destruction. The tenants were aroused by the police, and, screaming and crying, they made their way out of the house in wild disorder. The report started among them that several men were lost in the Robinson Building, and this added to their panic. There was no truth in the rumor.

Flames were first discovered issuing from a third floor window on the Division Street side by Daniel Dempsey, a retired fireman, who turned in an alarm. Several of the neighbors said they heard an explosion a short time before on the same floor of the building. Fire Chief Croker answered the first alarm. He turned in two additional alarms, and almost immediately following a fourth. When he arrived the flames were roaring up the shafts in the centre of the building. A deluge of water was poured into the building and the fire was quickly under control.

Aaron Baezar of Jersey City, employed in one of the shops in the fifth floor, was partially overcome by the smoke, but managed to stagger out on the Gouverneur Street fire escape. He started to climb over the edge to jump, when Fireman Burns of Hook and Ladder 18, saw his peril.

"Don't jump! Don't jump!" yelled the firemen. Baezar, reassured, climbed down to within one flight of the street, and then deliberately dived headlong. Burns and Fireman Tiehe of Engine No. 15 had anticipated such a move, and caught the man dexterously.

Fireman Thomas F. Smith of Engine 15 saw Abraham Levinsky on the third-floor fire escape as he sank overcome by smoke. Smith went up the ironwork and, grabbing the unconscious man just as his clothing was catching fire, carried him down, while the crowd cheered wildly. Levinsky was quickly restored.

Jacob Aschwitz and Samuel Gallemus were on the fifth floor, and were almost cut off by the flames. They had to break through several doors by hurling themselves against them by main force, and, exhausted and overcome, they were barely able to get down the fire escape.

All of the twenty occupants of the building will suffer more or less loss either from fire, smoke, or water.

NEW VANDERBILT HEIRESS.

A Daughter Born to Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, nee Wilson.

A daughter was born to Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, nee Wilson, just before midnight at her residence, 608 Fifth Avenue. Dr. Austin Flint, Jr., attended Mrs. Vanderbilt, and shortly after midnight it was announced that the mother and child were doing well.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt came from Newport yesterday morning on the Fall River steamer Plymouth, accompanied by Dr. Flint.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt were married Aug. 3, 1896, at the home of the bride's father, Richard T. Wilson, 511 Fifth Avenue, by the Rev. William H. Pott of St. Thomas's Protestant Episcopal Church. This is their second child.

PRESIDENT DIAZ'S TRIP OFF.

Illness of His Wife Prevents Mexico's Executive Going to Chicago.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 25.—President Diaz cannot go to Chicago on account of the illness of Mme. Diaz.

The President has appointed Ignacio Mariscal, Minister of Foreign Relations, to go as his representative.

President Diaz to-night expressed deep regret that he must forego the pleasure of the trip to which he had looked forward with keen desire. He had hoped to meet the leading men of the neighboring republic, and felt that the occasion would be of much benefit to both countries.

To-day the Senate again took up the matter of the proposed visit and increased the amount for the appropriation for the expenses of the President and his party to $150,000. It was shortly after this action that the announcement of the change in President Diaz's plans was announced.

TO REPORT ON CO-EDUCATION.

Agitation Against It at Wesleyan Leads to Official Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Sept. 25.—The question of co-education at Wesleyan University has caused for the past few years much unofficial agitation on the part of the students and the alumni.

The expression of the male members of the college as opposed to co-education, the omitting of all mention of the young ladies in the Olla Podrida, the college annual, and other things have brought about an official investigation. It is to be conducted by an officially appointed committee, to consist of four members of the Board of Trustees, two alumni, and two members of the Faculty, besides the President.

The Trustees appointed are John E. Andrus, New York City; Stephen H. Olin, New York City; Cyrus D. Foss, Philadelphia, Penn., and Joseph E. King, Fort Edward, N. Y. The members from the alumni are Seward V. Coffin, Middletown, Conn., and the Rev. Herbert Welch of the same place. The Faculty members are Prof. John M. Van Vleck and Prof. Caleb T. Winchester.

CAPT. SIGSBEE BEREAVED.

His Thirteen-Year-Old Daughter Dies Suddenly at a Delaware Resort.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 25.—Eleanor Sigsbee, the youngest daughter of Capt. C. D. Sigsbee, formerly Commander of the battleship Maine, died this morning at Rehoboth, the Delaware Summer resort in the lower part of the State.

Miss Sigsbee was thirteen years old. She went to Rehoboth about two weeks ago for the benefit of her health, accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Caroline Rittenhouse of Washington, D. C., who has been spending the season at Rehoboth. The young girl was taken suddenly ill last evening, and died at 10 o'clock this morning of heart trouble. She was attended by Dr. L. A. Kittenger of Wilmington.

The remains will be taken to Washington to-morrow, and the interment will be at Annapolis later in the week. Capt. Sigsbee was at the station of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad this evening, but he was too late to take the train for Rehoboth. The Captain continued on to Washington.

Consul Hoffman Critically Ill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—News has been received here that W. J. Hoffman, United States Consul at Mannheim, Germany, has arrived at his home in Reading, Penn., so ill that there is no hope for his recovery.

Sold to the Boston and Maine.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Sept. 25.—At a special meeting of the stockholders of the Portland, Saco, and Portsmouth Railroad held at Kittery this noon it was voted to approve a sale of the road to the Boston and Maine Railroad upon the terms agreed by the Directors of the respective corporations, the vote being 5,469 to 10. One share of common stock of the Boston and Maine is to be given in exchange for each share of stock of the Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad Company.

Twenty-four Hours to Chicago.
The Lake Shore Limited—most comfortable train in the world—every day at 5:30 P. M. from Grand Central Station by New York Central.—Adv.

SENATOR PLATT ATTACKED

Abraham Gruber Declares His Policy Will Destroy the Party.

USES IT AS BUSINESS ASSET

Cheering Mr. Gruber Heartily, the Republican County Committee Proceeds to Re-elect Mr. Quigg.

Denunciations hurled at Senator Platt and Lemuel Ely Quigg by Abraham Gruber, leader of the Twenty-first District, were cheered to the echo at the meeting of the new Republican County Committee in the Murray Hill Lyceum last evening. The committee met for the purpose of organizing, and after applauding Mr. Gruber's attack it re-elected Mr. Quigg President for the fourth time by a vote of 211 to 5.

William B. Ellison was made temporary Chairman. When he called for nominations for permanent President, Collector George R. Bidwell presented Mr. Quigg's name. Mr. Gruber presented the name of W. S. Bennett, and said:

"I respectfully protest against the re-election of our Chairman. He is not the choice of the Republicans of this county, but, on the contrary, his election to-night will be condemned and resented by the almost unanimous voice of the voters of our party. The Assembly district leaders in this hall, most of whom have been honored by appointment to office, know that I am telling a truth which their election district Chairmen are proclaiming throughout the county. The vote in the Fourteenth Congressional District ten months ago is the last judgment of the people solemnly expressed upon this subject, and it is the Chairman's duty and the duty of every man in this committee to heed it. The talent and ability of Mr. Quigg made him a Congressman who had the confidence and respect of his constituents, but even that feeling did not prevent 6,000 Republicans from voting against him for re-election, because they were offended by his course as an organization leader.

ORGANIZATION AN EMPTY SHELL.

"Our party organization in this county is an empty shell; it is not militant; it is not at work all the time for the interests of the party, and its record for the last five years shows it to have been entirely wrong when there was no good excuse for not being right, and when seemingly right, only so because it had put on other clothes than Republican ones. But, gentlemen, I do not hold the Chairman solely responsible for this history, and our present weak and servile political condition. He is to-night the candidate of what is known as the organization, as he has been the candidate since 1896. The organization talks to you and bids you vote for Mr. Quigg, and if he said 'Let it be some one else,' that some one else would be elected with the same majority, and, I think, with more enthusiasm.

"The organization has always applied political laws of gravitation to the policy of the Republican Party in the City of New York, and the desire to pass improper legislation, as work incumbent upon him for sufficient reasons, has almost destroyed, and if it continues will surely destroy our party in the County of New York and in the State. Every Republican legislator who has served in Albany since 1894 knows that this is the truth.

"Two Republican Assemblymen from this city were marked for slaughter this Fall, because they voted against the wishes of the organization at the last session on a bill which had no political, but only a pecuniary attraction. [Loud and long applause.] One of them was killed at the primaries, the other will be destroyed on election day.

THE PARTY PLATT'S ASSET.

"I purpose to be something more than a kicker against political leadership which deals with the party as if it were a business asset of the leader. I intend to be a fighter against it and to hit it anywhere and everywhere it shows its head. The Republican Party must not and shall not, like Tammany Hall, be run for personal profit."

Continuing, Mr. Gruber declared that the Republican organization of New York City had long enough submitted to the domination of "a political boss who should content himself with nominating State tickets." He recited how this "boss" had bidden the district leaders to fight Mayor Strong, and they had done so; how he had bidden them to assassinate Mr. McKinley in the campaign for the Presidential nomination, and they had obeyed; how he had ordered them to crucify Mr. Low, and "we ourselves were nailed." This last allusion was loudly applauded. Ringing cheers also greeted his denunciation of the civil service law as one under which, if a Republican administration should come into power to-morrow, not one Republican could be appointed to office.

Mr. Gruber further attacked Mr. Platt for keeping Michael J. Dady at the head of the organization in Brooklyn, and declared that the climax had been reached when a "pot-hunting Democrat" had been put at the head of the Kings County ticket. He concluded by declaring that his fight was not on Mr. Quigg personally, but against the man who is known as the Republican organization of the State of New York—"a politician who eats, drinks, and is resentful."

QUIGG'S BIG MAJORITY.

In the calling of the roll on the vote for President, Capt. F. Norton Goddard, the only new district leader chosen at the primary, was applauded when he cast the vote of the Twentieth District for Mr. Quigg. The result was: Quigg, 211; Bennett, 5. All of the opposition votes were cast by Mr. Gruber himself.

President Quigg, in taking the chair, said that the vote just taken seemed to him the best answer that could be given to the attack made on him as "one who stands in the shadow of something awful and insufferable."

"I shall answer it," he said, "only by citing that vote and what it proceeds from. Some 50,000 Republicans sent you here, Republicans who took the trouble to enroll and go to the primaries and vote. All these Republicans are not the base and servile creatures that my friend from the Twenty-first makes himself out to be. It wasn't a padded roll that brought you here (cries of "That's right!") and the end has come, thank God, of that old grow!

"The uplifting of Theodore Roosevelt proved that no one man is bossing the Republican Party. His nomination was the expression of the voice of the Republican people of the State. It was only because the voice of the Republican people was not sufficiently heeded in 1897 that there was not an anti-Tammany alliance then.

ANTI-TAMMANY MAJORITY.

"I believe there exists in this city an anti-Tammany majority. I believe it can be evoked in just one way—by the Republican Party agreeing with the Independents on a platform of principles and a list of candidates and by the Independents accepting the Republican Party as the great, strong nucleus of an anti-Tammany movement."

The present Republican organization, Mr. Quigg declared, "is not the patronage-created and patronage-upheld organization of fifteen or twenty years ago. The time has gone by in our organization, and it is fast going by in the Democratic organization, when there is any patronage to be dispensed. The civil service law has changed all that. At last we have had the good sense to apply to Tammany Hall the same law that confronts us at Washington, except that we can choose from the first three on the eligible lists while they must take the first. In two years from to-day, and certainly after a change of administration, which is coming, Tammany Hall will be bereft of patronage in this city as completely as we are at Washington."

Speaking of the coming campaign, Mr. Quigg said: "I am for a union with everybody who will vote to put down the selfish, sordid, blackmailing oligarchy that runs New York City. I'm in favor of the Citizens' Union if they want to do that. I'm in favor of taking in everybody who will help accomplish that end. If anybody wants to accuse me of inconsistency because I didn't take that position in 1897 he is welcome to the satisfaction it may give him. I am willing to confess that I know more than I did two years ago."

The organization of the new committee was completed by the election of McDougall Hawkes as First Vice President, William H. Ten Eyck as Second Vice President, George R. Manchester as Secretary, John Sabine Smith as Treasurer, and Edmond Bodine as Sergeant at Arms.

FOR UNTRAMMELED JUSTICES.

A communication from President Wheeler H. Peckham of the City Club was received, inclosing the call issued by its council for a conference of those interested in the movement for the election of Justices pledged not to pay political assessments and inviting the committee to send representatives to the conference. This conference is to be held at the City Club next Tuesday evening. The Republican County Convention, to nominate judiciary candidates, is to meet the same evening, and on motion of Mr. Bidwell the invitation was referred to the convention.

The understanding is that the County Convention will appoint a committee to go to the City Club conference and will await this committee's report before making its own nominations. If the conference is not ready with its suggestions, the convention will take a recess until it is ready.

YAQUI WAR GROWS FIERCER.

Miners and All American Residents Flee the Country, Where Guerrilla Fighting Is Constant.

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 25.—Judging from reports reaching here to-day from Oritiz, State of Sonora, Mexico, the Yaqui Indian war is rapidly growing worse instead of abating.

Lieut. Majeran has arrived at Torros on his way to the City of Mexico to make official reports on the progress of the campaign. He says there has been no cessation in the warfare against the Indians by the Mexican Government. He reports that the Indians have scattered into small bands and are now vigorously waging a guerilla warfare, and that the Mexican soldiers have adopted similar tactics. They are divided into small scouting parties, and there are frequent engagements between the soldiers and the Indians.

The Indians avoid open engagements with the soldiers, rather harassing them with attacks from secure positions in the mountains and along the rough mountain roads, not infrequently causing much loss of life among the soldiers with little harm to themselves.

Gen. Torres, in command of the Mexican troops, asks the Mexican War Department to send a force of Rurales to assist him, and it is thought they can render very effective service against the Indians. The Yaquis hold the Rurales in great dread, as they are their old-time enemies and a most formidable foe.

During the past ten days a great many miners have arrived at Oritiz, having been driven out of the mountains by the threatening situation, and all tell of murder and bloodshed. Many of them have deserted paying mines in order to save their lives. The entire country is in a state of ferment, and all the Americans are leaving as rapidly as possible. Dividing the soldiers into small squads scatters the war over a wider range of mountain territory, and every section of the Yaqui country is terrorized.

GEN. OTIS'S POSSIBLE RECALL.

Admiral Dewey's Reported Adverse Opinion of That Officer May Influence Mr. McKinley.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Coincident with the near approach of Admiral Dewey, the rumors about Gen. Otis's recall have been revived. It is again reported that his recall has actually been decided upon. There has also been a rumor lately that Gen. Brooke was to leave Cuba shortly, and as it is now said that a Major General is to be sent to the Philippines, there is some disposition to regard that as Gen. Brooke's future berth.

The basis for all this gossip seems to be the report that Admiral Dewey has a poor opinion of Gen. Otis. This report has lately been revived and repeated in a number of ways. It is generally believed that the Admiral will have much influence with the Administration, and his views on the Philippines policy will be anxiously sought. A strong impression prevails that when he gives his opinion it will not be favorable to Gen. Otis. There is to be a conference at the White House shortly after his return, at which the President will meet the Admiral and the Philippine Commission, and what is said at that conference may result in some alterations in the military policy in the Philippines.

KILLED HIS SISTER IN PLAY.

Eight-Year-Old Child Found a Shotgun and "Played Soldier."

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 25.—At Barrytown to-day little Margaret Quinn, the four-year-old daughter of Patrick Quinn, was killed while playing soldier with her brother, aged eight, and her sister, aged six, years.

The children were sent on an errand to the home of Charles Walsh, coachman for Mr. J. A. Burden, Jr., and for some time they roamed through Mr Walsh's house laughing and playing. Charlie, the older boy, in an upper hall found a shotgun which had been loaded for a hunting trip. With a cry of "Let's play soldier," he seized it and started down the hall, followed by the other children.

They marched around a table and in some manner the gun was exploded. The full charge of shot entered the breast of little Margaret and passed through her lungs, killing her instantly. Several of the shot, after passing through her body, slightly wounded her sister, who was on the opposite side of the table. The owner of the gun has no children, and he never supposed that it would fall into the hands of little people.

Mortally Wounded Boy Walked Home.

Special to The New York Times.

KENTON, Ohio, Sept. 25.—While riding on a wagon load of produce near here to-day a seven-year-old son of William Griffin lost his balance and fell off. The wagon passed over his body, inflicting terrible injuries about the stomach. The driver asked him if he was hurt, and he replied: "Not very badly." The boy then arose, and managed to hobble to his home, half a mile distant, where he fell senseless. He is in a dying condition, with no hope of his recovery.

Oliver P. Morton's Statue Unveiled.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The life-size white marble statue of former Gov. Oliver P. Morton of Indiana was unveiled to-day in Statuary Hall, at the Capitol. No formal ceremonies attended the unveiling. Among those present were State Senator Charles Shively of Richmond, First Assistant Postmaster General Perry S. Heath, former Attorney General Louis Michener, and other prominent Indianaians.

Archbishop of Chile Arrives Home.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, Sept. 25.—Mgr. Mariana Giocom

stands. Owing to the fact that none of the bids contemplated the stands yet to be built, the award of the contract was deferred until to-day.

Members of the Municipal Committee received their tickets and badges yesterday. All day long the City Hall was thronged with these men and their representatives, and when the office of the committee was closed it was announced that about 600 badges out of the 1,200 had been issued. The remainder will be given out to-day. The badges for members of the committee are of bronze and are fac similes of the gold jeweled badge to be presented to Admiral Dewey. This badge, it was announced yesterday, has been completed by the makers, Black, Starr & Frost, at whose store it will be on exhibition until called for by the committee.

George G. Dewey, the son of the Admiral, called at the City Hall yesterday and was presented to the Mayor by Warren W. Foster, the Secretary of the committee. Mr. Dewey said that he would gladly accompany the committee of seven down the bay to meet his father on Thursday afternoon. His uncle, Charles Dewey of Montpelier, Vt., will be with him.

PIER FOR ADMIRAL'S BOAT.

Commander J. W. Miller of the Naval Militia, Superintendent of the Fall River Line, has proffered to the committee, free of charge, the use of his company's pier, at the foot of Warren Street. It is from that pier that the Admiral and the other guests of the city will embark on Saturday for the trip that is to take them to Grant's Tomb to the head of the land parade.

A dispatch received from Vermont announces the delegation from Vermont to consist of Gov. Smith, Adjt. Gen. Peck, Judge Advocate General Bates, Surgeon General O. W. Peck, and twelve others. Gov. A. J. McLaurin of Mississippi has written regretting his inability to attend the celebration, and United States Senator Butler of South Carolina has written asking for tickets.

The Navy Department at Washington yesterday communicated to Rear Admiral Philip of the Brooklyn Navy Yard the permission to allow the use, in his discretion, of flags, cutlasses, guns, and other paraphernalia of the navy for use as "properties" in the production of "The White Squadron" at the Metropolitan Opera House next Saturday night by the Dewey Home Fund Committee of this city. As the property belongs to the United States Navy, a special detail of sailors will go with it as a guard.

It is expected that 600 sailors will take part in the congress of navies scene, and the most of them will go on without a rehearsal. Two men from the navy yard have been rehearsing with the company all along and know their cues thoroughly. They will simply lead the other sailors, as at any ordinary drill, and it is expected that the boys in blue will march without a hitch, and the effect will be more natural than any rehearsal would give.

A box near the stage has been reserved for Admiral Dewey, and he will be urged by a committee from the Fund Committee to attend for awhile at least during the evening. Boxes will also be reserved for Rear Admirals Philip, Schley, and Sampson.

A number of the Government vessels which are to take part in the naval parade arrived in port yesterday. Among them were the dispatch boat Dolphin, from Boston, the revenue cadet practice vessel Salmon P. Chase, and the revenue cutters Onondaga and Windom.

BUSY DECORATING THE CITY.

Army of Men at Work Decking Out Buildings in Gala Dress—Outlay Estimated at $1,000,000.

A giant transformation scene is in progress in New York which when completed will in its entirety make the most gorgeous ensemble ever seen in this or any other city. Like everything else nowadays, the transformation will be in honor of Admiral Dewey, and from the Battery to the uttermost limits of Manhattan island an army of workmen was at work yesterday decking out buildings in a dress of red, white, and blue as a welcoming signal to the homecoming hero of the Nation.

The enormous task of decorating the city began in earnest yesterday. Up to this time a number of buildings had already put on their gala attire, and these bright spots in the landscape only served to make their neighbors look more dingy by contrast. But the early comers in the field also served the purpose of making their neighbors more anxious to outdo them in the scheme of decoration.

There is nothing slipshod or haphazard in these decorations. A few effects of bunting here and there and an occasional flag, as on former occasions, has been found to be inadequate to the occasion, and in every part of the city, especially along the route of the parade, the patriotic citizens have called in the services of professional decorators who have blended the National colors, the American Jack, the Admiral's flag, with its four stars on a field of blue; the blue and white of the navy, shields, eagles, and a dozen other decorative schemes into an ensemble of great beauty.

In many instances yesterday these decorations had not yet been completed, but where the professional decorator was at work or expected to work a colored plan had been made, and a sight of these plans gave a good idea of how the buildings would look when the drapers had concluded their labors.

NAVY COLORS PREDOMINATE.

Along the line of the parade the colors of the navy predominate, and an effort has been made to bring out of the various plans of the decorators a harmonious whole. This is due in large measure to the request of the mural painters, whose hints have been closely followed.

It looked yesterday as if there would not be an occupied building along the route of the parade that would not have by Thursday its welcoming dress of red, white, and blue, and in many instances the owners of unoccupied buildings on the line of march have ordered decorations, so that their places may not look like oases of brick and stone in a desert of gay-colored bunting.

Riverside Drive, Seventy-second Street, and Fifth Avenue will be lanes of brilliant colors, and Broadway will also be in line as usual, the giant skyscrapers already showing the results of the master hand of the decorator. The big dry goods stores along Sixth Avenue, Broadway, and adjacent streets, and even up in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, are vying with each other in the splendor of their decorations. The Broadway theatres are equally agressive in this matter, and nearly every one of them last night was aglow with color and light.

One of the striking things along Broadway yesterday was the imposing design in a shop window of a sailor of the Olympia being crowned with a laurel wreath by Columbia. The stalwart jackie is kneeling gracefully, cap in hand, while Columbia is placing the wreath on his brow. This graceful tribute to the "man behind the guns" keeps a crowd in front of the window all day.

Among the handsome decorations along Fifth Avenue are those on Sherry's and Delmonico's. From the middle of Sherry's building an immense flag is suspended, while from the end of the pole to the top of the building run streams of naval signal flags.

Along the roof line of Delmonico's is a drapery of red and white. On the fifth floor shields and flags are draped, while the color scheme of the third and fourth floors is the blue and white of the navy. The first and second floors are draped gracefully with the American jack and the Admiral's flag.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN'S DRESS.

Madison Square Garden is decorated in the style of a dressed ship. Lines of signal flags, each eight feet long, extend from the foot of the statue of Diana to the four corners of the enormous building. The whole comprehends the largest set of string flags ever designed, 750 of them being used.

The decorators on the Eden Musée yesterday began what will be one of the most elaborate decorative schemes in the city. The front of the building will be arranged in the form of a battleship. Nearly forty feet above the building will rise a turret, in which will be two sailors with rapid-firing guns. At the sides will be other sailors apparently on deck, and on each side of the front of the building will be a golden eagle measuring thirty feet from tip to tip. The front will also be covered in festoons and draperies of bunting. Thousands of electric lights will gleam amid the draperies at night.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has given a contract for $5,000 for the decoration of its twenty-four piers and ferry slips. On the outer end of each pier is a plaque of Admiral Dewey, surmounted by a golden eagle, and draped with the Admiral's flag and the American jack. These are flanked by draperies of the National colors and American shields, surmounted by streams of signal flags.

The Knickerbocker Club has begun to take on its elaborate dress of blue and white. St. Patrick's Cathedral will fly the largest flag in the city, made expressly for this celebration. It is 75 feet long, and 260 yards of yard-wide bunting were used in its construction. Each stripe is 36 inches wide, and each star 18 inches across. This monster flag will be suspended between the two spires.

The Democratic Club has an elaborate decoration of bunting and flags. Across the street are stretched two wood portraits of the Admiral, back to back, inclosed in a frame 6 feet in diameter. This frame has not yet been made, as it will be of natural flowers—roses, smilax, and laurel—and an elaborate electrical display will make this decoration a striking one at night. The Republican Club has also begun to exhibit an elaborate display of bunting, and the Union League Club and others of equal note have started decorators to work.

DECORATIONS ALL OVER THE CITY.

The magnificent homes on Riverside Drive, Seventy-second Street, and Fifth Avenue have started to put on their gay attire, and in nearly every instance the work is being done by professionals. It is not to be inferred, however, that the houses along the route are to have all the decorative display. Decorators said their orders came from all over the city, many of them from persons whose houses are very far distant from the line of march.

Although no appropriation has been made by the Government for the decoration of the Post Office, Postmaster Van Cott will do what he can to make the building attractive in appearance. A number of flags will be draped on the outer walls, and the employes will do their share to add to the attractiveness of the interior.

Wherever inquiry was made there seemed to be a decided inclination on the part of citizens to display lights in every window on the nights of the celebration. At least all the decorated houses will adopt this plan, and thus add to the attractiveness of their decorations.

A number of additions were made to downtown decorations yesterday, among the most conspicuously attractive being those on the American Surety, Standard Oil, Union Trust, Drexel, the Manhattan Company, the Merchants' National Bank, the Post, and Benedict Buildings. Along lower West Street, the evidences of preparation are not very apparent, as most of the decorations will be at the outer ends of piers.

C. H. Koster has made a conservative estimate of the cost to the citizens of New York of the decorations for the welcome and he said yesterday that the amount would be over $1,000,000. These figures, he said, did not cover the cost of materials which in many cases are returned to the decorators after the celebration. One of the results of this great display has been to send the prices of bunting and flags skyward, and in many of the stores entire stocks of these goods have been disposed of and no more are to be had at any price.

It began to look yesterday as if the route of the land parade would be lined with an unbroken succession of stands. Carpenters by hundreds were at work on Fifth Avenue, Fifty-ninth Street, and Central Park West, and an army of them is waiting to rush to-day and put up the stands along property controlled by the Park Department, no work having been allowed on this domain until to-day.

The United States Daughters of 1812 will have a stand at One Hundred and Seventh Street and Riverside Drive for viewing the naval and military parades. Members of the society can obtain seats on the stand for $1 for each day, but all tickets not taken by them by to-morrow evening will be sold to outsiders at higher rates—$3 for one day and $5 for the two days. Tickets may be obtained at 332 West Eighty-seventh Street.

THE ARCH AND TROPHY POLES.

Great Progress on the Sculptors' Work—Decorations of the Mural Painters Nearly Completed.

The amount of progress on the Dewey triumphal arch yesterday was surprising. Not only was the entire ceiling for the great arched roof completed, but the top cornice, above the figures of American naval heroes, was also finished, and the work of putting the bas reliefs for the spandrels in position begun. Philip Martiny's group, the Call to Arms, the only one of the four groups at the bases of the piers which is not in place, was brought over from the sculptor's studio, and some of the sections were put up.

The only portion of this work at present visible is the bas relief figure at the back, above the detached figures. This is a charming design, and if the rest of Mr. Martiny's contribution to the arch is of equal merit his group will be one of the finest of the sculptures. It was executed entirely in the sculptor's own studio, he having offered to defray the expense of having his sketch model enlarged, and is therefore the only portion of the arch about which the public has not at present had an opportunity to judge.

Among other work accomplished yesterday was the addition of two of the figures of Victory, designed by Herbert Adams, to the double pillars of the colonnade north of the arch. These figures, which will flank every group of pillars, are all of the same design, the only difference being in the inscriptions placed on them. Each bears the name of a vessel of the American Navy of the present time, those placed in position yesterday being in honor of the Raleigh and the Baltimore.

The four large groups, two at each end, for the bases of the end pillars of the colonnade, are now all in place, and only a little work on the pedestals remains to be done.

LENGTH OF LIFE OF THE ARCH.

Several of the members of the National Sculpture Society met yesterday in Mr. Lamb's studio, and the question of the length of time during which the arch and colonnade should remain in position after the land parade was discussed. Of course, this matter does not rest with the sculptors, but with the city authorities; but the hope was expressed that the latter would at least allow the work to remain for a few weeks.

It is the general opinion that the result of all the time and skill given by the sculptors without financial reward should and would serve another purpose besides celebrating the return to America of Admiral Dewey. It would act, while it remained in place, as a form of artistic education to the people of and visitors to New York. It would give an impetus, much needed at present, to public and municipal art, and it would show that in this country work as elaborate and beautiful as the famous adornments of European cities can be produced.

A structure of this kind, executed in "staff," will withstand the effects of rain and weather for at least a year. If it be painted there is practically no limit to the length of time during which it will remain undamaged. It is not thought that the arch and colonnade would obstruct traffic. The crush at present is caused by the entire blocking of Fifth Avenue, from Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth Street, to vehicles, made necessary by the inclosure round the arch and the erection of the stands. After the latter have been removed a railing round the bases of the piers of the arch would be all that would be necessary to prevent damage to the structure, while the pillars of the colonnade would obstruct traffic no more than so many stationary sellers of shoe laces.

WORK OF THE MURAL PAINTERS.

The speed with which the decorations designed by the members of the National Society of Mural Painters for Fifth Avenue between Twenty-sixth and Thirty-fourth Streets have been put in place is almost as surprising as the manner in which the Dewey Arch is being completed. On Sunday nothing had been done beyond the erection of the poles and painting them white. Late that day workmen began winding dark-blue cloth in corkscrew fashion round some of the poles.

The work of placing the draperies, gilt eagles, and plaster figures in position was begun early yesterday morning, and by nightfall Fifth Avenue had been transformed. The whole work had been accomplished, except the placing of some of the figures on their pedestals.

The universal opinion of those who saw the decorations was that the effect is successful in the highest degree. Working in flimsy and more temporary materials, the mural painters have produced a design as charming in its way as the work of the sculptors on the arch and colonnade is impressive and beautiful.

The artists who designed the decorations have produced the effect aimed at by the use of a very dark blue, which happened, luckily, to be the regular navy color, and the contrast of this with white in immediate juxtaposition. The most prominent portions of the decorations are the long V-shaped pennants which hang from cross sticks at the top of the highest poles.

These pennants are divided perpendicularly, half being blue and the rest white. In the centre of each is the letter D, in gold. The only other touches of gold are in the tassels at the end of white cords. The poles which support the pennants are white.

Other poles are blue and white, the blue bands of bunting being wound round them in corkscrew or barber's pole fashion. These poles, lower than the others, have long blue and white streamers floating from them, and they are topped by gilt eagles. At equal distances are white pedestals, about six feet high, on which stand white figures of Victory. These, as has been said, are not yet all in place, but enough of them were put up and painted yesterday to show that the effect will be excellent.

CITY FULL OF DEWEY VISITORS.

Hotels and Boarding Houses Have Already Felt the First Onset of the Throngs of Sightseers.

Busy as the streets of the metropolis usually are, they have done more than their customary share of service in the last few days, and, as may be said of a number of other things, Dewey did it. New York's coming welcome to the Admiral seems to be absorbing the city's entire attention just at present, and hotels and boarding houses are already filling up with the early comers for the celebration. These visitors step aside to the curb from the ever-flowing stream of Broadway sidewalk traffic to crane their necks at some imposing office building or pause in weighty deliberation on the corners, and, comparing guide book maps with the new street signs, discover Commissioner Kearny's innovation in the latter. They stroll down Fifth Avenue with a laudable determination to learn the antecedents and ownership of every fine edifice they observe.

The Dewey arch at Madison Square and the near-by statuary seemed yesterday to draw as many sightseers as any of the town's attractions. Hundreds upon hundreds joined the lines which passed by the big inclosure in which the work is going on and made progress not too willingly when cautioned by the guardians of the peace to "keep a-moving." Others stood a little out of the line and commented on the evanescent charms of the various symbolic groups.

"Now, look at that feller's left arm, will ye?" said one man, enthusiastically. "Now ain't that natural? Git onto the muscle stickin' out in it! The feller that sculped that, now, he knew his business."

"There's Dewey!" exclaimed another, indicating the figure of the Admiral, holding his hand to his cap in salute. "Hello, Dewey; how are you?"

"Gitcher Dewey flags now, gents," exhorted the itinerant vendor from the curb, while the sightseers scattered to let a cable car come clanging by, "only a-half-a-dime-five-cents fer the ginuine official flag."

"Here you are, now," called a small boy with a tray full of emblems; "git a badge an' show yer colors. Only 5 cents fer a picture o' de hero of Manilla."

"See there," said a tall man on a street corner, who was posting a small girl on the sights. "There's Victory up there with a wreath in his hand. He wants to crown the hero." Victory listened unmoved to this denial of her sex, and the tall man began to point out another piece of statuary, a figure of "the great American eagle," that "hadn't got his wings on yet."

The street cars and the Fifth Avenue omnibuses were largely patronized by sightseers yesterday. A surprising amount of Dewey badges, miniature helmets and sombreros, medals, photographs, buttons, and flags met the startled eye of the Broadway promenader yesterday.

The hotels are beginning to feel the effects of the influx of Dewey visitors. A clerk at the Holland House expressed the prevailing state of affairs when he declared yesterday: "We are doing the business of our life." While the idea which seems to obtain in some quarters that the stranger within our gates can find no shelter for love or money except in a police station, is rather exaggerated, it is still true that all the good hotels are comfortably full, and expect to be jammed during the days of the celebration.

"We're about full up," was the statement at the Astor House yesterday. "A man could get a room here now for a day, but not for two or three days. It will be worse Thursday, Friday and Saturday."

"Our regular patrons will have to be accommodated," said a representative of the Hotel Manhattan management, "and we are saving out rooms for them. But we shall have no rooms to spare when the celebration is on. I have a telegram right here, for instance: 'Please answer whether I can have the three rooms I wrote you about Friday.' Well, I shall have to tell him I can't reserve them, as people are filling the house up every night. There are some people for whom we have to reserve rooms—those who are traveling abroad or in this country and have sent us word to keep rooms for them, and whose address we do not know, and therefore cannot send a negative reply. We shall have to put cots in many of our rooms. We have an ample list of nice boarding houses to which we could send patrons, but the trouble is that many persons want hotel accommodations and nothing else when they pay high prices."

One of the clerks at the Waldorf-Astoria said:

"The regular patrons of a hotel can always find accommodations. Others have to take their chances." Said a clerk at the Gilsey: "We shall be absolutely full at the celebration time, but shall get along by using cots."

The railroads running into New York all report increased traffic lately. W. B. Hun-

Malt-Nutrine

is prepared at our brewery and is guaranteed unequaled in quality, purity, and medicinal virtue.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASS'N.—Adv.

ter of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western said: "We are beginning already to feel the effect of Dewey visiting on the Western end of our lines. On Dewey days we shall run thirteen extra trains into New York and nineteen trains out, and regular expresses will make extra stops."

The New York Central, Erie, Pennsylvania, Lehigh Valley, and New York, New Haven and Hartford roads all reported large traffic and expectation of immense traffic on Dewey days. The general intention is to preserve the regular schedules and sandwich in special trains. From points 125 miles or more from New York, as a rule, excursion tickets will be sold at the rate of a fare and a third.

NOTABLES AT THE HOTELS.

Prominent Persons Who Will Be Here for the Dewey Celebration.

All the hotels in the city will be more than taxed to their utmost capacity during the current week. The following is a partial list of some of the prominent persons who have secured quarters at leading hotels:

NETHERLAND—Gov. William A. Stone of Pennsylvania and staff, Gov. Wells of Utah and staff, C. T. Yerkes of Chicago, Marcus Daly of Montana.

IMPERIAL—Ex-Mayor Hopkins of Chicago, Judge E. P. Coyne of Chattanooga, Theodore Sproull of Pittsburg, Philip Fitzpatrick of Troy, Col. Watson J. Miller of Derby, Conn.

CADILLAC—Gov. Russell of North Carolina and staff, S. Frederick Nixon, Speaker of the Assembly; State Controller William J. Morgan, State Senator B. M. Wilcox, Auburn; Assemblyman C. O. Roberts of Jefferson County; Archie E. Baxter of Elmira.

FIFTH AVENUE—Gov. A. Bushnell of Ohio and staff, Gov. Theodore Roosevelt of New York and party, Rear Admiral Stembel, United States Senator Redfield Proctor of Vermont, United States Senator N. W. Aldrich of Rhode Island.

ALBEMARLE—Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, United States Senator James P. Taliaferro of Florida.

GRAND—Commander Asa Walker, who commanded the Concord in the battle of Manila Bay; Judge Kelly and Gen. Cowin of the Union Pacific Railroad.

SAVOY—Dr. and Mrs. Mackay-Smith and the Misses Mackay-Smith of Washington.

CAMBRIDGE—Prince A. Radzewill, Melville E. Stone of Chicago, J. J. Van Alen of Newport, Capt. and Mrs. Lanz of Washington, Augustus B Hart of St. Louis, Noah H. Swayne of Toledo, Frank B. Noyes of Washington.

PLAZA—Postmaster General C. E. Smith, Capt. Robley D. Evans, United States Navy.

GILSEY—Mayor Carter H. Harrison of Chicago.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—Gov. E. C. Smith of Vermont and staff, Vice President Garret A. Hobart, W. L. Elkins and Barclay Warburton of Philadelphia, H. W. Oliver of Pittsburg, J. F. Dryden of Newark, N. J.; Col. A. R. Kuser of Trenton, E. S. and C. H. Cramp and G. A. Huhn of Philadelphia, F. H. Prince of Boston, Hugh Allan of Montreal. Admiral Dewey's relatives have also engaged rooms at the Waldorf-Astoria.

HOLLAND—Paul J. Sorg of Middletown, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. W. C. McMillan of Detroit, A. R. Peacock, and Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Dilworth of Pittsburg.

MANHATTAN—Gov. Carter, Bahama Islands; W. R. Kerr, Chicago; Capt. G. J. Grammer, Detroit; Lyman B. Goff, Providence; W. D. Bishop, ex-President New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company; C. S. Mellen, President Northern Pacific; G. G. Warner, Vice President Union Pacific; Senator George R. Malby of Ogdensburg.

BUCKINGHAM.—Gov. F. W. Rollins of New Hampshire and staff, Gov. George E. Lounsbury of Connecticut and staff, Judge William H. De Witt of Montana.

MARLBOROUGH—Clark Howell, National Committeeman from Georgia.

HOFFMAN.—United States Senator W. E. Mason of Illinois.

MURRAY HILL.—Brig. Gen. Oliver and staff of Albany.

POLICE ORDER FOR DEWEY FETE.

Chief Devery Gives Instructions as to the Protection of Sightseers.

Chief of Police Devery yesterday sent out the following order to all commanders:

Your attention is particularly called to the fact that in connection with the coming Dewey celebration there will be many strangers in all parts of the city, and you will therefore make such disposition of your force, and take such action with regard to the same as will, within your precinct, insure to the public the utmost degree of protection from theft and accident of all kinds and assist them in every way possible.

You are especially directed to see that the members of your command, including your precinct detectives, cover both day and night the various hotels, theatres, depots, steamboat and steamship landings, bulletin boards, public and private stands, and all other places in your precinct where crowds of people are likely to congregate. You will instruct your command that wherever they may see a known professional thief, under any circumstances that would afford a reasonable ground for supposing that he is on an unlawful errand, or on unlawful business, he must be arrested.

You will also instruct the members of your command that in their contact with the public they must be uniformly courteous and polite, and do all they can to add to the comfort, safety, and convenience of the residents of this city and those who are visiting therein during the celebration.

The attention of precinct commanders is called to the fact that from now until after the celebration there will be arriving in this city bodies of visiting troops from various places, to participate in the parade. Commanders of precincts in which there are railroad stations and steamboat landings will take such measures as may be necessary to keep themselves informed as to the arrival of such troops, and afford them such assistance and protection as may be required in going about the city.

CHICAGO INVITATION FOR DEWEY.

Mayor Harrison and a Committee to Meet the Admiral Down the Bay.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 25.—A vestibule train of ten coaches will leave Chicago to-morrow evening over the Lake Shore Road, carrying the Dewey Invitation Committee to New York, where it will invite the Admiral to Chicago for the Fall festival. The train will leave half an hour behind the New York Limited, and will keep up the schedule of the limited all the way. Interest in the trip has grown during the past two days, and the committee has decided to enlarge the programme at New York by chartering a steamer to go down the bay Thursday to meet the returning Olympia.

The City of Lawrence, chartered for the naval parade, is engaged for Thursday by another party, and it is probable that a release may be secured so that it can be placed at the disposal of the Chicago Committee. The delegation will not be lacking for music if a band can be had in New York, and Mr. Brainerd was wired to-day to secure a band for the boat's trip Friday and to engage it for Thursday's trip down the bay. After the naval parade of Friday the boat will steam out to the yachting course.

There will probably be no arrangements made for any delegation function Saturday. The event of the week to the members of the committee will be the invitation meeting with Admiral Dewey on Sunday.

A busy man in town is E. R. Brainerd of Chicago. He is Secretary of the Committee of One Hundred and Fifty appointed by the Common Council of that city to visit New York and extend an invitation to Admiral Dewey to visit Chicago at his leisure. Mr. Brainerd has established headquarters at the Gilsey House, and there he will be joined to-morrow by Mayor Carter H. Harrison and others. He said yesterday:

"Mayor Harrison and the Committee of One Hundred and Fifty will arrive at 6 o'clock on Wednesday evening on a special train over the Lake Shore Railroad. The Mayor and a few others will come to the Gilsey House; the others will be quartered at the United States Hotel, on Fulton Street. On Thursday we will go down the bay on the steamer Cepheus to meet the Olympia, and we shall then extend an invitation to the Admiral to visit Chicago at his earliest convenience. The letter of welcome is a very handsome affair, and is printed on vellum.

"Chicago's representatives will view the naval parade from the steamer City of Lawrence. I have secured a good stand for Saturday, and as I have carte blanche in the matter of expenses, you can make up your mind the Chicago delegation will not miss much."

STATEN ISLAND'S WARM GREETING.

Whistles and Bells Will Sound When Dewey Arrives.

One of the first displays of greeting which Admiral Dewey will find on entering this port Thursday will be at Quarantine. Health Officer Doty has put his force to work decorating the grounds of the boarding station with flags and stringing wires for about 1,500 electric lights, red, white, and blue.

On the great terrace, in letters nine feet high, are the words, "Welcome Home." The words are surrounded by a broad border, all appearing in white against the green background of grass. At night the letters and borders will be illuminated by electric lights. Bunting will be used in profusion.

The residents of Staten Island have made arrangements with Dr. Doty to have central points notified as soon as the Olympia is sighted. This news will be telephoned to various points for further distribution.

Established 1823.

WILSON WHISKEY.

That's All!

THE WILSON DISTILLING CO.,
Baltimore Md.

Then as each factory, brewery, or other establishment receives the word the whistle or bell on the building is to be blown or rung. All whistles and bells on the shores will sound as the Admiral proceeds from the boarding station to the naval anchorage.

The red fire burning along the Staten Island shore will be very general Thursday night, and St. George and Tompkinsville will be especially well illuminated. Many private citizens, hotels, and clubs have arranged for private displays of fireworks. The Staten Island Yacht Club will have a large display off its clubhouse, at Stapleton.

IRISH SOCIETIES MAKE PROTEST.

Angry Because Volunteers Were Refused a Place in the Parade.

At a meeting of the United Irish Societies of New York, held at Fernando's Hall yesterday, the following preamble and resolutions, signed by M. C. Burke, John P. Hayes, D. J. Hanlon, T. H. Ronane, and A. E. Costello, were adopted:

Whereas, A committee of officers representing the Irish Volunteers waited upon Major Gen. Roe, Grand Marshal of the parade, and asked and were refused a place in the parade; and

Whereas, The Irish Volunteers is a regiment composed of patriotic American citizens, many of them veterans; and

Whereas, The regiment was among the first to volunteer its services to the Government during the late war; and

Whereas, The Scottish Highlanders of Toronto, a body of men alien to our Republic and hostile to our institutions, have been honored with the right of line, immediately following the Olympia's crew and preceding the State National Guard; therefore be it

Resolved, That we take emphatic exception to this action as invidious, if not hostile, to the Irish Volunteers, and resent the unjust discrimination as depriving the regiment of the honor of a position in the line of march as admirers and fellow-citizens of the hero of Manila, Admiral Dewey.

CLOSING OF WHOLESALE HOUSES.

The Dewey Holidays Will Be Generally Observed by Them.

A meeting of a number of merchants representing various lines of trade in the city met with some members of the Advisory Committee of the Merchants' Association in the rooms of that association yesterday. The meeting had been called for the purpose of getting an expression of opinion about closing the places of business in the wholesale district on both Friday and Saturday. After a general discussion of the subject the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the different trade interests, as represented by the members of the Advisory Board present here to-day, close their stores on Friday, Sept. 29, at noon, remaining shut until Monday morning, Oct. 2, in honor of the return of Admiral George Dewey, United States Navy.

Arnold, Constable & Co. to Close.

Arnold, Constable & Co. will close their stores on both days of the Dewey celebration, Friday and Saturday. This is done so that all their employes may enjoy the holidays.

YACHTS IN THE NAVAL PARADE.

No More Applications for Places Can Be Considered.

The New York Yacht Club last night announced that yacht owners who have applied for places in the naval parade on Friday have been notified to apply to-morrow for instructions in full. No more applications for places can be considered. All the yachts which have thus far applied have been placed according to length over all in order to make the appearance more effective. There will probably be eighty yachts in the parade.

The Erin, Sir Thomas Lipton's yacht, has been assigned to the prominent position as leader of the starboard column of the division, the Corsair, flagship of the New York Yacht Club, leading both columns. If any of the yacht owners who have already applied have not received preliminary telegraphic notice, the Committee on Organization will be pleased to hear from them immediately at the New York Yacht Club house.

The complete programme, including names of yachts, will be announced to-morrow.

Wind Plays Havoc with Bridge Sign.

Rough winds from the bay played havoc with the "Welcome, Dewey," electric light sign on the bridge yesterday, and it was estimated last night that about a thousand of the lamps had been smashed. The letters of the sign are formed with wire so arranged as to make a number of small squares, in the centre of each of which was placed a sixteen-candle-power globe, suspended from the top wire of the square. These lamps were at first hung loosely, and every breath of air started them to swinging, and often forced them against one another. Now they are to be fixed immovably, and it is thought that the difficulty will thus be remedied.

Rushing Work on 125th Street Trolley

A thousand men are working night and day on One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street in order to complete the new sub-trolley system of the Third Avenue Railroad Company and have cars in operation Friday morning from the Harlem to the Hudson River to accommodate the crowds that will flock to Riverside Park to see the naval and land parades. Last night the men were working on the Third and Amsterdam Avenue crossings and switches.

Fireworks in Jersey City.

The sub-committee in charge of the Dewey celebration in Jersey City met yesterday at the City Hall and decided to have displays of fireworks on Friday night at these points: Bayside Park, City Hall Park, Ogden Avenue and Bowers Street, and Bergen and Fairmount Avenues.

$7,695 MORE FOR DEWEY'S HOME.

It Is Understood that the Admiral Will Accept the Gift.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Dewey home fund was increased to-day by $7,695. This advance is in response to the recent statement of the National Dewey Committee. More than a hundred subscribers sent in their money by mail or wire from all parts of the country.

While the committee is much encouraged by these liberal gifts, it is desired to add not less than $25,000 to the amount received, which is now $22,768.

It is understood that Admiral Dewey will accept the gift and will greatly appreciate the patriotic generosity of his fellow-citizens.

Among the largest subscribers to-day were: Mrs. Westinghouse of Pittsburg, $2,000; J. W. Seligman & Co., New York, $1,000; United States Senator W. A. Clark, $1,000; H. M. Flagler, $1,000; Baldwin Locomotive Works, $500; Edward E. Poor, New York, $500; James A. Gray, Baltimore, $250; Hartley & Graham, $200; W. E. Connor, New York, $100; G. P. Morosini, New York, $100; Julius Fleischman, New York, $200; William L. Brown, New York, $100; James Speyer, New York, $100; Winchester Repeating Arms Company, New York, $150.

Alive and Yet Dead

That's the condition of many people. For those there is a remedy which will brace them up and make life worth living. It is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has cured indigestion, constipation, biliousness, fever and ague, and malaria for half a century past, and will continue to, so long as these evils exist. See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the Bottle.

Beware of Substitutes or Imitations

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

Dewey, "salt" of all salts,
To whom tribute we pay,
Abbey's, "salt of all salts,"
Should be taken each day.

ANTI-IMPERIALISTS AND DEWEY

Want the President to Send the Admiral to Treat with Aguinaldo.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Anti-Imperialist League of Washington has submitted to President McKinley resolutions asking that Admiral Dewey be sent back to Manila with authority to consult amicably with Aguinaldo and bring the war to a close without further bloodshed. In the meantime they want the President to cable Gen. Otis to stop fighting, at least in an aggressive manner.

Decision as to Canada Troops.

TORONTO Sept. 25.—A dispatch from Ottawa says Major Gen. Hutton, commanding the Canadian militia, to-day denied most emphatically the request of the Highlanders to visit New York and take part in the parade in honor of Admiral Dewey. The application was not even referred to the Council, by whom permission to a regiment to go into a foreign country must be authorized. In refusing, Gen. Hutton says: "While we have the friendliest feelings toward the United States, this is not a celebration in honor of the navy or of the Admiral, but of his victory over a power with which Great Britain is friendly. The application is preposterous."

Dewey, First Filipino Baby Born Here

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Sept. 25.—John H. Starin at Glen Island this morning received a telegram from Maximo Celcautaras, the head of the Filipino family that was on exhibition there during the Summer and which left Hoboken on Saturday for their homes near Manila, that his wife had given birth on a train to the first Filipino baby born in the United States and had been obliged to stop over at Chicago. The baby will be named Dewey.

DEWEY BELOW 24TH STREET.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will not THE TIMES, foremost in all good works, suggest to the committee that the great Admiral would gladly pass with uncovered head under the beautiful marble arch at the foot of Fifth Avenue, and thus do honor to the first great Commander in Chief, Washington?

Is it wise, is it patriotic, to compel the Admiral to abandon his leadership of the marching column at Twenty-fourth Street? Knowing the man as I do, conscious that he will accept without a murmur the route assigned him, lead where it may, I feel justified in saying that he would prefer to turn his horses northward after passing under the Washington Arch and review the line from his carriage while driving to the grand stand, 3,500 feet distant.

This would give him a view of the lower end of our greatest avenue and the thousands lining it a double view of our greatest naval hero. FRANK FULLER.

New York, Sept. 25, 1899.

DEWEY, THE ARCH, AND FLAGS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have seen the statement in THE TIMES that Dewey is to leave the parade at Twenty-fourth Street and not pass under the arch. It seems like a comedy for a returning hero not to pass under a triumphal arch erected especially to emphasize his welcome home, even though he would have to go under it the back way. For Dewey to fall out of the line at Twenty-fourth Street, with the figure of Victory offering the laurel wreath to some one in Twenty-third Street, will make a very poor climax to his long, triumphal march.

Another point. The Government ought to get some new flags on the Barge Office, at the Battery, before Dewey gets here. Flags embody sentiment, and in this case lots of it, and I venture to say that if Dewey should turn his glass toward the Barge Office when approaching the Battery and should discover one flag in shreds, with one corner gone, and the other flag more than half gone, he would not feel very highly complimented. Every flagstaff, public or private, should carry a large flag in good condition.

To properly impress foreigners, and to maintain the right spirit at home, the Government should never allow a flag to fly after becoming in the least degree shabby.

LINCOLN KING.

New York, Sept. 24, 1899.

DEWEY AND CROKER.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not about time that the reputable element of this great city arose in its indignation and entered a powerful protest against the further injection of Crokerism into the civic pageant that is being prepared for the welcome of Admiral Dewey?

It was bad enough to so arrange the triumphal march from Claremont to Madison Square as to require that the Admiral—a gentleman by birth, instincts, and profession—should be subjected to the humility of appearing before the applauding multitudes seated beside (throughout that long ride) the little man masquerading as Mayor of this imperial city.

But when there is added to that humiliating requirement the offer that he shall greet the master of that little Mayor, as one of a committee to welcome him to his native land, the proud prowess of which he has done so much to uphold,) it is time that the respectable element takes some action, that, if it cannot prevent the enforcement of the society of Croker upon Dewey, will at least let the Admiral know that it had no hand in it.

What a spectacle to place before the country and the world—Croker, the Tammany Boss, who "is in it for what he can make out of it," according to his own statement, (which was not needed for the community to be made aware of it,) hobnobbing with an ex-Vice President of the United States, with a Senator of the United States, and other gentlemen, including an ex-Secretary of the United States Navy, as a committee of reception to the hero of the day!

Croker represents nothing that should be recognized in this coming pageant, but on the contrary, everything that honest citizens condemn, and such characters as he should be driven from any prominence, upon any occasion, when a gentleman and an honest man is the object.

A CROKER DESPISER.

New York, Sept. 25, 1899.

WANTS DEWEY'S OFFICERS HERE.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Veteran's" noble letter and its reply in the editorial, both published in THE TIMES of Sept. 14 regarding the Dewey reception, voice the thoughts of millions—no doubt of Dewey himself, that the parade without Dyer and Coghlan and Woods and Walker and Wildes, will be a scene of sad disappointment instead of a scene of splendor.

With Dewey they shared the dangers, with him they shared the victory; shall they not share the praise with him? As the fleet entered Manila Bay headed by the Olympia, close behind her was the Baltimore, followed by the Raleigh, next the Petrel, and after her the Concord; last, the place of honor, the Boston.

In a parade which is to commemorate the day at Manila the plan will be incomplete if Dewey is not followed by the representative of each of the vessels of his fleet in order, and though the feast be given in the name of the Admiral and the crown of honor be placed upon his head, it should be because he was chief of the great fleet, and not because he was alone.

Would Dewey himself be pleased to receive all of the praise when he did not even try to earn it without the aid of the others? Much as we all love Dewey, and as earnestly as we hope to see him on the coming day when America shall pay her tribute to him, just as earnestly do we hope to see him follow

KEARSARGE, 16.84 KNOTS

Battleship Has Successful Official Trial Off Cape Ann.

NAVAL OFFICERS PLEASED

Mishap in Engine Room Reduced the Speed Three-quarters of a Knot, President Orcutt Said.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—With the average of 16.84 knots to her credit, the United States first-class battleship Kearsarge, the latest and greatest addition to the navy, ended her official speed trial this afternoon, a trial successful in every detail. The run over the Cape Ann course came up to the expectations of the Kearsarge's builders, the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, and delighted the official representatives of the Government beyond measure.

The Kearsarge, while nominally a 16-knot craft, will probably be spoken of in naval circles as of 17 knots, based, no doubt, on her performance to-day, with a green crew, and, as the builders say, under economical conditions. The latter important factor has intervened through the abolition by the Government of payment of a bonus for an extra quarter of a knot or greater over the contract. As to the stability determined by her performance in sea way and as a gun platform, that is to be proved later, but on the word of Rear Admiral Rodgers, President of the Board of Inspection and Survey, she is remarkably stiff, and a fine boat in every respect.

In the course of the run two remarkably fine marine pictures were presented, aside from the one of this mass of steel being forced through the water at great speed. The most impressive of these was when, after crossing the finish line, the ship's helm was put hard over, and around she went in a circle, the diameter of which was scarcely more than twice her length. As the screws churned up the water, the wake made a great wave of boiling green sea, which rushed toward a centre with the force of a tidal rip, the foamy tops meeting in miniature cataracts. With this remarkably close radius of action the inclination of the craft was scarcely three degrees.

The other picture was during the homeward run when, with a huge "bone in her teeth," the forward deck was bathed in clouds of spray iridescent in the Autumn sun. The day was perfect over head and in the air, except that on the run back the wind freshened and the speed fell quite noticeably, as the figures afterward showed. This was due, it is said, to an accident, explained by C. B. Orcutt, the President of the Newport News Company, who said that shortly before the ship turned the stakeboat on the homeward run a tube in the feed-water heater burst, letting cold water into the boilers, running the steam down, thus decreasing the revolutions of the propellers eight turns per minute. This mishap reduced the speed of the ship nearly three-quarters of a knot. The summary:

Outward Run.	Elapsed Time.	Knots.
First leg	22:37½	17:49
Second leg	22:37½	17:52
Third leg	23:10	17:09
Fourth leg	23:04½	17:16
Fifth leg	22:49½	17:34

Average in knots, 17:32. Time of turn at Boone Island, 23:38.

Return.	Elapsed Time.	Knots.
First leg	24:03	16:46
Second leg	23:49½	16:55
Third leg	24:11	16:37
Fourth leg	24:37½	16:09
Fifth leg	24:15	16:33

Average in knots, 16:37.

Falling off in speed on return owing to bursting of hot water feed tube, reduction of speed estimated at ¾ knot per hour.

Average for entire run of 66 nautical miles, 16:84. Total elapsed time, 4:18:52½. Elapsed time on run, 3:55:14½. Distance between stake boats, 6.6 nautical miles; total course, 66 miles. Revolutions of the engines: Outward, 116.6; return, 112; average, 114.3; slip of propeller estimated at 11 per cent.; steam pressure approximately 175 pounds throughout; lowest point, 160. Vacuum in condensers, 25 inches; boilers under forced draught, 1 inch air pressure. Temperature in boiler room, 115 to 120 degrees; in engine room, 88 to 90 degrees. Horsepower developed approximately, 11 500; required, 10,500. Displacement on draughtof 23½ feet, 11,525 tons. Length, 368; beam, 72 feet 2 inches.

The cost of the hull and armor was $2,600,000, while ready for sea the big battleship will represent an expenditure to the Government of $5,000,000.

Gleason Loses His Fight.

John P. Madden, the Democratic leader in Queens, won a victory in the County Court yesterday over ex-Mayor Gleason. Mr. Gleason sought to upset the legality of the ballots used by the regulars, of which Mr. Madden is the leader. It was claimed they were void because they contained not only the names of the delegates to the various conventions, but the names of the alternates as well. Judge Moore decided that the ballots were legal.

WANTS BRYAN MEN TO RALLY.

Congressman Daly Issues an Address to New Jersey Democrats.

Congressman William D. Daly, as Chairman of the committee appointed by the supporters of Bryan at a conference held at the Ridgewood House, Philadelphia, Sept. 2 to prepare an address to the people of New Jersey in regard to the position taken by Bryan men in political affairs in New Jersey, yesterday made public the address prepared by the committee. It is dated at Trenton, and is addressed to the Democrats of New Jersey. It says in part:

"The loyal Democracy of the State, recognizing the Nation's peril through the maladministration of government under Republican Party rule, is determined to unite and steadfastly combat its candidates and platform in the ensuing elections. We believe that at no time in the course of National events has there been a greater need for the application of pure Jeffersonian principles than at the present hour. We therefore reaffirm the platform adopted at the last Democratic National Convention, and insist that the principles contained therein are true and faithful expositions of Democracy.

"We recognize in William J. Bryan the undisputed leader of Democracy, by virtue of his services to the party and his manly fight for the masses. We admire his courage and love him for the enemies he has made. And while we will support the candidate which the next Democratic Convention shall name, we will use every honorable means to secure the nomination of the leader of 1896.

"In pursuance to the spirit of the conference which appointed this committee and in order to prevent future treason to the principles of Democracy, this committee, representing the Democracy of the State of New Jersey, calls upon the loyal supporters of the party of 1896 to meet in conference at Trenton, N. J., on the 14th day of November, 1899, for the purpose of taking action looking to the organization of the party along the lines of true Democratic principles."

DADY WINS IN BROOKLYN.

Regulars Triumphant in Brooklyn Republican Assembly District Conventions.

Republican Assembly District Conventions were held in the twenty-one districts in Brooklyn last night. While there were several lively contests, the candidates of the regular organization were nominated in every district. Michael J. Dady had things pretty much his own way in the First District, the expectation that R. Ross Appleton would put up a strong fight not being realized.

The nominees are as follows:

First District—John Hill Morgan.
Second District—Patrick J. O'Sullivan.
Third District—John J. Brennan.
Fourth District—Charles H. Cotten.
Fifth District—A. C. DeGraw.
Sixth District—John Harvey Waite.
Seventh District—C. W. Wright.
Eighth District—Adjourned until Friday.
Ninth District—Charles Foster.
Tenth District—Edward L. Collier.
Eleventh District—Timothy J. Maher.
Twelfth District—Frank J. Price.
Thirteenth District—Thomas J. Hobby.
Fourteenth District—Adjourned until Monday.
Fifteenth District—Edward H. Schleuter.
Sixteenth District—Edward C. Brennan.
Seventeenth District—Harris Wilson.
Eighteenth District—Jacob Remsen.
Nineteenth District—Louis Best.
Twentieth District—Richard Goodwin.
Twenty-first District—Joseph Adams.

Kings County is at present represented in the State Assembly by fifteen Democrats and six Republicans. This year the Republicans hope to materially increase the number on their side.

G. L. Wellington No Longer Chairman.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 25.—United States Senator George L. Wellington to-day resigned the Chairmanship of the Republican State Central Committee, in accordance with the recent written request of Gov. Lloyd Lowndes, who is a candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket.

Gen. Thomas J. Shryock was elected to succeed him.

Gov. Stone Orders a Special Election.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Sept. 25.—Gov. Stone issued a writ to-day for a special election in the Ninth Congressional District on Nov. 8 for the election of a Congressman to succeed the late Daniel Ermentrout of Reading.

THE SOUTH FOR COLORED MEN.

Booker T. Washington Says There Is No Color Line There in Business —Many Prosperous Negroes.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 25.—Five hundred negroes heard Booker T. Washington, President of the Tuscogee Normal and Industrial School for Negroes, at Tuscogee, Ala., deliver an address here to-night on the "Race Problem in the Light of European Travel."

Among the other speakers was Gov. Candler, who welcomed Prof. Washington on behalf of the State. The Governor said he was astonished when he contemplated the progress made by the negroes during thirty years of freedom. The cause of the negroes' plight, Gov. Candler said, was the "dirty" politicians. He advised the negroes to listen to Prof. Washington, as he could lead them to attain a position no politician could ever obtain for them. Concluding, he said:

"Your work will aid me in putting down the mob in the South."

Prof. Washington in the course of his address said:

"I heard a few days ago that it had been reported that I came back from Europe discouraged and disheartened as to the condition and prospects of my race in this country. So far from this being true, I have never felt more hopeful about the future of the race than I feel at present.

"Over and over again while in Europe I had constantly impressed upon me the advantage which the negro has in the South in the opportunity to enter successful business as compared with poor people in Europe.

"If you ask me for the source and foundation for my encouragement over the prospects of the race, I would point you to the negro who is engaged in business in the South. In all parts of the South I have met the negro carpenter, the truck gardener, the contractor, the butcher, the merchant; they speak hopefully and encouragingly.

"Everywhere they tell me that in business in the South there is practically no color line, and that half their business is with their white neighbors. Two races are to live in this country together, and he is an enemy to both who tries to array one race against the other.

"Some people in America think that some of us make too much ado over the matter of industrial training for the negro. I wish some of the skeptics might go to Europe and see what races who are years ahead of us are doing in this direction.

"As an example, I visited the Agricultural College for Women at Swansea, England, where we found forty educated, cultured women, who are mostly graduates of high schools and colleges, engaged in studying theoretical and practical agriculture, horticulture, dairying, and poultry raising. I saw these women in the garden planting vegetables, trimming rose bushes, scattering manure, growing grapes, and raising fruit in the hot houses and in the field.

"As another pointer for our people, I mention another instance: One of the members of Parliament left his duties for three days to preside at a meeting of the National Association of Poultry Raisers, which was largely attended, all parts of the United Kingdom being represented. Do all of the things contain any lesson for our people?"

DR. H. W. HAYLEY A SUICIDE.

Member of Wesleyan Faculty Cut His Throat in Boston.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Sept. 25.—The man who registered at the United States Hotel in Boston last evening as H. W. Haley of West Concord, N. H., and who was found dead in his room with his throat cut to-day, was Dr. Herman Wadsworth Hayley, instructor of Latin in Wesleyan University, and a member of the Faculty.

Dr. Hayley had been spending a portion of the vacation at the home of his mother in West Concord, N. H., and returned to this city last week to prepare for the opening of the college. On Saturday he met Prof. Nicholson, Secretary of the college Faculty, and to him expressed the fear that he would some time become insane. Prof. Nicholson advised him to see a specialist, and Dr. Hayley left Middletown Saturday afternoon on the limited express for Boston. He told Prof. Nicholson that he would stop at the United States Hotel.

Dr. Hayley was about thirty-five years of age, and came to Wesleyan two and a half years ago. He graduated from Amherst College in 1887, and after spending a year or two in study abroad, returned to Harvard for a post-graduate course, and received the degree of Ph. D. He continued as instructor in Latin for a time, and left there to come to Wesleyan. He was noted as a brilliant scholar, a successful instructor, and very popular with the students. Among classical scholars he enjoyed the reputation of being one of the most accomplished in the country, and he also had the highest regard of the Faculty. He had published a number of works, the most popular of which was "Alcestis," a Greek play, issued about two years ago. On its appearance it was declared to be of unusual merit, abounding in originality.

At times Dr. Hayley was morbidly melancholy, and cared very little for society. By many he was considered eccentric, for the reason that he mingled little with his fellows. He was, however, fond of outdoor sports, and in his student days was the strongest man in his class.

Prof. Elmer T. Merrill of Wesleyan left this evening for Boston to take charge of the body, and it will be sent to the home of the widowed mother at West Concord, N. H.

The news of the suicide came as a great shock to the entire student body, as well as Faculty, and Prof. Van Vleck, one of the oldest professors and Vice President of the college, was prostrated when informed of the affair.

THE FRIESLAND AFIRE AT SEA.

Passengers Called on Deck, but Flames Were Quickly Quenched.

The Red Star liner Friesland, Capt. Nickels, arrived from Antwerp yesterday. She left Europe on Sept. 16. A fire, supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion, was discovered the first night out in the forward bunkers.

Water and steam were pumped into the hold and the flames were quickly smothered. Those passengers who had staterooms in the lower forward section of the vessel were called on deck, but there was no excitement. The damage to the vessel is slight.

Injured Football Player Dead.

MERIDEN, Conn., Sept. 25.—Thomas Kelly, aged seventeen, a member of the Middletown High School football team, died at the city hospital to-night from injuries received in a football game with the Meriden High School team last Saturday. He sustained a concussion of the spine.

H. Walter Webb Improving.

SING SING, N. Y., Sept. 25.—H. Walter Webb, who recently returned to his home at Scarborough, near here, from his Summer sojourn in the Adirondacks, has been improving ever since in health. He has leased the city house of Secretary of War Root, in New York City, and will occupy it the first of the month.

Fall Styles NOW READY.

Young's Hats

SOME BETTER MADE.

SIX STORES:
199 Broadway.
239 Broadway.
605 Broadway.
1,197 Broadway.
1,361 Broadway.
371 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

DERBYS, $3 & $4.
SILK HATS, $5 & $6.
ALPINES, $3 & $3.50.

ENGLAND'S LAST MESSAGE

Received by the Transvaal—Text Made Public in London.

BRITAIN WILL DICTATE TERMS

Another Letter of the Same Date Takes Strong Exceptions to Accusations of Bad Faith.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The officials of the Foreign Office this evening gave out the text of the letter the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, sent to the British High Commissioner in South Africa, Sir Alfred Milner, dated Sept. 22. The British reply expresses regret that her Majesty's offer, No. 5, of Sept. 8, had been refused, and says:

"The object her Majesty's Government had in view in the recent negotiations has been stated in a manner which cannot admit of misapprehension, viz., to obtain such substantial and immediate representation for the Outlanders as will enable them to secure for themselves that fair and just treatment which was formally promised them in 1881, and which her Majesty intended to secure for them when she granted privileges of self-government to the Transvaal.

"No conditions less comprehensive than those contained in the telegram of Sept. 8 can be relied on to effect this object. The refusal of the South African Government to entertain the offer thus made, coming as it does after four months of protracted negotiations, themselves the climax of five years of extended agitation, makes it useless to further pursue the discussion on the lines hitherto followed, and the Imperial Government is now compelled to consider the situation afresh and formulate its own proposals for a final settlement of the issues which have been created in South Africa by the policy constantly followed for many years by the Government of South Africa. They will communicate the result of their deliberations in a later dispatch."

In a later communication, dated Sept. 22, the Imperial Government takes up the charge of breach of faith insinuated by Secretary of State Reitz Sept. 16, "which," it is pointed out, "we cannot pass over in silence." Mr. Chamberlain then says:

"The proposals made by the South African Republic, in its letters of Aug. 19 and Aug. 20, were not induced by suggestions given by the British Agent from the State Attorney, as claimed, and that, on the contrary, the State Attorney sounded the British Agent, both in writing and in conversation, as to the conditions under which the imperial Government would waive the joint inquiry to a joint inquiry, and the result of these communications was the proposals made by the South African Government in those letters.

"It is impossible that the South African Government could have had any doubt as to the imperial Government's answer to the conditions named, and my reply was actually the same as the British Agent had foreshadowed to the State Attorney, and which, therefore, they must have anticipated in making the proposals."

"The imperial Government also denies that its telegram of Sept. 8 substituted an entirely new proposal for the invitation to the joint commission of inquiry."

The imperial Government then quotes the dispatch from South Africa of Aug. 19, containing an alternative proposal identical with that which the imperial Government is said to have substituted, and the communication then proceeds as follows:

"The imperial Government sees no ground for misapprehension on the part of the South African Republic as to its answer regarding non-interference and suzerainty, as the imperial Government had already stated that it would not press for the appointment of a joint commission of inquiry in view of the fact that such an inquiry would, in the opinion of the Government of the South African Republic, prejudice the right of full independence repeatedly recognized by the imperial Government.

"As to the use of the English language in the Volksraad, the imperial Government regards this as reasonable, and is astonished that the Government of the South African Republic should deem it unnecessary and make a point of denying that the Government of the South African Republic ever proposed the same to the British agent."

VOLKSRAAD GETS THE MESSAGE.

PRETORIA, Sept. 25.—The imperial dispatch was read to-day in the Volksraad.

President Krüger announced that the reply of the Government of the South African Republic would be presented to the Volksraad to-morrow.

THE MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—A telegram received from Calcutta announces the departure of the transport Scidhana for South Africa. The last transport for the Cape leaves India to-morrow.

DURBAN, Natal, Sept. 25.—Seven hundred and fifty men of the Leicestershire Regiment, 750 of the Royal Dublin Fusiliers, 200 mounted infantry, and the Eighteenth Hussars have arrived at Dundee from Ladysmith.

ENGLAND TAKES A TRANSPORT.

United States Had an Option on It, but Owners Canceled It.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The War Department has been advised that this Government cannot secure the charter of the transport Anglo-Australian, for which an option was recently secured at San Francisco, owing to the demand of the British Government for her services.

The Anglo-Australian is owned by a British company. Major Long was authorized to charter her last week, but her owners have been notified by their Government that she will be needed by Great Britain.

BOERS BECOME IMPATIENT.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—A special dispatch from Pretoria says that the members of the Volksraad, believing that the British notes are intended to gain time for the concentration of troops, urge the Government to adjourn the Raad immediately and to send Great Britain a note declaring that further mobilization will be regarded as an unfriendly act.

No Hope of European Intervention.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The Brussels correspondent of The Standard says that Dr. Leyds, European representative of the South African Republic, now recognizes the hopelessness of any attempt to obtain European intervention.

Refugees Arriving at Cape Town.

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 25.—A great number of Johannesburg refugees are arriving here daily. The Relief Committee is paying every attention to those who are in need of assistance.

Slayer of Barnato's Partner Arrested.

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 25.—Von Veltheim, the former trooper in the Cape police who shot and killed Woolf Joel, nephew, partner, and executor of the late Barney Barnato, in Johannesburg, in March of last year, after failing in an attempt to blackmail, has been arrested while crossing the frontier. It is said that he was returning with the object of giving the Government information.

MERIDEN COMPANY

TRADE STERLING MARK

International Silver Co. Successor.

Silversmiths

and Makers of Gold and Silver Plate.

Madison Square. 208 Fifth Avenue.

B. Altman & Co.

DEIMEL LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR,

(Hygienic)

FOR MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN.

Nineteenth Street and Sixth Avenue.

Kipling Going to South Africa.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—Rudyard Kipling intends to revisit Australia and will possibly stay for a short time in South Africa, while en route.

Boers' Force May Be 50,000 Troops.

CAPE TOWN, Sept. 25.—It is reported from Pretoria that Commandant Gen. Piet Joubert reckons on 18,000 Transvaal troops, 16,000 from the Orange Free State, 8,000 from Cape Colony, 2,000 from Natal, and 6,000 Hollander, German, and other volunteers.

SITUATION IN VENEZUELA.

Revolutionists Approaching Victoria, Where a Battle Is Impending.

PONCE, Puerto Rico, Sept. 25.—Advices received here to-day from Caracas describe the situation in Venezuela as critical.

The revolutionists are approaching Victoria, where the next battle will be fought. People desiring to proceed to Puerto Cabello, on the Gulf of Triste, are not allowed to depart. The Government is very unpopular and very suspicious.

ENGLISH RIGHTS LIMITED.

Gen. Harrison Defines the Dutch Rights in Venezuela Territory.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—Before the Anglo-Venezuelan Boundary Commission to-day, ex-President Benjamin Harrison continued his argument on behalf of Venezuela.

Mr. Harrison contended that, while the Dutch rights in the so-called "intermediate territory" had been acquired by conquest, these rights must be limited by the law of conquest, and the treaty of Munster strictly limited them.

M. de Maartens, President of the tribunal, asked Mr. Harrison where he found the word "delimitization" in the treaty.

Mr. Harrison replied that he would show that delimitization was a necessary effect, which did not, as had been claimed by Sir Richard Webster, on behalf of Great Britain, permit the Dutch to acquire concessions, except from the Portuguese in Brazil.

CORNELL MEN TO GO TO CHINA.

Will Take Service in the Imperial Maritime Customs.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 25.—It was to-day announced at the office of the President of Cornell University that Lewis S. Pale of Monticello, N. Y., and Jesse H. Wilson, Jr., of Washington, D. C., have been appointed to positions in the Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs.

Both young men are students in the junior class at Cornell, and expect to finish the work before going to Shanghai to undertake their duties. The records of the appointees in the university will be accepted in lieu of examinations which are usually required. Preparatory to going to China, a course of instruction on the relation of the Chinese Empire to this country and Europe is to be given the young men by Prof. Morse Stephens of the university Faculty.

YALE'S ELEVEN PRACTICES.

The Team Indulges in Signal Work and Opposing Play to Advantage.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 25.—There was more dash and spirit in the practice of the Yale football eleven this afternoon than hitherto. "Billy" Bull, James Otis, Rodgers, and Frank Murphy, Captain of the '96 eleven, worked hard with the men. Ely, last year's quarter back, also assisted, particularly with the work of the quarters.

Gordon Brown, the big 'Varsity guard for two years, was in his place to-day, although he had but just arrived. Auchincloss, a promising man in the back field, and Gibson, candidate for end, were also new arrivals.

Sharpe received especial attention as usual by Coach Bull. The fourth half back, who is evidently to be relied upon in assisting Capt. McBride in the kicking department, was tried repeatedly for kicks from various positions in the field and under a variety of circumstances.

The first signal work of the season was attempted to-day, and there was evidently an advantage in the signals, for the men played together better when placed in formations. The first real opposing play also was indulged in to-day with the ball.

FOOTBALL AT PENNSYLVANIA.

Despite Last Week's Injuries, the University Team Works Hard.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 25.—Nearly all the candidates for the University of Pennsylvania football team were out to-day, despite the fact that some of them were suffering from injuries resulting from the hard practice during the latter part of last week. De Silver, last year's substitute guard, donned his football togs for the first time this season, having to-day returned to college.

About one hour was occupied by Coach Woodruff in showing the backs how to start from their positions. After some hard practice two teams lined up for a half hour's play, as follows:

Newton, centre; Hare and Higgins, guards; Steble and Snover, tackles; Merriam and Howell, ends; Woodley, quarter; Stock and McMahon, halfbacks, and Hodge, fullback. McCloskey, centre; Lees and Montgomery, guards; Breslin and De Silver, tackles; John Gardiner, quarter; Coombs and Will Gardiner, ends; Kennedy and Smith, half-backs; Reugenberg, fullback.

The second team won by the score of 12 to nothing, making two touchdowns.

THE WEATHER.

LOCAL FORECAST—Rain, followed by fair; cooler; fresh northwesterly winds.

Low pressure is general along the Atlantic States, with centres of depression in Virginia and the Middle St. Lawrence Valley. The eastward movement of this disturbance during the last twenty-four hours has caused general rains from the Middle and Upper Mississippi Valley eastward, except on the immediate Atlantic Coast. Throughout the remainder of the country high pressure prevails, with generally clear weather and much lower temperature, except in the extreme Northwest and West, where the temperatures are again rising under the influence of a low area central in Northern Alberta. The low temperatures extend almost to the Gulf and Atlantic Coasts. In the Pacific Coast and plateau regions fair weather continues, with little or no change in temperature.

Rain is indicated to-day in New England, rain followed by clearing in the Middle Atlantic States, and showers in the South Atlantic States, with lower temperature generally through these districts. Fair weather will prevail in the interior, and fair weather is indicated generally to-morrow, except probably showers in Montana. Temperatures will again rise in the Central West, and the warm weather will reach the Mississippi Valley and upper lake region to-morrow. On the Atlantic Coast variable winds will prevail, becoming fresh to brisk northwesterly.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES'S thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau.— 1898.	1899.	—TIMES. 1899.
3 A. M.	50	66	69
6 A. M.	49	67	68
9 A. M.	52	68	70
12 M.	55	72	72
4 P. M.	57	72	78
6 P. M.	57	71	75
9 P. M.	58	71	73
12 P. M.	58	70	71

THE TIMES'S thermometer is 6 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 285 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square	72
Weather Bureau	69
Corresponding date 1898	54
Corresponding date for last twenty years	64

The maximum temperature yesterday was 72 degrees at 3 P. M., and the minimum 66 degrees at 3 A. M. The humidity at 8 A. M. was 95 per cent. and at 8 P. M. 94 per cent.

WATER COMPANY'S FIGHT.

Long Island Supply Corporation Secures Injunction Against the City.

The Long Island Water Supply Company yesterday began its fight to prevent the city from immediately acquiring possession of its plant, in East New York, under the condemnation proceedings. Louis T. Duryea, as a citizen and as a resident and taxpayer of the Borough of Brooklyn, obtained from Justice Garretson of the Supreme Court, that borough, a temporary injunction restraining Controller Coler from issuing corporate stock of the City of New York to the extent of $370,000, or any other sum, for the purpose of raising funds to acquire the company's property. The Mayor and Controller are also enjoined from affixing their signatures to such stock and from attesting it on behalf of the city or from naming any other person to do so.

The Mayor and Controller have been served with the complaint in the action, as drawn by James C. Church, the attorney of Mr. Duryea.

AT THE HOTELS.

ASTOR—Anthony Comstock, New York; M. C. Hickey, Bandon, Ireland.

CAMBRIDGE—Count R. Adelmann, Germany.

EMPIRE—M. Hobbs, London; I. Kalish, Belfast.

FIFTH AVENUE—Judge Moses Hallett, Denver; ex-Gov. William P. Kellogg, Louisiana.

HOFFMAN—R. M. Fraser, England; L. Pacheo, I. A. Lara, B. E. Piza, A. Gonzales, and I. R. Mata, Costa Rica.

HOLLAND—Congressman Paul J. Sorg, Ohio.

MANHATTAN—P. W. Robertson, Mexico; Prince Francis Auersperz, Highlands, N. J.; Lieut. J. M. Barker, Third Infantry, United States Army; Randall Johns, Belfast; J. B. Ingalls, Boston.

MAJESTIC—Frank B. Conger, Washington.

MURRAY HILL—G. F. Heublein, Hartford; A. Morton, London.

SAVOY—Edward Roberts, England.

WALDORF—H. W. Forster, London; Dr. B. R. Ward, United States Navy; James E. Tate, Baltimore; ex-Gov. Frank Brown, Maryland; A. Schliemann, Paris; George A. Waddill, Mexico.

WESTMINSTER—Julian O. Caspellano and Francisco Barbonella, Delegates from Colombia to the Commercial Congress.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Representatives of Out-of-Town Firms Now in the City.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; F. E. Mack, domestics and white goods; C. Louis, furnishing goods; J. M. Buzzell, dress goods and linings; W. Davies, furnishing goods; H. Barschkies, silks; Miss M. O'Leary, underwear; Miss B. Rubenstein, millinery, collars and cuffs; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, notions, stationery and trimmings; 438 Broadway.

Farwell, J., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Rice, dress goods; 115 Worth Street.

Pettis Dry Goods Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; C. W. Sheets, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.

Robinson, J. M., Nourse Co., Louisville, Ky.; A. G. Robinson, linings and buttons; 258 Church Street.

Horne, Joseph, & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; E. K. Bennett, millinery and ribbons; 45 Lispenard Street; Westminster Hotel.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; W. W. Everett, housefurnishing goods; 438 Broadway; St. Denis Hotel.

Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; G. Weatherhead, prints; 2 Walker Street.

Long & Riddick, Richmond, Va.; J. R. Riddick, notions, hosiery, and fancy goods; 64 Leonard Street; Hotel Albert.

McWhirr, R. A., & Co., Fall River, Mass.; A. A. Mills, ribbons and handkerchiefs; Mrs. F. J. Christman, ladies' wear; 338 Broadway; Broadway Central Hotel.

Burden, Smith & Co., Macon, Ga.; R. F. Smith, notions and furnishing goods; Hotel Albert.

Marks Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; C. H. Coppell, upholstery goods; Hotel Albert.

Beall, George S., Columbus, Ohio, dress goods and silks; 96 Grand Street; Hotel Albert.

Cleveland Dry Goods Company, Cleveland, Ohio; W. Bowle, flannels; Hotel Albert.

Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; G. F. Newhard, furnishing goods; 258 Church Street; Hotel Albert.

Feldman, A., Houtzdale, Penn., clothing; Hotel Albert.

Doeplitz, M., & Son, Baltimore, Md.; H. Doeplitz, fancy goods; Hotel Albert.

Bennett, Morgan & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.; H. W. Prytherch, notions, laces, and furnishing goods; Hotel Albert.

Doran, A. M., & Co., Wilkesbarre, Penn.; Miss A. M. Doran, millinery; Miss L. E. Doran, millinery; Hotel Albert.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; C. D. Saunders, millinery; 55 White Street; Hotel Vendome.

Soutter, Buchanan & Young, Lancaster, Penn.; J. Buchanan, notions and furnishing goods; Grand Hotel.

Meyer, Julius, & Sons, Richmond, Va.; A. H. Meyer, clothing and hats; Miss Van Vorst, fancy goods; E. Heinrich, dry goods; Miss M. Nichols, ladies' wear; 396 Broadway, Hotel Cadillac.

Smoot, Coffer & McCalley, Washington, D. C.; J. H. McCalley, dress goods, silks, linens, hosiery, and gloves; Grand Hotel.

Meyer, Kahn & Heller Newcastle, Penn.; M. Heller, notions and furnishing goods; Stuart House.

Pfohl & Smith, Minneapolis, Minn.; L. G. Smith, millinery; Stuart House.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; H. A. Dutton, silks; 454 Cedar Street; Hotel Normandie.

Laucks, S. F., York, Penn.; notions; Hotel Imperial.

Long, Simon, Sons, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; C. P. Long, dry goods; H. Glasscheib, notions; Hotel Imperial.

Wear & Boogher Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; T. G. Ratcliffe, dress goods and silks; 56 Worth Street; Park Avenue Hotel.

Kann, S., Sons' & Co., Baltimore, Md.; S. Kann, domestics; 467 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Fahy, J., & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; J. Fahy, white goods, notions, ladies and infants' wear; 66 Grand Street; Hoffman House.

Stevens, Charles A., & Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; J. M. Meyer, waists and wrappers; 487 Broadway; Hoffman House.

Hunter, A. S. & T., Utica, N. Y.; A. S. Hunter, domestics, dress goods, silks, and cloths; 57 White Street.

Porteous and Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; T. McGarry, laces, ribbons, and jewelry; 57 White Street.

Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; W. Steel, dress goods and silks; 2 Walker Street.

Siegel-Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Basch, cloaks and suits; Sixth Avenue and Eighteenth Street; Hoffman House.

Millhiser Manufacturing Company, Richmond, Va.; A. Marcus, piece goods; 258 Church Street; Hoffman House.

Rice, Stix & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; C. A. Young, dress goods and silks; E. Michaels, manufacturing department; 53 Franklin Street.

Stix, Louis, & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; A. L. Stix, white and furnishing goods; 53 Franklin Street.

Hart & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; F. W. Hart, millinery; 621 Broadway; Murray Hill Hotel.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; S. Carson, ribbons and fancy goods; 115 Worth Street; Murray Hill Hotel.

"Curran's," Waterbury, Conn.; Miss Curran, millinery; Park Avenue Hotel.

Roberts, John A., & Co., Utica, N. Y.; John A. Roberts, dry goods; Park Avenue Hotel.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. F. Evans, ladies' and infants' wear and corsets; 438 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. Breese, laces and ribbons; 57 White Street.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; Mrs. B. Horgan, muslin underwear; H. J. Donnelly, laces, ribbons, handkerchiefs, and embroideries; 57 White Street.

Elder & Johnston, Dayton, Ohio; J. R. Johnston, cloaks laces, notions, and furnishing goods; 57 White Street.

Smith, Murray & Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; T. Black, cloaks, shawls, and waists; 57 White Street.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Sunday night until 12 o'clock Monday night.)

12:25 A. M.—77 Sheriff Street; Lena Schneider; damage, $50.

4:30 A. M.—84 Greenwich Street; Theodore Rathmiller; damage, $1,000.

7:50 A. M.—142 Lexington Avenue; Mrs. Vallauri; damage, $75.

1 P. M.—134 Norfolk Street; Joseph Welschik; damage slight.

2 P. M.—20 and 22 Forsyth Street; Israel Gotleib; damage slight.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

TIPTON, Ind., Sept. 25.—The Atlanta Tin Plate Mill was destroyed by fire to-day. Loss, $100,000.

COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Yesterday afternoon a portion of the village of Springfield Centre, nine miles from here, was burned. Four dwellings, three barns, and a church were destroyed. The fire started from a defective chimney. Loss, $20,000; insurance, $8,000.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

A. M.		P. M.	
Sun rises	5:52	Sun sets	5:51
Moon rises	11:00		

High Water This Day.

A. M.		A. M.	
S. Hook	12:28	Gov. Isl'd	1:08
H. Gate	3:02		
P. M.		P. M.	
S. Hook	12:50	Gov. Isl'd	1:29
H. Gate	3:25		

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (TUESDAY,) SEPT. 26.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Amazonense, Para	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Aurania, Queenstown and Liverpool	.....	11:00 A. M.
Iroquois, Charleston	.....	3:00 P. M.
Saale, Bremen	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27.

Allianca, Colon	9:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Comal, Galveston	.....	3:00 P. M.
Majestic, Queenstown and Liverpool	9:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Niagara, Tampico, &c.	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Noordland, Antwerp	10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Seneca, Havana	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
St. Paul, Southampton	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 28.

A. R. Thorpe, Curacao, &c.	11:00 A. M. *11:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Excelsior, New Orleans	.....	3:00 P. M.
Mae, Ponce, &c.	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Santiago, Nassau, &c.	1:00 P. M. *1:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 29.

Origen, Jamaica	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Saxon Prince, La Plata	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 30.

Altai, Jamaica, &c.	10:00 A. M. *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Ella, Nuevitas, &c.	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Ethiopia, Glasgow	10:00 A. M.	12:00

The Wanamaker Store

Semi-Annual Exposition
Of Parisian Masterpieces in Costumes, Wraps, Silk Waists and Lingerie

THE Wanamaker Store, of New York, following the example of its predecessor, A. T. Stewart, aimed at and secured the acknowledged American leadership in matters of Fashion. These half-yearly exhibitions were originally means to that end. They have become evidences of its attainment.

Since the first of these displays, more than two years ago, there has never been a question as to their value and importance. They are displays possible to very few retail organizations, and whether possible or not, are not given elsewhere. They are more than merely elaborate displays of merchandise. They have much of the dignity and all of the importance of Public Expositions for public instruction. It does not detract from their value nor narrow the scope of their popular interest, that the subject treated of is Fashion. Few subjects have more, or more devoted, students.

The Costumes and Their Composers

The exhibition of this season is by far the largest we have yet held. As usual it introduces several designers hitherto unknown here except by that exceeding few who may have been successful in obtaining gowns from them through direct application among their Paris customers.

"King" Among these newer lights is "King," of 10 Place Vendome. His has been a rocket-flight to the very pinnacle of success. His parlors in the historic building whose story extends through three centuries, are at present the center of attention among the style-makers of the world.

Among characteristic productions of this great artist in dress, shown in this exhibition, perhaps the chief is a ball dress trimmed with fur, which will easily be classed as one of the gems of this collection.

Mme. Havet The productions of Mme. Havet have been shown here before,—notably in the display of this Spring. She has, since then, taken an even higher and firmer place among the stars of this constellation. The Empress of Russia is now one of her patrons, and among the splendid costumes from Mme. Havet, shown by us, is a copy of a magnificent gown made for the Czarina within a few weeks.

Mlle. Corne This marvelous little woman maintains her lead in the exquisite beauty of simplicity. Sometimes the simplicity is only apparent, but the effect is never nothing less than tasteful, graceful and refined. We show seventeen of the prettiest things she has ever made for us.

Walles The successor to Pingat. Among a number of street and evening gowns, she has made for us what is perhaps the most startlingly original costume of the year,—the "Herald" dress, in a style which suggests the tunic of the seventeenth century.

Sara Mayer et Morhange This famous firm has made for this exhibition several beautiful costumes and one superb ball wrap. In this collection may be seen the first glimpse of the styles that will be worn and exhibited at the Paris Exposition.

Rouff No costume collection that pretended to be representative of the world's best in that line, would omit the brilliant Rouff from the list. We show several of his characteristic fancies, chiefly in ball gowns. Among these, a wonderful chinchilla dress, pronounced by the few experts who have seen it the most magnificent costume ever seen in this country.

Francis Francis, unknown two years ago, was famous in a month, a leader in a season, a dress king in a year. He is holding his place by his inexhaustible originality and perfection of taste. Several costumes and wraps from him, in the best of his style.

Elise Poret Five beautiful ball dresses were made for us by this gifted designer. They are marked examples of her characteristic style,—richness with dignity, novelty without ostentation.

Stammler et Jeanne Many of the most exquisite pieces in the gathering are from this firm. Theirs is the originality that depends little on erratic brilliancy or whimsical surprise.

Mme. Agnes Like Mlle. Corne, Mme. Agnes finds ample room for the use of her exquisite taste in the minor items of silk waist and lingerie as well as in the more elaborate costumes. We show many examples of her latest fancies in all.

Masson-Templier Another of the new houses to American experience, but well known in Europe for many years. We show several examples, chiefly afternoon costumes, characteristic in their quiet elegance.

The Silk Waists, Lingerie and Layettes

The Lingerie It may surprise some people who are not acquainted with our thorough way of doing things, that the collection of lingerie, morning gowns, skirts, matinees and dressing sacques from famous Paris hands, *exceeds five-fold the best gathering that can be found in any store in Paris itself.* More words are unnecessary.

It is no new thing for Wanamaker's to surpass Paris in her own goods, but the present exhibition far exceeds anything we have heretofore achieved.

The Infants' Garments What better field for the free indulgence of the passion for the exquisite could there be than in babies' garments? What could be expected in this line of such masters of needle-art as Palmire Vinchon, Bellon et Mercier, Leonie Berthemot, Brawer, Taskin, Cordier and Corne?

Look over their efforts as shown here;—especial efforts expressly made for us. You will get a new idea of the word "dainty;" a new conception of the word "exquisite."

Silk Waists Gathered from Bouchet, Dedieu, Corne, Laurent et Bassier, Leroy, Levy Freres, Chellier, Louise Tillon, Turbeaux Voytot, and the Maison Henriette,—a list to inspire confidence. And a galaxy of graceful, wondrous beauties to inspire delight whoever made them.

This showing exceeds that to be found in any three stores in Paris. For each maker there displays his own exclusively; while we glean everybody's best. There have been few such showings as this under any mercantile roof--American or European.

Other Store Attractions

In every corner of our building, art and skill and foresight have combined to allure and hold your admiration. Come to Wanamaker's as to a Museum of Fine Arts, and, if you will, with no more expectation of buying anything. A stringent store rule makes the *officious* tender of service a misdemeanor. The stock, like the pictures, is yours to look at freely. And these store features are sights you cannot afford to miss.

The Art Gallery. Fifth floor. Exhibiting a fine collection of modern paintings;—chiefly winners of medals and honors in recent Paris Salons. Added this morning are thirty-three new works, prominent in this year's exhibits.

The Model Apartment. On the Fourth floor, a model flat, furnished completely. A lesson in home furnishing and decoration.

The Oriental Rooms. All the richness of Eastern taste displayed in perfect harmony. Third floor.

The Flag of Gems. Old Glory in a burst of jewels; diamonds, rubies and sapphires. Displayed strikingly on a black velvet ground. Value $104,000. Rotunda.

The Little French Store. A dainty emporium of Parisian lingerie. To-day more marvelous in its display than ever, owing to the opening of the formal exhibition.

The Music Rooms. Originally our Fifth floor Piano Store—grown into a hall of unceasing concert.

Art and Bric-a-Brac Room. The world's best efforts in rare bronzes, china and statuary. Basement.

The Pin Machine. First floor, in the Notion Store, ever-busy making papers of pins for souvenirs.

The Green Millinery Salon. Brilliant with the newest models from two continents.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co., **JOHN WANAMAKER** Broadway, Fourth Ave., Ninth and Tenth Sts.

WIND STOPPED SHAMROCK

Yacht Made No Trial Spin Because of a Strong Gale.

DAY SPENT IN TRYING SAILS

The Cup Challenger and the Columbia Will Go Into Dry Dock Together at the Erie Basin.

A smoking sou'westerly gale that had been threatening for the past three days kicked up a formidable sea outside the bar at Sandy Hook yesterday, and the Shamrock remained at her mooring in the Horseshoe throughout the day. Storm signals were sent up at the life saving station early in the morning, and Capt. Patterson said that his anemometer registered a trifle more than twenty-five miles an hour.

Sir Thomas was desirous of making a trial despite the shrieking wind and reeling seas, and the mainsail, reefed for the first time since the Shamrock appeared in American waters, was hoisted shortly after 10 o'clock. The Erin then made a short trip out to the lightship to test the strength of the wind and give Sir Thomas an opportunity to observe the weight of the seas. The result was that the Shamrock did not leave her snug berth, and her crew were given some practice in making and shortening sail.

During the afternoon several coasters and other work-a-day vessels sought shelter behind the Hook, and, on the whole, Sir Thomas's decision appeared a wise one, for the reason that to carry away anything at this late date would be almost fatal to the chances of the Irish yacht to win.

At noon a jib headed topsail was sent up and sheeted out to the end of the gaff, where it remained for half an hour shaking in the wind that whistled merrily through the tophamper of the yacht and her attendant vessels. It was then lowered and a small club topsail took its place. Then all sail was lowered, gaskets placed around the mainsail, and the topmast housed for the night.

In the meantime Sir Thomas was entertaining a party at luncheon on the deck of the Erin. Its members were Bourke Cockran, Judge Keough, Col. Sharman-Crawford, Vice Commodore Hugh Kelly, Honorary Secretary of the Royal Ulster Yacht Club; Hugh MacKilldowney, Superintendent of the shipbuilding firm of Harlan & Wolff, at Belfast; Col. Emmett of New Rochelle, Mrs. Emmett, the Misses Emmett, and Arthur Iselin, a nephew of the managing owner of the Columbia.

During the day Sir Thomas made the official announcement that Mr. Fife would have absolutely no authority on the Shamrock during her races. Capts. Hogarth and Wringe will be in charge of the yacht, and under the contracts signed they have equal power and absolute authority. They alone will be responsible for the handling of the yacht.

Mr. Fife journeyed to the city early in the morning, where he consulted for nearly three hours with Mr. W. D. Dickey, manager of the Robins shipyards, where the Shamrock will be dry-docked on Thursday. Mr. Dickey said that arrangements had been completed to dock both Columbia and Shamrock together on Thursday. Mr. Fife was desirous of warping the cup hunter in dock on Wednesday. Mr. Iselin, however, stated that the Columbia could not be made ready for docking at that time. The matter was subsequently settled by Messrs. Lipton and Iselin.

The Columbia arrived off New Rochelle yesterday morning in tow of the St. Michaels. Mr. Iselin, who made the voyage from Bristol on the yacht, was seen at his home on Premium Point. He declined to discuss the relative merits of the Columbia and Shamrock, except to say that he believed the Columbia would prove good enough to retain the trophy on this side of the water. The Columbia will be given short spins on the Sound to-day and to-morrow, after which she will be towed through Hell Gate and down the East River to Erie Basin, where she will be prepared for the races off the Hook.

Both boats will remain in dry dock over Sunday, and will be measured by Mr. Hyslop in the still waters of Erie Basin on Monday, after which they will be towed down to the Hook.

Capt. Evans Makes Regatta Plans.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Capt. Robley D. Evans, United States Navy, who has been selected to supervise the waters of the Harbor of New York and adjacent waters during the coming international yacht races, and to command the revenue cutters assigned to police duty, has been directed to confer with the Regatta Committee of the New York Yacht Club and determine upon rules and regulations for the races. This is done in order that the provisions of the law passed on May 19, 1896, relative to the safety of passengers, &c., may be efficiently executed.

£500 to £400 on the Shamrock.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The interest here in the cup challenger the Shamrock has increased since her recent trials. Capt. Laurence, a friend of Lord Dunraven, has wagered with Riley Grannan, the "plunger," £500 to £400 on the challenger.

OFFICERS TO STUDY CHINESE.

British Navy Sends Men to China to Learn the Language.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The attention of the Navy Department has been drawn to the fact that the British Admiralty has made a new departure in sending a number of naval officers to China to learn the Chinese language. A number of prizes have been offered for proficiency in this language. The plan is regarded with favor by naval officers here, as a knowledge of foreign languages is of great value to them. It is thought also that this move indicates a purpose on the part of Great Britain to keep a considerable naval force in Chinese waters for some time to come.

AFRICAN GOLD MAY COME HERE.

Demand So Strong That England May Lose $2,000,000 Due from the Cape.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—The Standard, in its financial article this morning, says:

"In spite of the steadier New York exchange, inquiry for gold on American account is so strong as to cause a doubt whether the nearly £400,000 ($2,000,000) due from the Cape will be secured by the Bank of England or shipped to the United States."

German Delegate Cannot Come.

BERLIN, Sept. 25.—Herr Van der Zypen, President of the Industrial Association of Cologne and Düsseldorf, who had accepted an invitation to attend the Philadelphia International Commercial Congress next month, finds that he will be unable to be present. He will, however, send a paper to be read on German-American trade, in which he will urge an abatement of the American customs restrictions, in order to promote the commerce between the two countries.

The Twenty-sixth Sails for Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—The Twenty-sixth Regiment, United States Volunteers, sailed to-day for Manila on the transport Grant. In addition to the Twenty-sixth, the Grant carried 250 recruits of various regiments, together with nurses and Hospital Corps men, previously assigned to the Relief, which will sail within the next few days for Guam and Manila.

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ACCUSED BY DEAD WOMAN.

Mrs. Muller, in an Ante-Mortem Statement, Charged Furniture Men with Injuring Her Mortally.

Mrs. Alice Muller, who it was alleged was violently assaulted and beaten on Friday last by four representatives of L. Baumann Co., furniture dealers at 1,421 Third Avenue, who had called at her apartments, at 116 University Place, died yesterday morning. David Dringer, twenty-six years old, of 1,441 Lexington Avenue, and Emerson Humphries, thirty years old, of 1,782 First Avenue, two of the furniture collectors, who had been arrested on a Coroner's warrant, charging them with felonious assault, were taken before the woman before her death and identified by her as having been among her assailants. They were remanded to the Tombs, and immediately after Mrs. Muller's death the charge against them was changed to homicide.

Mrs. Muller's ante-mortem statement, upon which the warrants were issued, was to the effect that the collector called last Friday with three other men, saying he had come to get the furniture. She protested and called her husband. The latter, the woman's statement continues, was soon overpowered by the men, who thereupon, she said, attacked her, knocking her down, and one of them kicked her in the abdomen. The men then left without taking the furniture.

Mrs. Muller meanwhile had fainted. She soon began to suffer from peritonitis and grew steadily worse. A physician was called to perform an operation upon her, and later the Coroner was sent for. The police are looking for the other two men.

Leo Baumann, senior member of the furniture firm of L. Baumann & Co., when seen last night at his residence, said the two collectors wanted by the police had just left his house after promising him to surrender themselves. They are Morris Epstein, twenty-three years old, and Max Oppenheimer, twenty-one years old.

"All four of the men have been in our employ for several years," said Mr. Baumann, "and I believe every word they tell me. Not one of them laid a hand on Mrs. Muller.

"Mrs. Muller, who was known to us as Annie Leibenau, bought $97 worth of furniture from us last June, paying $20 down and promising to pay $2 per week. We, as usual, retained a chattel mortgage on the goods. She was then living on Seventh Street. She paid $2 per week for three weeks, then disappeared. After eleven weeks our manager, Mr. Ahlart, located her in University Place. She said she couldn't pay, and on Friday our four men went to the house to collect or secure the furniture.

"The door of the woman's room was open, and after she refused again to pay, saying her husband was in the country, the men entered the room to take the furniture, according to law. Then, according to the men's story, she started to slam the door in their faces. Humphries held the door open, however, while the woman pushed with all her might to close it, finally pushing out a glass panel. At this juncture Muller rushed in with a sledge hammer and aimed a blow at Oppenheimer, who dodged it.

"The hammer was taken from him, whereupon he dashed for a pistol lying on a desk. Humphries held him back and, after a struggle, the four men decided to leave, and did so, without taking the furniture. All four are sober, reliable men, and every one of them has told me that they never even touched Mrs. Muller. All our collectors are particularly cautioned to use no violence in recovering goods. I will bail all our men in the case and defend them to the end. I think investigation will show that Mrs. Muller was suffering from peritonitis before the time of the alleged assault."

An autopsy will be held this morning.

Archbishop Chappelle's New Office.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 25.—Archbishop Chappelle has received notification from the Pope of his appointment as an Apostolic Delegate for the Philippine Islands. He is already Apostolic Delegate for Cuba and Puerto Rico, beside being Archbishop of New Orleans.

Violent Pain Leads to Suicide.

RED BANK, N. J., Sept. 25.—Miss Annie Burd, daughter of Mrs. Cardella Burd, committed suicide here to-day by shooting herself. She was thirty-five years old and had suffered so severely from violent pains in the head that it is generally conceded that she was mentally deranged at the time that she shot herself. The family is well known.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW
WRITES:

"The genuine **Johann Hoff's Malt Extract** has been used in my family for some years."
Chauncey M. Depew
Ask for the Genuine
Johann Hoff's Malt Extract

E. G. ALLEN A SUICIDE

Superintendent at Various Periods of Several Big Railroads.

AT A HOTEL UNDER FALSE NAME

His Suit Against the Consolidated Road and Resignation—Little Known of His Family Life.

Eldridge G. Allen, who had been successively Superintendent of the Ohio River Railroad, the New York and New England Railroad, the Hudson division of the New York Central Railroad, and who for several years was General Superintendent of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, was found dead in bed in his room in the Grand Union Hotel at noon yesterday. There was a bullet hole in his right temple and beside him lay a revolver. He appeared to have been dead for several hours when found.

Allen, who was fifty years old, severed his connection with the New Haven Road two years ago, since which time little has been known of his movements by railroad officials in this city. It was known that for a time he engaged in the business of an expert examiner of railroad properties and had an office in Wall Street. He speculated extensively in stocks, and, it was believed by his old associates, with uniform success. For the last six months he had been seen very little by his old associates in this city, and was believed to be living in Boston.

He registered at the Grand Union Hotel on Sept. 18, as E. G. Andrews, Rockland, Mass., and was assigned to Room 14, on the first floor. He was last seen alive on Sunday evening about 6 o'clock by a chambermaid, who called at his room to leave some towels. Allen told her that he needed none and shut his door rather hurriedly. His room remained locked during yesterday morning. It is a rule of the hotel to send bell boys around to the rooms to make inquiries of guests who have not appeared at noon. A bell boy named Kennedy was sent to Room 14 at noon yesterday, and found Allen lying on the bed clad only in his under garments. Blood was oozing from the bullet hole in his temple. The bell boy informed the clerk, who in turn called a policeman and an ambulance. The ambulance surgeon and the hotel physician, after an examination, concluded that the man had been dead several hours. In the clothes of the dead man, which were of the finest texture, were found an expensive gold watch and chain, a frank book of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and several clippings from newspapers. On a bureau in the room was an envelope containing a note which read as follows:

"Find $145 in small bag. Notify Flora E. Allen, Uxbridge, Mass., care of M. A. Boss.
"E. G. ALLEN."

In one of two leather bags of unequal size in the room were found $100 in cash and a check for $45.77, dated Aug. 8, on the Bay State Trust Company of Boston, and signed by H. E. Barney of 355 Boylston Street, Boston. In a small compartment in the larger valise was found a badge of the International Railway Conference, held in London on July 6, 1895. Among the papers was found a letter addressed to E. G. Allen and signed by Charles P. Clark, formerly President of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, accepting Allen's resignation as Superintendent of the Old Colony Railroad. There were also found in the room considerable wearing apparel and passes on various railroads running out of Boston and to theatres in that city. There was no note or letter telling why the man committed suicide.

Among the newspaper clippings found were two from a Boston paper. One of these set forth that E. G. Allen was Superintendent of the Old Colony Railroad prior to its absorption by the New York, New Haven and Hartford. It also stated that he was suing the latter road for $40,000. It appears from this clipping that in July, 1893, President Clark, after the consolidation, offered Allen $10,000 a year to continue as Superintendent of the Consolidated Road. That year President Clark and Allen went to Europe together.

The body, after being viewed by the Coroner, who pronounced the case one of suicide, was removed to an undertaking establishment at Fourth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street.

Mr. Allen had been in the railway service —mostly in New England—since 1865. He was born at Sweden, Me., May 14, 1850, and began work as an employe in a railroad station when he was fifteen years old. He worked his way up through the different grades of train and station service until in 1880 he became Superintendent of the Massachusetts Central Railroad. In 1883 he went West, and for one year was General Superintendent of the Ohio River Railroad. Returning to New England, he became Superintendent of the New York and New England Railroad, an office which he held from 1884 to 1887.

Mr. Allen was called to the Superintendency of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad in 1887, and held that position for three years. During the latter part of 1890 he was also Superintendent of the Hudson Division of the New York Central Railroad. In 1891 he was appointed Superintendent of the Central Division of the Old Colony Railroad, and remained there until early in 1893, when he was made General Superintendent of the New York, New Haven and Hartford.

Officials of the New Haven Road when seen yesterday expressed surprise that Allen had committed suicide, and could offer no reason for his act. A prominent official of the Fall River Line, who had known Allen for many years, said:

"I cannot account for Allen's suicide unless it was caused by his brooding over the fact that he was permanently out of active railroad life and a realization of the mistake he made in resigning from the New Haven Road management. I saw him six months ago, and he told me he was speculating in stocks and was making far more than he ever did in the railroad business. He was in his usual good spirits. He was always very popular in railroad circles, and had many friends in various walks of commercial life.

"About Allen's private life, however, little, if anything, was known by his friends. Allen was not a drinking man, and was always full of business. I don't think he was ever worried financially, and believe now that he holds a considerable block of stock in the New Haven Road."

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Elbridge G. Allen, whose suicide is reported from New York to-day, was one of the brightest of American railway men. Employes of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad speak in the warmest terms of affection of Mr. Allen, who was, they say, strict but just, and the traveling public has his inventive talent to thank for the "Allen sleeping car," an example of which is to be seen in the Grand Central Station each midnight in New York. The first six-hour train between Boston and New York, the New England Limited, was also his work.

Socially Mr. Allen was favorably known, both in Boston and New York. He has a brother, Mr. W. C. Allen, in this city, and his wife lives in Uxbridge, Mass. It was his habit to pass the Summer months in his native State of Maine, but his residence since his retirement has been in New York. No one here has any theory to advance for the suicide, but the impression is that his idleness had affected his mind.

UXBRIDGE, Mass., Sept. 25.—E. G. Allen, who committed suicide in a New York hotel to-day, was well known here. His wife, Flora E. Allen, and a son, E. G. Allen, Jr., reside here, and the sad news of to-night came as a great shock. Mrs. Allen had made preparations to join her husband in New York Thursday. She says he was in good health and had no known business troubles.

ADVANI'S EXPLANATION.

Indian Merchant Indignant Over His Arrest—Denies Engagement.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—Mr. Advani, the East Indian merchant, whose arrest, though he was afterward released, spoiled the romance told of his reported engagement to a Chicago newspaper woman, Miss Hudson, is very indignant over the affair, and says that he will prosecute those who were instrumental in having him detained.

His explanation is that a servant whom he recently discharged obtained money by the use of his name, and that, he believes, gave rise to the charge of forgery. He is going with his attorney to Ottawa to prosecute the Canadian police. He says that he cannot marry without his father's consent.

Miss Hudson said to-night that she had the assurance that Mr. Advani's feelings toward her had not changed, and that Mr. Advani gave out the announcement of his engagement to her. This last statement he denies.

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TO PAY SAMOAN CLAIMS.

Likely that Property Damages from Bombardment by American and British Ships Will Be Settled.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The three Governments interested in Samoa—Great Britain, Germany, and the United States—have been considering the claims arising out of the bombardment last Summer, in which the American forces under Admiral Kautz, and the British forces under Capt. Sturdee, participated.

As a preliminary step the British Government has signified a purpose to adopt in this case the principle observed in the damage done by the bombardment of Alexandria, Egypt, namely, that private property destroyed as a necessary incident to the prosecution of naval and military operations would be paid for. While applying this general principle, the adjustment of the various claims is yet to be made according to the circumstances of each.

The claims are being considered under the main heads, viz.: Those arising from the joint naval operations of the British and the American force; and, second, those growing out of the operations of the Samoan natives, chiefly the followers of Mataafa.

Under the first head, caused by the British-American operations, are included the claims resulting from the actual bombardment, such as damage done by shells, and also those resulting from the demolition of buildings and like incidental damage to private property, which at times became necessary as a means of checking the native uprising.

The damage done by shells and projectiles has turned out to be comparatively small, and much of the amount is for the incidental destruction and damage of houses and property, as a precautionary measure.

The second class of claims, growing out of depredations by the Samoan natives, has been more difficult of adjustment. The officials have hesitated to impose a heavy money burden on the Samoans, and yet they have felt it essential that the Samoans should understand that they cannot cause wholesale damage to the property of the whites and then go free of obligation. Thus far it has not been possible to formulate even a general principle for consideration of this class of claims.

It is understood that the British and German authorities are agreed on the general principle that the bombardment and naval claims should be reimbursed. This, however, it is asserted imposes no obligation on Germany to share in meeting the claims, as the German forces did not participate in the bombardment.

It is said also, that no proposition has been made to have Germany pay a part of the damage done by the Mataafa forces. The course of the United States has not yet been fully determined, either as to the bombardment or the claims arising from native depredations.

So far as known all the claims nuder consideration are for property loss, there being no present basis for estimating claims for the loss of life among the British-American forces during the operations.

USED GASOLINE FOR KEROSENE.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—Nine people were badly burned, one probably fatally, at a fire in a lodging house in the South End to-night.

The fire was due to the explosion of gasoline with which Mrs. Butler was filling a lamp, mistaking it for kerosene oil. Immediately the flames set fire to Mrs. Butler's dress and then the carpet and furniture. Soon the entire second floor, where the accident occurred, was burning. In the excitement the lamp was thrown toward the stairs, but it struck Mrs. Lovelace instead and she was enveloped in flames.

SAFE BLOWER CONTINUED WORK.

His Companions Outside Fought with Posse—All Escaped.

RUSHVILLE, Ind., Sept. 25.—Safe blowers attempted to rob the bank at Milroy, this county, early this morning. Four men were engaged in the job, three working inside while the fourth stood guard. Dr. Lampton discovered the robbers and aroused a few men in the vicinity of the bank.

The robbers opened fire on Dr. Lampton's party, and it was returned by the posse. One safe blower calmly continued to work on the safe while his pals fought outside. The robbers finally gave up and retreated, leaving their tools behind.

A running fire was kept up by both sides until the safe blowers escaped on a handcar. Bloodhounds have been put on the track.

G. F. DANFORTH DIES IN COURT.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Ex-Judge George F. Danforth, at one time on the New York State Court of Appeals bench, dropped dead in court to-day. He had just argued a case and taken his seat when stricken with apoplexy, and he expired two minutes later in an adjoining room.

George Franklin Danforth, jurist, was born in Boston, Mass., July 5, 1819. He was graduated at Union College in 1840, and, after studying law, began practice in Rochester, N. Y., where he was very successful, and soon rose to the front rank of his profession.

In 1876 he was the Republican candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals of the State of New York, but was defeated by Robert Earl. Two years later he was again nominated for a similar office, and was elected. He took his seat on the bench Jan. 1, 1879. Except during the period between Jan. 1, 1879, and 1891, in which he was an Associate Judge of the New York Court of Appeals, his practice was uninterrupted. Judge Danforth was a Republican, and was a member of the Judiciary Commission of 1892, but has held no other office.

On April 27, 1846, he married Miss Francis J. Wright, daughter of Orrin and Francis J. Gold Wright of Pittsfield, Mass.

North Lansing Post Office Robbed.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 25.—The Post Office at North Lansing, in this county, was visited by burglars last night, who blew open the safe. They secured a small amount of money and about $75 worth of stamps. Roswell Beardsley, who has the distinction of being the oldest Postmaster in the country, is in charge of this office and has been so for seventy-one years.

THE CHINESE MAY LAND

Shipload at Manila Free to Enter Philippines.

ACTION DEEMED NO PRECEDENT

They Will Not Interfere with the Military Operations, General Otis Says.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Secretary Root has received a cable message from Gen. Otis regarding the Chinese situation in the Philippines. He says that the shipload of 700 Chinamen can be landed without any serious interference with military operations. Gen. Otis discusses at considerable length the subject of Chinese in the Philippine Islands, and the dispatch was referred to the State Department, where it was made the subject of a conference between Acting Secretary Hill and the Chinese Minister.

A settlement of the general issue between the two Governments respecting the admission of the Chinese to the Philippines was not attained through this particular incident, which was considered and disposed of solely on its own merits. The Chinese will be landed, but without recognizing the right of the Chinese Government to demand this. On the other hand, the Chinese Government, while permitting the men to land, does not in any manner concede our right to apply the Chinese exclusion law to the Philippines, and stand by the principles enunciated in the formal protest which was made last week by the Chinese Minister here against Gen. Otis's action.

The result of the conference between Acting Secretary Hill, with whom the War Department has rested the responsibility for the decision, and Minister Wu, is set out in the following official statement:

"These Chinese from Amoy, on the steamers Esmeralda and Salvadora, about one-half of them being previous residents of the Philippines, have been permitted to land owing to the special circumstances of the case, on the promise of the Chinese Consul General at Manila that no more Chinese will leave Chinese ports for the Philippines unless qualified to land under the War Department regulations."

It was stated that the Chinese Minister was satisfied with this action in this particular case, although, as already stated, he does not concede the right of exclusion generally.

The War Department regulations referred to in the above statement are supposed to be contained in the order made by Gen. Otis a year ago, declaring the Chinese exclusion laws to be in force in the Philippines.

REBELS CAPTURE GUNBOAT.

Forty-Ton Vessel Urdaneta Found Beached and Burned—Crew Was Missing.

MANILA, Sept. 25—4:30 P. M.—It is reported that the insurgents have captured the United States gunboat Urdaneta in the Orani River, on the northwest side of Manila Bay, where she was patrolling. One officer and nine of her crew are missing.

The United States gunboat Petrel was sent to investigate the matter and has returned here after having discovered the Urdaneta beached opposite the town of Orani, on the Orani River. She had been riddled with bullets and burned, and the following guns, with their ammunition, had been captured: A one-pounder, one Colt automatic gun and one Nordenfeldt twenty-five-millimeter gun. The crew of the Urdaneta are prisoners or have been killed. Further details are lacking.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The gunboat Urdaneta, which was captured with her crew at Orani, about twenty-five miles from Manila on the Bay of Manila, is a little craft of only forty tons displacement, not much larger than a small tug. She was captured by the navy early in the war and has been on police duty in the bay for months past. The records of the Navy Department show that she was one of the boats of which the Oregon is the parent ship. That is, she was supposed to draw all of her supplies from the battleship, to be manned from the Oregon's crew, and to act under the instructions of the Oregon's commander. According to the last reports to the department the little boat was last May under the command of Naval Cadet Welborn C. Wood, but the personnel of the crew is not a matter of record, being subject to frequent change. Wood was appointed to the Naval Academy from Oregon, had passed his academic course, and was performing two years' sea service at the time of his capture. Naturally the department officials are vexed that the difficulties of the negotiations looking to the release of Lieut. Gilmore of the Yorktown and his men should be added to by this last misfortune. Still, there is no disposition unnecessarily to curb the junior officers of the navy who are rendering such gallant service in the Philippines.

NEGROS REBELS SURRENDER.

Gen. Otis Cables Indication of Submission on Island.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Two important dispatches from Gen. Otis at Manila were made public by the War Department to-day. The first indicates that the insurgents on the Island of Negros are about to recognize the authority of the United States. An election in Negros will be held on the 2d of October. The dispatch follows:

Manila, Sept. 23.
Adjutant General, Washington: Hughes, Iloilo, reports Lopez and 64 armed men surrendered to Byrne at Tellano, Negros. Election in that island Oct. 2. Sought conference. Chief insurgents Panay wished to know what promise could be given them in case of formal submission. Told no arrangements possible until surrendered and force disbanded. OTIS.

The second dispatch says the American flag will be raised in Sulu Island. The chief insurgents in Zamboanga are reported willing to accept the authority of the United States, but desire to name conditions, which Gen. Otis would not accept. The second dispatch follows:

Manila, Sept. 24.
Adjutant General, Washington: Bates returned from Jolo 21st inst., having placed garrisons at Siasi and Bungam, Tawi Tawi group; one company each place. Affairs in archipelago satisfactory. Bates saw chief insurgents Zamboanga, still anxious to receive United States garrison on condition of withdrawal should Aguinaldo succeed in Luzon. Proposition not entertained. Zamboanga having trouble with more Datos in vicinity, who have raised United States flag. Dato Cagayan, Sulu Island, visited Jolo, gave adhesion, and desired to raise American flag instead of Spanish flag on island. American flag will be raised there. Ready to give six months' notice in order to establish in archipelago customs regulations under protocol between Spain, Germany, and Great Britain of 1885. Bates report by mail. OTIS.

Volunteer Regulars Arrive Home.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 25.—The United States transport City of Para arrived here to-day from Manila. The Para had on board members of the Twenty-third United States Infantry, Twenty-second Infantry, Fourteenth Infantry, Third Artillery, Fourth Cavalry, and Eighteenth and Nineteenth Signal Corps, who enlisted under General Order No. 40, and who are known as volunteer regulars. All of the returning men enlisted in California.

Collier Alexander at Port Said.

PORT SAID, Sept. 25.—The United States collier Alexander, which sailed from Norfolk Aug. 30 for Manila with a full cargo of coal for the naval station there, arrived here to-day.

Kansas Volunteer Dead at Hongkong.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—A cablegram from Gen. Otis announces the death on Sept. 15, at Hongkong, of Robert M. Lee, Company F, Twentieth Kansas.

Ohio Chaplain in Disgrace.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 25.—The Rev. John M. Life, Chaplain of the Seventh Ohio Volunteers, was to-day found guilty by the Ohio Methodist Conference of conduct unbecoming a minister of the Gospel, in using disrespectful language to Miss Rose Lee Burch, daughter of the Lieutenant Colonel of the regiment, and was expelled from the ministry. An appeal was taken. The charges were preferred a year ago by the girl, and created a great sensation.

The Cruiser Albany.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Navy Department expects to take possession of the United States cruiser Albany, now building at the Armstrong works, at Newcastle, England, about Jan. 1. This ship was bought during the Spanish war, along with the New Orleans, but the British neutrality laws made it impossible to bring her over at that time. Officers and a crew will be designated before long to go for the new ship.

TORPEDO BOAT LAUNCHED.

The Craven, Named After Farragut's Heroic Commander, Off the Ways.

BATH, Me., Sept. 25.—The new United States torpedo boat T A. M. Craven was successfully launched this afternoon. An attempt was made last Saturday to run the vessel into the water, but she became wedged on the ways, and the launching was postponed. The Craven was christened with American champagne by Miss Amy Craven of Philadelphia, granddaughter of the man for whom the boat was named. Miss Craven was accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Thomas Learned of New York.

The new boat is named in honor of the late Commander Craven, who went down with his ship, the monitor Tecumseh, which was sunk by a torpedo while leading Admiral Farragut's fleet in the battle of Mobile Bay Aug. 5, 1864.

The heroic death of Commander Craven, who has been called the "Sidney of the American Navy," has made his name beloved by every officer, and by all who love noble deeds. The incident is related by John Collins, the pilot, whose life was saved. At the moment of the explosion Craven and the pilot were in the iron tower, or pilot house, directly over the turret. There was no way of escape except through a narrow opening or scuttle just sufficient for one to pass through. Seeing the inevitable fate of the vessel, both instinctively made for this narrow opening. When they reached the place together Craven drew back, in a characteristic way, saying: "After you, pilot." Collins, who escaped to tell of this act of heroism, says: "There was nothing after me; as I got out the vessel seemed to drop from under me."

Puerto Rican Mail Now Like Domestic.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25.—The plan for a two-cent rate of postage to Puerto Rico, which was recently suggested to the Cabinet by Postmaster General Smith, and adopted, has been put into effect. The Postmaster General to-day issued an order directing that all mail matter from the United States to Puerto Rico and from that island to the United States shall be subject to the conditions applying to matter passing in the domestic mails, and United States postage stamps shall be valid for postage in either direction, in addition to those now used in Puerto Rico.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Uncas has arrived at Port Royal.

The Machias has arrived at the Washington Navy Yard to participate in the Dewey reception ceremonies.

The Scorpion has sailed from Boston for Gloucester.

The Wampatuck has arrived at Newport.

The collier Nero has arrived at Yokohama.

Orders to Naval Officers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Lieut. T. W. Ryan has been detached from the New York Navy Yard and ordered to command the Viking.

Lieut. A. Althouse goes from the Panther to the Viking as executive officer. Lieut. W. H. Faust has been retired.

Naval Men See a Yacht Launched.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 25.—The steam yacht Dreamer, owned by Thomas W. Lawson of Boston, was launched at Nixon's ship yard this afternoon, in the presence of a party that included Rear Admiral Sampson, Capt. Sigsbee of the Texas, Capt. F. E. Chadwick of the New York, Capt. C. Train of the Massachusetts, and Capt. H. C. Taylor of the Indiana. The Dreamer was christened by Miss Brown, daughter of Vernon H. Brown of New York.

Japan Asked to Arrest A. M. Rent, Jr.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The State Department has asked the Japanese Government to provisionally detain Alba M. Rent, Jr., who is wanted in Jamestown, N. Y., on a charge of having forged indorsements to notes for $10,000 on the Union Trust Company of that town. It is alleged that the man deserted his six months' bride for another woman, and is now in Yokohama.

From the Front.

The strict censorship at Manila prevents the newspaper correspondents from cabling many important and interesting facts concerning the campaign in the Philippines.

The letters from "A. G. R.," at Manila, appearing in The Evening Post, are attracting widespread attention on account of their graphic description of the real condition of affairs in the Philippines and the hitherto unpublished information that they contain.

A very interesting letter from him concerning the attempt to establish municipal government in the towns held by our troops will appear in to-day's

Evening Post

Wm Vogel & Son

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Macy's—14th Street and Sixth Avenue—a marvel of merchandising activity. The centre of aggressive American retailing where all good trade methods and principles originate. The united endeavor of the entire organization tends in one direction:

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Less Money than Competition.

Facilities—vast and diversified—have been compassed for the purpose of reducing the cost of merchandise to you. Our manufacturing interests are large and important. They strike the middleman's profit. Bring thousands of things for personal and domestic use to the consumer at rates that are a continuous challenge to contemporary dealers. Our prices are always much the lowest—frequently half of what others charge. Selling cheapest gives dynamic movement to the Macy Stores.

60c. Homespun Suiting at 49c.

Homespun Suitings—the name implies sturdiness; the stuffs sustain the implication. Splendid, strong, stylish weaves. Eight colors, including three of the most popular shades of gray, 42 in. wide, worth 60c.; at 49c.

65c. Henrietta Cloth at 49c.

Silk-finished Henrietta—the oldest and staunchest of favorites. Fine, soft and lustrous. Full of graceful drapery possibilities.
Forty-four Autumn colors, including all the delicate evening tints, retailed regularly at 65c.; our price 49c.

$1.25 Knickerbocker Suitings at 98c.

Knickerbocker Suitings—all-wool, roughish surfaces—distinctively Knickerbockery—an even dozen nobby color combinations, 56 in. wide, worth $1.25; at 98c.

$1.25 Corded Taffeta at 79c.

Three thousand yards brilliant Black Corded Taffeta Silk, full yard wide, 2½ yards will make a waist and only 8 yards required for a complete suit; would be excellent value at $1.25; our forehandedness makes the price here 79c.

Skirts and Suits.

Women's Skirts, made of brown and gray Oxford cheviots, for cycling wear, gored styles, finished with deep facing, tailor stitched, $3.24.

Women's Skirts, made of brown, gray and blue double-faced cloth, for rainy day or golfing wear, finished with deep pointed facing and stitched . . . $5.89

Women's Skirts, made of blue, light and dark gray double-faced Oxford cloth, for golfing, cycling or rainy day wear, demi or habit back, tailor finished . . . $7.16

Women's Cycling Suits, made of brown, tan, light and dark gray covert cloth, fly-front coat lined with satin romain; gored skirt with deep facing, heavily stitched . . . $7.48

Women's Cycling Suits, made of brown, gray and new blue Oxford Venetian cloth, latest model double-breasted coat lined with satin romain; gored skirt plaited back, finished with deep facing . . . $9.74

Women's and Misses' Mackintoshes.

September. Autumn is just three days old. Seasonal change. Sunny mornings; showery noons. Prudence says: Take a Mackintosh along on your sight-seeing tours. Thrift says: Buy one of these:

Women's Mackintoshes, navy and black double-texture cashmere, double capes, velvet collars . . . $2.79

Women's Mackintoshes, navy and black double-texture cashmere, single capes velvet collars . . . $3.99

Misses' Mackintoshes, navy blue double-texture cashmere, double capes, velvet collars, all sizes . . . $2.49

40c. Linings at 29c.

Fifty pieces striped mercerized Moreen, 24 inches wide, worth 40c.; at 29c

Women's $5.00 Bicycle Boots at 98c.

Six hundred pairs Women's high-grade Vici Kid Bicycle or Storm Boots. Not a pair is worth less than $3.00—some with Louis XV. heels and cuff tops are worth $5.00.

The lot includes eight styles—perfect, fresh goods. Of course their sale at 98c, entails a great loss. It is borne by the manufacturer.

Upholstery Goods.

Liberal varieties of Damask and Brocatelle Tapestries especially adapted for covering dining room and library furniture and general domestic drapery. Elaborate decorative fabrics at incomparably low prices.

Rich all-silk Damask—artistic designs for fine parlor furniture, $3.50 value at $2.69.

Silk Damask, brilliant and soft, solid colors embellished with handsome self-toned patterns, 50 in. wide, $2.50 to $3.00 value; at $1.74, $1.79 and $1.89.

Heavy Tapestries for covering dining room and library furniture, $2.00 value; at $1.59.

Heavy Tapestries—superb antique effects, for adorning walls and other ornamental uses, $2.00 value; at $1.34.

Silk Over-shot Tapestries, quaint Oriental patterns, appropriate for cozy corner hangings, $1.75 value; at $1.06.

Furniture Rep, plain colors, scores of them, 50 in. wide, 90c. value; at 49c.

Tapestries, characteristic Persian designs, 50 in. wide, 65c. value; at 39c. and 49c

$5.50 Portieres at $3.98.

Armure Tapestry Portieres, very heavy, harmonious two-toned effects, fringed top and bottom, $5.50 value; at $3.98.

French Armure Tapestry Portieres, ornate patterns or in solid colors, heavily fringed, $5.50 value; at $3.98.

$4.00 Japanese Curtains at 98c.

Japanese Curtains—beads and bamboo. You know how the deft, æsthetic Jap combines them. They've been hanging in our windows. Their freshness is gone. Were we silent, you'd never detect a defect—they are so pretty and serviceable. The prices ranged from $2.50 to $4.00. Choice now at 98c. Only fifty.

Cut Glass Bargains.

We are manufacturers. We sell direct to you. You save the retailer's profit. Worth while, isn't it?

Celery Trays, Claret Pitchers, Decanters, Water Bottles, Berry Bowls, Salad Bowls, Ice Tubs, Spoon Holders—sold elsewhere from $8.50 to $9.50; choice $3.47.

One thousand Fruit and Salad Bowls, three pretty shapes, full size, worth $8.50; our price, $2.98.

The interesting process of cutting and polishing Cut Glass may be witnessed in our shops on the premises. No other retail store possesses such facilities. You are also invited to see our artists decorating china. This is also peculiar to the Macy stores.

$50.00 Bicycles at $11.97.

All we had last week were sold. Two hundred more just received. Do you want a $50.00 Bicycle? Will sell you one for $11.97. If you are ignorant of Bicycle value, come with a friend who knows it all. Nowadays mere boys are familiar with the science and principles of Bicycle construction. They know quality; they know prices. No lack of experts who will tell you that these Wheels are worth $50.00; choice at $11.97.

Silverware Values.

Remarkable offerings in quadruple-plated Silverware.

Tea Sets, including teapot, sugar bowl, cream pitcher and waste bowl—each piece artistically engraved, worth $8.00; at $3.99.

Soup Tureen, new colonial design brilliantly burnished, worth $6.50; at $2.99.

Baking Dishes, the latest shapes, separate lining for baking, worth $3.50; at $1.98.

Chocolate Pots, five handsome styles to choose from, $1.97.

Clocks and Bronzes.

Sets, including exquisite French Gold Clock, with pair of Candelabras to match. Both enhanced with painted china panels. Guaranteed eight-day movements, set $19.66.

Bronze Figures of the Cavaliers, 21 in. high, worth $9.50 per pair, at $4.99.

Porcelain Mantel Clocks, several styles of decorations, guaranteed eight-day movements, worth $6.50; at $3.94.

China Boudoir Clocks, twenty styles representing twenty different effects of decorations, 94c.

Prepare for Visitors.

Everybody will entertain guests this week. Many homes and boarding houses will be forced to secure extra facilities. Here's a short list of domestic emergency articles that may suggest your special need.

Divans, full size, all-spring edge, upholstered in denim, your choice of colors; they make comfortable beds or couches; $6.00 value, at $4.74.

Mattresses, made of mixed hair, free from all vegetable substance, covered with A. C. A. ticking, full size, $7.96 single size, $4.99.

Genuine Feather Pillows, size 18x25 in., weight 3 pounds, 49c.

Genuine Feather Pillows, size 20x28 in. remarkably cheap at 79c.

Folding Canvas Cots, full size, good strong, heavy frames, 79c.

Folding Upholstered Cots, with head rest, easy to fold and set aside, 79c.

Folding Carpet Camp Chairs, with backs, good, strong, heavy frames, 49c.

Canvas Folding Stools, strong, serviceable frames, 15c.

Furniture—Annex.

$38.00 Parlor Suit at $24.99. Three-piece Parlor Suit, mahogany veneered inlaid backs, circular frames, inlaid panels, seats upholstered in satin damask; your choice of several colors, worth $38.00; our price, $24.99.

Dining Chairs, solid oak, cane seats, high heavy braced back, at 69c.

Women's Desks, solid oak, two drawers French legs, brass trimmings, $3.49.

Music Cabinet, handsomely decorated mahogany-finished, double doors, patented interior chest of drawers, at $12.34

Parlor rockers, extra large size, mahogany-finished, high back, full arms, highly-polished wood seats, $2.99.

Corner Chairs, highly-polished, mahogany-finished, seats upholstered in remnants of satin damask, $2.74.

Morris Chairs, solid oak frames, brass rods, reversible velour cushions, in your choice of a variety of colors, worth $6.75; at $4.99.

SYMPATHY FOR JULIA MORRISON

Actors Will Not Testify Against Woman Who Killed Her Manager.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 25.—The preliminary hearing of Julia Morrison, actress, charged with the murder of Actor Frank Leiden of the "Plaster of Paris" company, occurs to-morrow.

Manager Harris of the "Plaster of Paris" Company arrived from Atlanta to-day. He visited Miss Morrison in jail, and was so affected that he determined not to appear as a witness against the woman. To-night, taking all members of his company, he quietly left the city for New York. No member of the company will appear against Miss Morrison.

Exploding Boiler Kills Three.

POTTSBOROUGH, Texas, Sept. 25.—The boiler at Henderson & Mangus's gin blew up to-day, demolishing the building and killing Engineer Grant Cordor, Pressman Nunn Steele, and a boy named Jones. A Miss Jones, sister of the boy, had both feet blown off and her hip broken.

MURDERER MAKES CONFESSION.

In Jail for His Aunt's Death, Brunot Says He Killed Another Woman.

PANA, Ill., Sept. 25.—Henry Brunot, in jail for the murder of his aunt, Jane Brunot, to-day confessed to a friend to the murder of Mrs. Mary McIntyre, who was mysteriously slain here last Winter.

He said he had one more confession to make, and then he was ready to die.

Prefer Village to Town Forms.

MAMARONECK, N. Y., Sept. 25.—For the third time in three years the people of this village voted to-day upon a proposition to annul the village government and revert to the old town government. For the third time the proposition was defeated. The vote to-day was heavy, 262 ballots being cast. Of these 171 were in favor of maintaining the present form of government and 91 in favor of dissolution.

THE STATE WARNS RAMAPO.

Company Fails to Reply to Controller Morgan's Circular.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 25.—State Controller Morgan up to date has failed to receive any reply to his circular of warning sent to the Ramapo Water Company of Brooklyn, and other delinquent companies which have failed to pay the usual corporation tax to the State on their gross earnings or capital stock. The circular was addressed to the President of the company, Silas B. Dutcher.

"If the company cannot show any gross earnings," said the Controller to-day, "then Mr. Dutcher should file an affidavit with this office to that effect and that would set all doubts in my mind at rest in this respect. Under the law the Controller shall place the bill of the State in the hands of the Sheriffs of the various counties where the company is said to have property that may be levied upon."

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPT. 26, 1899.

OFFICES:

NEW YORK:
Publication Office.....41 Park Row
All American District Telegraph Offices.
WASHINGTON.....515 Fourteenth St.
LONDON: Trafalgar Buildings, Trafalgar Sq., W. C.
SWITZERLAND, Geneva: P. Drehmann, Librairie Nouvelle, Rue du Mont Blanc.
GERMANY, Mainz: Saarbach's News Agency, Agency for Germany and Austria.

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FOURTEEN PAGES.

"ASSESSED" JUSTICES.

The movement of the City Club to secure the nomination of candidates for the bench pledged not to contribute to any political party is admirable in its purpose and on lines that THE TIMES has urged for many years.

It is well, however, at the start, to clear the movement of some exaggeration, which is harmful to it because it is unjust. The impression prevails to some extent, and is fostered by some of the advocates of the movement, that aspirants for the bench are "assessed" previous to their nomination, and that the payment of the assessment is equivalent to the purchase of the nomination. We know of no case, certainly none in recent years, where anything of this sort has been done. It is highly improbable that the Judges who are known to have paid "assessments" would for a moment have considered such an implied bargain. And it is not to be denied that the payment of contributions to their party is as a matter of fact consistent with a well-established reputation for probity and impartiality. Nor must we ignore the view taken by some who submit to, if they do not approve, the custom, namely, that the payment of a contribution is an absolute discharge of all party obligation, and leaves the Judge who pays it completely free from even plausible claim from that source. This view was very strongly presented before the Mazet committee yesterday by Justice PATTERSON.

With all deduction and qualification made, the practice remains a most indefensible one. It is hopelessly inconsistent with the theory of an independent and unbiased judiciary, freely selected by the people for functions of great importance and delicacy. No one, so far as we are aware, has undertaken to defend it on its merits, or has claimed that it can by any possibility increase the trustworthiness of the judiciary. At best it is a mischievous custom that has grown up because it has been impracticable to separate judicial elections from others for offices of a different character. For a number of years it has been more and more the practice for the principal parties to unite in the selection of candidates for the bench where men of tried excellence present themselves. This has been due to the general sense of what the bench really demands in the way of perfect freedom. It is a recognition of the only true theory of qualification for judicial office. Any movement that will secure Judges who need pay nothing for the opportunity of discharging their high duties and who will enter on those duties with no obligations, express or implied, present or past, to any party or party managers, deserves the support of all honest and intelligent men.

THE END AND THE MEANS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

A correspondent for whom we have the highest respect, and whose criticisms we know to be made in good faith, writes to us as follows:

> How can THE TIMES go on writing such editorials as that about MORLEY'S speech on the Transvaal without seeing that its sword is double-edged; that it cuts McKINLEY as hard as CHAMBERLAIN? It seems to me that England's swallowing of the Transvaal would not begin to be such "criminal aggression" as our swallowing of the Philippines.
>
> Is it not true that we have made a horrible mistake through ignorance of the conditions in Luzon and that the part of courage would be to acknowledge our mistake and make friends of the Filipinos as quickly as possible? If we subjugate them we shall hate them (we always hate those whom we wrong) and they will hate us to the end of the chapter.
>
> The analogy between the case of the Transvaal and that of the Philippines does not seem to us to be particularly obvious. If England were to abandon all claim to influence the internal affairs of the Transvaal and give up the title to suzerainty—whatever that may prove to be—the State would remain an organized community, with a fairly stable Government, threatened, it is true, with serious evils on account of the large majority of unrepresented residents, but likely to work out its problems after the general fashion of modern society. If the United States should abandon the Philippines, or give up all responsibility for their future, the situation would be very different from that in the Transvaal. There is no reason, so far as we are aware, to infer that anarchy, and the worst form of it, would not ensue. This one capital fact in the comparison of the two cases seems to us to answer our correspondent's first query.
>
> The second is of a different nature and involves some important considerations. We have no doubt that we have made mistakes in the Philippines. It is quite probable that a man of larger mind and greater executive ability than Gen. OTIS might have avoided the armed conflict with AGUINALDO and his followers. It is, however, by no means certain that this could have been done. No one will deny —we certainly will not—that, if this had been at all practicable, it ought to have been done. But we decline to condemn either Gen. OTIS or the President, on whom the responsibility must ultimately fall, without fuller and more convincing evidence than we possess. Our correspondent assumes that we have not tried to "make friends" of the Filipinos and that we are simply trying to subjugate them. The President, on the other hand, has insisted that every effort was made to conciliate them and to avoid any conflict with them, while all that was possible has been done and is being done to win the confidence and friendship of the large majority of the people who are not in arms. On the whole, it seems to us that the President is more likely to be telling the truth than to be lying, and we do not feel quite like accepting the assumptions and inferences of his critics in preference to his explicit and responsible statements.
>
> Probably there is a fundamental difference between ourselves and our correspondent which makes it difficult for us to agree in our interpretation of the action of the Government. He regards the whole policy in the Philippines as one of "criminal aggression," the object of which is to "swallow" the islands. We regard it as an honest, though perhaps not very skillful, effort to meet responsibilities that could not be avoided and cannot be run away from. He looks upon the war waged by AGUINALDO and his followers as the resistance of a people to arbitrary and greedy oppressors. It seems to us, from the best evidence we have, to be the work of one leader of a relatively small portion of the people of one island to secure independence. If it succeeds, the power of the United States to shape the future of the islands is, of course, at an end. We do not see how we can justify ourselves in permitting such a result. Armed resistance must be quelled by arms. AGUINALDO and his immediate followers compel us to that course at this time. Unquestionably every means must be taken to convince the followers of AGUINALDO that their surrender of armed resistance will be followed by the establishment of a Government in which the rights of the people will be secure, and which will be self-government as far as the maintenance of order will permit. If the United States cannot establish orderly self-government finally in the islands it will have failed in its plain duty, and whatever the means necessary, that is the only end that can with decency be pursued. We believe that this is the end that the President is honestly pursuing. Criticism that holds him strictly to it is legitimate. Criticism that is based on the theory that he should abandon the task seems to us hopelessly wrong in spirit and in purpose.

"SUZERAINTY" IN THE TRANSVAAL.

The article on "The Struggle for Supremacy" in the current number of The Fortnightly Review, from which we made copious extracts on Sunday, is the most elaborate unofficial exposition of the British case we have seen and more elaborate than any official exposition. Indeed, nothing is more remarkable in the official proceedings than the absence of any explanation which shows "a decent respect to the opinions of mankind." When a great power sets out to crush a very small one a plain statement of its case seems to be required as a matter of national self-respect as well as of respect to the opinions of mankind. From the opposition to the invasion of the Transvaal we have had such expositions. We have had them, and this journal has reproduced them, from such Englishmen as JOHN MORLEY and FREDERIC HARRISON. But from the advocates of the invasion of the Transvaal and the spoliation of the Boers we have had no statement of their case which was even intelligible. Mr. CHAMBERLAIN simply tells "mankind" that his proceedings have shown a forbearance and magnanimity unexampled in its history. Mr. CECIL RHODES tells us that corruption has been employed in behalf of the bankrupt Boers, which shocks him very much, and that those Cape Colonists who oppose his scheme are "traitors." The London Times tells us that the real issue is the maintenance of British supremacy in South Africa. In all these there is no pretense of a statement of the English case against the Transvaal, so far as that case is the right to invade and ravage the Transvaal, for the purpose of forcing changes in its internal and domestic legislation. On the one side are appeals to reason and conscience; on the other appeals to cupidity and power. The riots in London on Sunday, instigated in order to prevent the opponents of the invasion of the Transvaal from so much as stating their case, are the natural sequel of the course of the Minister for the Colonies, of the Jingo press, and of the stock-jobbers.

It was high time that, if there were anything to be said upon the side of the Government, (since the Government allows Mr. CHAMBERLAIN to identify it with himself,) that thing should be said. And this is what the writer of the article in The Fortnightly has undertaken to do. His case for interference is founded upon the suzerainty of Great Britain. The Transvaal is not and cannot be sovereign, he insists, since by agreement it has abandoned an essential of sovereignty. It has agreed not to conclude any treaty with any other nation than the Orange Free State without the approval of the Queen. The British Government has a veto power upon the foreign relations of the republic. To that extent, undoubtedly, the republic comes short of complete sovereignty. But that is the only limitation upon its sovereignty, and that is not in question. Nobody pretends that the Boers have violated their agreement in this respect. To defend the procedures of the British South Africa Company, meaning of CECIL RHODES and of Mr. CHAMBERLAIN, it is necessary to contend that a limitation of sovereignty, clearly expressed and restricted, justifies Great Britain in going far beyond its terms and in interfering, in the external or the internal relations of the Transvaal, on any occasion and to any extent which may suit her imperial convenience.

In the present case this contention was particularly awkward, for several reasons. In the first place, by the London Convention of 1884 the independence of the Transvaal was expressly acknowledged, except in so far as it was by that instrument expressly limited. In the next place, Lord DERBY gave the Boers the express assurance of independence in their internal affairs in giving the British construction of the convention. His words were: "Your Government will be left free to govern the country without interference." It is in the face of such explicit assurances that The Fortnightly Reviewer attempts to deduce from one carefully guarded and limited exception to the rule of the independence of the Transvaal the right of the British Government to interfere whenever it pleases, and to whatever extent it pleases, in the internal affairs of the Transvaal, even to the extent of forcing the Transvaal to take over British subjects into its own citizenship by way of protecting them as British subjects!

Obviously this contention is as much opposed to elementary justice and to common sense as it is to public law. Obviously it justifies the prudence of the advocates of invasion in refraining from attempting any justification of their advocacy before the opinion of the world. Obviously it justifies President KRUEGER in saying that the Outlanders "do not want the franchise, but do want the country"; and obviously it justifies the Boers in their determination to resist such an attempt with all their might, and, like their Dutch ancestors, "to die in the last ditch," if they must, in resistance to injustice and oppression.

MARYLAND DOUBTFUL.

The disposition of Republican newspapers to speak of the outlook in Maryland as doubtful must be encouraging to the Democrats of that State. Analysis of the reasons given for this reluctant Republican admission might justify unfavorable prediction for the Republican cause.

Should Maryland revert to Democratic control, it will be perfectly evident that the Republican Party has thrown away a State plucked from a solid Democratic Southern column. In 1893 the Democrats carried the State by a plurality of 19,444. Two years later Gov. LOWNDES, Republican, was chosen by a plurality of 18,767. McKINLEY's plurality in 1896 was 32,232. A year later the Republican plurality in the contest for Controller was 7,109, with just half the vote of the State to its credit. In 1898 the Democrats gained two members of Congress, breaking the solid Republican delegation to that extent.

Many causes of dissatisfaction with the Democrats who had controlled in Maryland led to their defeat in 1895, but the hope of escape from corrupt misrule was the chief aid to their opponents. In 1896 the vast Republican plurality was made possible by Democratic repugnance to the Chicago platform and candidate. It does not appear that good men in Maryland are less anxious for good government now than they were in 1895, 1896, and 1897.

Democratic success at the polls in Maryland in November, 1899, will mean not increased confidence in the leaders of the Democrats of the State, but loss of faith in the Republicans. The victorious party of 1896 and 1897, instead of devoting itself to the task of meriting further approval, has squandered a magnificent opportunity by cultivating dirty politics and bossism as represented by two State factions, and the attempt to run Baltimore's Government as a mere convenience for paying off political service was punished by the loss of control of that city, although its affairs are still being meddled with from Annapolis, with results that contribute to the prospect of imminent State defeat.

Bryanism is not more popular in Maryland in 1899 than it was in 1896. Free silver and anti-imperialism do not appear to be issues. But there is a bitter fight of the partisans of Senator MCCOMAS and Senator WELLINGTON, and knives are believed to be hidden under many Republican uniforms. The turning over of Baltimore's Government to the political looters, the restriction of patronage to politicians, to the great detriment of the service and the scandalizing of the party, have provoked the state of feeling from which Gov. LOWNDES, who has made a creditable record, and his divided party may suffer.

WAS DREYFUS CONVICTED?

The press dispatches from Paris told us yesterday morning, on the authority of Le Petit Bleu, that Col. JOUAUST, the President of the court-martial at Rennes, voted for the acquittal of Capt. ALFRED DREYFUS.

Recalling several more or less positive assertions, made since that court-martial was reported to have voted, 5 to 2, to convict Capt. DREYFUS, yet not desiring to challenge the credibility of the report that he was convicted or to go behind the returns or to seriously question whether the vote of the court-martial was honestly recorded and correctly announced, we are at a loss to understand how DREYFUS was convicted instead of being acquitted.

The Siècle, a Paris newspaper, immediately after the close of the court-martial, proposed to erect "an expiatory monument" at Rennes, upon which it suggested should be placed a denunciation of Col. JOUAUST, Lieut. Col. BROGNIART, and Majors DE BREON, PROFILET, and MERLE, as the unjust members of the court-martial, while the names of Capts. BEAUVAIS and PARFAIT were to be inscribed as judges who "had courage to uphold truth and justice."

Almost immediately after this suggestion had been made we were informed from Paris that Major DE BREON and Capt. BEAUVAIS unquestionably voted for acquittal. The dean of Parisian journalists, writing from Renfes, and apologizing for the possible results of his indiscretion, gave the information that Major MERLE and Capt. BEAUVAIS had voted to acquit Capt. DREYFUS of the charge upon which he was tried.

Here is a state of things tending to cast discredit upon the generally accepted announcement that five officers voted to convict DREYFUS and only two saw the way to voting for his acquittal. If our various Paris authorities, including Le Petit Bleu, are correctly informed, Col. JOUAUST, Majors DE BREON and MERLE, and Capts. BEAUVAIS and PARFAIT all voted to acquit. If these reports are trustworthy the court-martial vote stood thus:

For Acquittal.	For Conviction.
Col. JOUAUST,	Lieut. Col. BROGNIART,
Major DE BREON,	Major PROFILET—2.
Major MERLE,	
Capt. BEAUVAIS,	
Capt. PARFAIT—5.	

Is it possible that there has been a dreadful misunderstanding? Can it be that the evidence which convinced fair-minded people, out of France, of the innocence of DREYFUS also convinced the court that he was not guilty, and that in the excitement of the hour, and perhaps out of excessive respect for superiors in the army, a result not consistent with the actual vote of the court, or possibly the reverse of the vote, was announced? It would be a gratification to have so blundering an explanation made of so atrocious a miscarriage of justice.

JUSTICE BARRETT.

The nomination of Justice BARRETT for the Supreme Court by both the parties in this city would be so excellent a thing in so many ways that it may be accepted as a public duty, the performance or neglect of which will be a test of the wisdom and essential patriotism of the party leaders.

The career of the Justice has been a remarkable one. He has been now twenty-eight years on the bench of the Supreme Court, and for the past four years, on the appointment of Gov. MORTON, a member of the Appellate Division of that court. Previous to his election to the Supreme Court he had served for three years on the bench of the Court of Common Pleas and in one of the district courts. In the prime of his powers still and with half a score of years to his credit before he reaches the age of retirement, he may be said to have passed his active life on the bench. There are very few cases in the history of the bench of experience so extended; there are none of a Judge who has more steadily and fully met the exacting requirements of the post. It must be added that before he entered on his judicial career he had honorably earned a very high rank at the bar. Since his election to the bench, he has done much to raise the standard—always, at its best, very high—of the judiciary of New York. Besides the ability, integrity, and fidelity that are the attributes of the good Judge, Justice BARRETT has shown himself possessed of rare capacity for lucid and convincing and authoritative statement, and his opinions have, moreover, an intellectual charm that is most unusual.

It is well for the community that such service should be appreciated. It should be retained as long as it can be, not merely because it is precious to the community, but because its recognition advances the ideal of the judiciary, inspires all its members with a nobler ambition, and tends to establish a sound and exacting public sentiment. In Pennsylvania both parties have just united in the unanimous nomination of two candidates for the Supreme Court of the State. Surely our city need not fall below the standard thus set. Nothing can more plainly prove the desire of the people for absolute independence in the judiciary than the election of a Judge of high character wholly independent of his party affiliations.

NUGGETS.

No More Work Done.

When a new clerk is hired in a store, the other clerks divide their work with him, and another clerk is needed.—Atchison Globe.

The Bachelor Defined.

A Dallas mother with five grown daughters defines a bachelor as a "miserable coward who has lost the opportunity of a lifetime."—Dallas News.

Perils Escaped.

Very few marriages result from seashore engagements. This is one reason why married life generally is as happy as it is.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

A Measure of Fame.

You may say that a man is truly great when he has a pie named for him, as, for instance, the Washington pie and the Marlborough pie.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

PUMPKIN PIE.

From The Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

In the Spring the eater's fancy
Lightly turns to rhubarb pie,
But a very modest portion
Of the stuff will satisfy.
Then he feels an inward longing
For some pastry that will please,
And impatiently he's glancing
At the green fruit on the trees.

By and by the cherries ripen
And are made ingredients
Of a pie whose fine appearance
Is attracting compliments.
But although he likes it better
Than the one of rhubarb made,
Still that long-felt want he's noting
And it cannot be allayed.

Soon the berries are arriving
And to them he promptly turns
With a hope that they will furnish
Pie for which his palate yearns.
But they make the crust so soggy
That with them he's soon displeased,
And the appetite for pastry
Is remaining unappeased.

Then the Summer brings the peaches,
And some ripened apples, too,
And the fragrant huckleberries
In their shining coats of blue.
Though he's finding them much richer
Than their predecessors, still
He is mournfully declaring
That they fail to fill the bill.

But at last, when days are cooler,
He is fully satisfied—
By the good, old-fashioned pumpkin
Is that long-felt want supplied.
For an extra slice he's calling,
Then another he will try,
And in perfect bliss he's feasting
On the home-made pumpkin pie.

AN AMERICAN PRINCESS

Public Wedding of Miss Julia Grant and Prince Cantacuzene.

LEFT NEWPORT FOR NEW YORK

Handsome Costumes at the Ceremony at Noon Yesterday—Many Distinguished Guests Present.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 25.—The public wedding of Miss Julia Grant, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant and granddaughter of Mrs. U. S. Grant, and Prince Michel Cantacuzene (Count Speransky) of Russia occurred in All Saints' Memorial Chapel this noon.

Long before the time set for the ceremony curious spectators were out in large numbers, and the police with difficulty kept the crowds back from the canopied entrance. The guests began to arrive about 11:45 A. M., and at that time Prof. J. Hazard Wilson began his organ recital. The music was continued until the bridal party arrived at the chaped in the handsome traps bearing the coat of arms of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer. The whips in the sockets were tied with white satin ribbons, and this same style and color was used on the horses.

The bridal party arrived eight minutes before the appointed hour, and entered the church. The building was very warm; in fact, several ladies came near fainting, and were compelled to seek the air near the entrance. The gathering was a brilliant one, for among the guests who packed the chapel were the greater part of the Summer colony and the heads of the army. Prior to the wedding service the Saint Cecelia Quartet sang Gounod's Sanctus and the Wedding March from "Lohengrin."

Major Gen. Miles entered the chapel accompanied by Gen. Merritt and Adjt. Gen. Corbin and their staffs. They were followed by Baron Schlipenbach, the Russian Consul General at Chicago. The Baron, like the army officers, was in his uniform and wore his decorations. Mrs. Grant, wife of Gen. Grant, followed soon after Gen. Miles, and then came Mrs. Grant, mother of the bride, and Mrs. Potter Palmer, the bride's aunt. During the wedding ceremony the front doors of the chapel were left open for air, and the noise of the large gathering without could be plainly heard throughout the services.

Promptly at the noon hour the organist began the wedding march from "Lohengrin," and the bridegroom and his best man came from the right-hand waiting room, his dress being a frock coat and light trousers with a pencil stripe. His tie was white Japanese pongee silk and his boutonniere was of delicate white orchids, while the best man wore lilies of the valley. Honore Palmer, cousin of the bride, acted for the Grand Duke Cyril on this occasion. The position of honor, which is strictly a Russian custom, was taken by the Grand Duke Vladimir of Russia.

THE WEDDING CEREMONY.

The bridegroom and his best man waited within the altar rails and, preceded by the eight ushers, Worthington Whitehouse, John Prentiss, Potter Palmer, Jr., a cousin of the bride; Robert L. Gerry, H. Roger Winthrop, Lockwood Honore, uncle of the bride; Capt. Algernon Sartoris, United States Volunteers, who served on Gen. Lee's staff during the war, and is also a cousin of the bride, and Lothrop Randolph, the bride, resting on the arm of her brother, U. S. Grant, third, walked to the altar rail, where she was met by the bridegroom. Then Bishop Potter of New York, assisted by the Rev. R. J. Nevins, D. D., of the American Church at Rome, began the service of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The marriage was performed by the Rev. Emery H. Porter, rector of Emanuel Church of this city, who was the only local clergyman assisting in the ceremony. Being a Rhode Island clergyman, he was the only one who could tie the nuptial knot, according to the laws of this State.

While the questions were being asked the bride and bridegroom their answers were barely audible to the many guests who were present.

The bride looked stately and handsome, and was perfectly at home through the service. Her gown was severely cut, and was quite simple in design. It was of rich white satin, with a sweeping train, and a very long tulle veil. Real orange blossoms were used in the shape of a wreath upon her hair where the veil was caught. She carried a shower bouquet of stephanotis and lilies of the valley, and wore the brilliant gifts of the bridegroom, corsage ornaments of diamonds and enamel, with a rope of mother of pearls.

The best man, ushers, and U. S. Grant third wore pearl stick pins, the gift of the bridegroom.

The complete programme at All Saints' Memorial Chapel, under the direction of Prof. J. Hazard Wilson, began at 11:30 o'clock. The following selections were rendered upon the organ:

Gavotte, Ilsey; "Widmung," Schumann; "Escarpolette," La Fontaine; "Wedding March," Schlesinger; Elevation, Batiste; Sanctus, Gounod; "Evening Star," Wagner; Largo, Handel. At noon—"Bridal March," from "Lohengrin," Wagner; "Wedding March" Mendelssohn.

As the bride and bridegroom walked through the aisle to their carriage, followed by the ushers, the best man, the family of the bride, and the guests, every one stood on tiptoe to catch a glimpse of them. Both looked extremely happy, as did the mother of the bride, and, in fact, all her relatives. Mrs. Grant, mother of the bride, left the church resting on the arm of her son, Cadet Grant, with Mrs. Potter Palmer.

The crowd outside the church had greatly increased in numbers while the services were being held, and when the bride and bridegroom were leaving the church there was a rush to secure a sight of them as they drove away in a large closed carriage.

When the guests had all left there was a scramble for the floral decorations used at the church, and many of the curious ones obtained parts of them.

DECORATIONS AT THE CHURCH.

The floral decorations of All Saints' Memorial Chapel were the most elaborate ever seen here. For the past week the florists have drawn from the floral markets of New York and Boston to obtain the materials which were used in the adornment of the church where the ceremony was performed, and of Beaulieu, where the reception took place. The church is plain in design and simple in structure, and with its broad aisles lent itself to the style of decorations chosen by Mrs. Potter Palmer and the florists. Palms and tropical plants were banked on either side of the entrance and were continued on up the centre aisle to the altar, and these, with the tall palms and the grand tree ferns placed at intervals along the sides of the aisle, made a complete avenue of green from the sidewalk to the chancel of the church. The palms were all placed on white Italian columns, standing about four feet high. At the base of each individual palm there was a large bunch of white roses, white orchids, and lilies of the valley. Suspended from the ceiling were massive green garlands festooned with white flowers, making a complete bower of white and green throughout the chapel.

The large columns in the church were festooned entirely with white trailing vines and garlanded with loose bunches of American Beauty roses all tied with broad satin sash ribbon to match the roses. The fourteen large windows on either side of the chapel were banked with fine ferns. In the centre of these banks, in each window, large vases of long-stemmed American Beauty roses, tied with a broad ribbon to match the roses, were placed. The altar decorations were of white and American Beauty roses. The altar was banked on either side with Australian tree ferns grouped from the altar rails in a semi-circle to either side, and in front of these were placed at least twenty of the finest bushes of American Beauty roses in full bloom.

The altar rail was completely covered with masses of the "Bride" rose, pure white in color. The altar steps were carpeted with this same "Bride" rose, and in front of the spot where the bridal pair knelt there was placed a white satin pillow embroidered with orange blossoms. The large, plain wall in the rear of the chancel was festooned with long fernlike vines of the asparagus plumosa, through which trailed garlands of "Bride" rose. Above and entire altar and chancel there were suspended hundreds of baskets of growing white orchids intermingled with many white floral wedding bells, which hung directly over the heads of the bridal couple. Long garlands of the "Bride" rose were carried from these bells up to the two grand Italian columns on either side, thus completely encircling the wedding party.

RECEPTION AND BREAKFAST.

At Beaulieu, the Summer residence of Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer, the Prince and Princess Cantacuzene received the congratulations of their relatives and friends. Mulaly's Orchestra, brought especially from Boston and hidden behind massive palms in a tent, rendered a delightful programme of music.

The St. Cecelia Quartet also sang a number of selections, while Prof. Wilson was the accompanist and in charge of the music generally.

Later breakfast was served, and during the meal toasts were drunk to the Prince and his charming wife, the Princess. The most charming toast of the breakfast was that to the absent parent. The guests and the family stood and drank to the health of Brig. Gen. Grant, who is in the Far East.

Two large flags, one of the United States, and the other that of Russia, were flown to the breeze on the cliff side of the cottage, as arranged by the Prince and Mrs. Palmer. The flag of Russia was sent by a relative of the Prince.

Those at the bride's table were Prince Cantacuzene, Princess Cantacuzene, Miss Elsie French, Miss Louise Potter, Miss Lily Oelrichs, Miss Dorothea Potter, Miss Daisy Post, Miss Madelin Goddard, Miss Edith Gray, Miss Fannie Jones, Miss Rosemary Sartoris, Miss Sartoris, Miss Marion Fish, Worthington Whitehouse, A. C. Honore, Lockwood Honore, Potter Palmer, Jr., Honore Palmer, Cadet U. S. Grant, 3d, John Prentiss, Lothrop Randolph, Robert L. Gerry, and Captain Algernon Sartoris.

The toilets of the ladies were magnificent, among which were the following:

Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant wore a severely plain gray cloth Princess gown almost covered with Russian lace and a bonnet of steel, with wings and a knot of velvet with a jewel in the front.

Mrs. Potter Palmer wore an empire gown with maize cloth and Irish lace. The skirt alternated with ruffles of cloth and lace. Her hat was of white lace with black aigrettes.

Mrs. U. S. Grant wore a gros grain silk gown trimmed almost entirely with real Brussels lace. She wore the conventional real lace cap of a lady of her years.

Miss Vivian Sartoris, mauve cloth gown with Irish lace, with a mauve poke hat trimmed with tulle and wings.

Miss Rosemary Sartoris wore gray cloth of Princess design, while her gray poke hat was trimmed with white feathers and a touch of blue.

Miss Elsie French wore a gown of tan cloth, with a combination of light blue and black velvet with Irish lace, and a black beaver hat, with light blue feathers.

Miss Edith Clapp was gowned in a Princess dress of blue cloth with Irish lace. Her hat was light blue tulle, with black feathers.

Miss Lily Oelrichs wore white crêpe de chine, trimmed with chiffon lace, and a white poke hat.

Miss Eades of Washington wore a gown of white and black embossed velvet, trimmed with Irish lace.

Mrs. Daniel B. Fearing wore light blue silk, embroidered in steel, and a light blue hat.

Mrs. J. De Forest Danielson wore a tailor-made gown of mauve cloth, trimmed with velvet, and a walking hat.

Mrs. Pembroke Jones, white embroidered crêpe de chine, with a touch of black velvet, and a white tulle hat, with black aigrettes.

Mrs. James A. Swan, a Princess gown of pink cloth, with a pink poke hat to match.

Mrs. E. Rollins Morse wore a white lace Renaissance gown, with a lace bonnet to match.

Miss Anna Sands wore blue liberty silk, trimmed with black velvet and white lace.

Mrs. Richard McCreery, a gown of rose cloth of light blue, embroidered with steel.

Miss Davis wore a fetching gown of pink cloth and a large black hat.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, a black lace gown over white, embroidered in steel, and a black tulle hat.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs was gowned superbly in Irish lace. Her hat was trimmed with an immense white bird and lace to match.

Mrs. John Clinton Gray, a violet cloth gown, with bonnet to match.

Miss Lyman wore light blue crêpe de chine and a large yellow hat and black feathers.

Miss Marie Winthrop, white crêpe de chine, trimmed elaborately with Irish lace.

Miss Daisy Post, gray cloth, with Irish lace and light blue trimmings.

The menu of the breakfast was as follows:

Cream of chicken.
Essence de boeuf en tasse.
Huitres Sautées, fines herbes. Homard a L'Americain.
Ris de veau aux petits pois, filet piqué aux champignons farcis.
Pommes surprise.
Froid.
Gelatine de chapon. Froid de herdreaux.
Paté de foles gras en croute. Jambon de virginie.
Salade de volaille. Sandwiches assortis.
Glace fantaise, gateaux, bon bons, marrons glacés,
"Beaulieu," le 25 Septembre, 1899.

DECORATIONS AT BEAULIEU.

Two large banks of palms were placed on either side of the wide steps leading from the drive to the porte-cochère of Beaulieu. The large hall was transformed into a complete tropical forest of large ferns and palms. Hanging baskets were suspended from the ceiling filled with fine soft trailing vines. The entrance from the hall to the grand salon, where the Prince and Princess received, was completely covered with rich fine green vines festooned with delicate mauve colored orchids (Cattleya laviata), and from the centre was suspended a huge basket of growing orchids of the same variety. The salon was decorated entirely in white and delicate pale green ferns. In the large bay window at the south end of the room, where the bridal pair stood and received, there was hung a heavy canopy of white roses and lilies of the valley interwoven with white satin ribbon, and from this canopy trailed numerous long garlands of white roses, stephanotis and lily of the valley. These garlands were caught back in graceful loops to the lace curtains surrounding the bay window, and then trailed gracefully to the floor, thus nearly surrounding the bridal couple. The canopy was faced with a broad band of white roses interlaced with wide white satin ribbon. On either side of this bower stood two grand columns of white roses twelve feet in height. Around these rose columns were tied broad white satin ribbons brought over the heads of the couple and fastened in a large "lovers' knot" holding a bunch of white orchids.

At each of the four entrances of this salon there were placed two large columns of white roses built to correspond in height with those of the bridal bower. The electrical brackets on the side walls were festooned with white roses in long-stemmed sprays tied with white ribbons. The mantel and mirror were banked with white orchids and Farleyence fern. The large archway leading into the reception room where Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Palmer received was covered with growing orchids and trailing vines, the room itself being entirely decorated with American Beauty roses. Over their heads was suspended a fan-shaped hood entirely covered with roses, and on either side were placed two large trees, standing about 15 feet high, of American Beauty roses in full bloom. Fine vines of asparagus fern garlanded with American Beauty roses covered the archway leading into the conservatory. On either side of the mantel in this room were two large Italian columns decorated with green vines and wreathed with American Beauty roses. The mantel and mirror were banked with pale green Farleyence ferns, in the centre of which was a massive gold vase of roses. The fireplace was banked with bright-colored calladiums. The side walls were hidden by tall and graceful palms, and in the fountain in the centre of the room there were rare aquatic plants, all in full bloom. The parlor of the hall leading to the veranda was decorated with yellow flowers. At either side of the doors were four large columns, and these and the walls and the ceiling of the room were covered with green vines and clustered with the beautiful orchid Oncidium varicosum. The dining room was decorated with full-grown palms and the flowering vine Bouginvillea. The bridal table was spread in this room, and was covered with lilies of the valley, orchids, and stephanotis. On the broad veranda, where the small tables were arranged for the wedding breakfast, was a flower garden, with tall palms, numerous hanging baskets of bright flowering plants and rich trailing vines. The tables were decorated with mauve, yellow, and pink flowers.

Down the broad steps leading to the large tent, where the buffet table was laid, was an archway of vines. This tent was arranged in nooks of tall palms, feathery ferns, and vines. The library was decorated with red roses and palms. The decorations of the smoking room were all of green.

PRINCE AND PRINCESS LEAVE.

The Prince and Princess left the cottage shortly before 4 o'clock in a handsome closed carriage for New York, where they will remain at the Waldorf-Astoria for a short visit prior to sailing for Europe. They will visit several of the principal European capitals before starting for Odessa, where the castle of the Prince is situated, and where the couple will reside.

The carriage was placarded with a sign bearing an inscription on top of which was a crown and beneath were the words "Off for Russia." It was aglow with white satin ribbon, and the coachman and footman wore white asters. The young couple were given a hearty send-off with a shower of rice and a few old shoes as they departed from Beaulieu, with all of the family and the guests on the verandas or staircase. The valet of the Prince accompanied him.

The bride's traveling dress was of dark-blue cloth trimmed with white, with a close-fitting jacket to match. She wore a large hat.

It had been arranged for the young couple to be driven to the New York Yacht Club landing, and many people gathered there. Mr. Walters, as an advance guard for the Prince and Princess drove to the landing in his automobile with Mrs. Pembroke Jones, saw the crowd, and started back to meet the couple and report. The carriage of the Prince and Princess was met. After a hurried consultation the orders to the coachman were changed, and they were driven to the landing of L. Q. Jones, where the Narada's cutter took them over to the yacht. It is stated that when the Narada arrives in New York the cutter of the yacht will convey the couple to the steamer instead of going to the Waldorf-Astoria.

When the bride's cake was cut the plain gold ring was found by Potter Palmer, Jr.

THE ENGAGEMENT RING.

Miss Grant's engagement ring consists of a large emerald set in a circle of brilliant diamonds. This ring was made in Russia. The groom's wedding gift consisted of a diamond pendant worn from a string of pearls around the neck. The pendant is about the size of a twenty-dollar gold piece. The family of the Prince sent a number of the most valuable pieces of the family jewels.

It is understood that Mrs. Potter Palmer will visit the Cantacuzenes this Winter and spend some little time with them at St. Petersburg. Next Summer the Prince and Princess will visit the Potter Palmers at Newport. Mrs. Grant, mother of the Princess Cantacuzene, will pass a portion of the Winter with her daughter and son-in-law in Russia.

Mrs. Sartoris, sister of Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, was unable to be present owing to illness. Potter Palmer also was absent for the same reason.

Many cablegrams as well as telegrams of congratulation were received during the day, one especially being highly treasured—that from the bride's father in the Philippines. One came from President McKinley and several from the family of the Prince, in Russia.

The gifts were all carefully packed and will be shipped to Odessa to-morrow.

GUESTS PRESENT.

Among the guests at the wedding and at the reception were Mrs. U. S. Grant, grandmother of the bride; H. Honore, grandfather of the bride, Mrs. Honore, the bride's grandmother, being absent through illness; Adrain C. Honore, Mrs. Harry H. Honore, Jr., Lockwood Honore, Capt. Algeron Sartoris, Adjt. Gen. Corbin, Gen. and Mrs. Nelson A. Miles, Miss Miles, Gen. Wesley Merritt, Major T. Bentley Mott, Col. Michler of Gen. Miles's staff, Col. and Mrs. O. L. Hein, ex-Minister Samuel Thayer, Col. and Mrs. Tillman, Judge and Mrs. Pryor, Gen. and Mrs. Butterfield, Gen. and Mrs. F. V. Greene, Gen. and Mrs. Grant Wilson, Admiral S. B. Luce, Bourke Cockran, Mrs. Senator Elkins, W. Teplow, Russian Consul General at New York; Baron Schlippenbach, Russian Consul General at Chicago; George Allart, Chargé d'Affaires of the British Embassy.

W. Max Muller and Humphreys-Owen of the British Embassy, Mr. and Mrs. William Post, Miss Daisy Post, Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Prescott Lawrence, Egerton L. Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. I. Goddard, Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., Mrs. Ladenburgh, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Wilson, Marshall Field, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Col. George R. Fearing, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Sheldon, Mr. and Mrs. H. Mortimer Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. George B. De Forest, Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Berwind, Henry Walters, Mr. and Mrs. Egerton Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. Richard McCreery, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel B. Fearing, Mrs. Gammell, Mr. Thomas F. Cushing, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. D. Lanier, Mr. and Mrs. Emmett, Mr. Farragut, Mr. and Mrs. W. Watts Sherman, W. Forbes Morgan, Mrs. William R. Travers, Mrs. Admiral Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. E. Rollins Morse, Mr. and Mrs. Herman B. Duryea, Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Miss McAllister, F. L. V. Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh, Mrs. Newcomb, Mrs. Richard Gambrill, Mrs. Burke-Roche,

NEW THEATRICAL BILLS

Another New Farce and Some Well-Known Plays Revived.

VARIOUS DRAMATIC TOPICS

"A Stranger in a Strange Land," "Rupert of Hentzau," "In Mizzoura," and "We-Uns of Tennessee."

It is a pity that the authors of the new farce or extravaganza called "A Stranger in a Strange Land," produced at the Manhattan Theatre last night, had not acquired a fuller knowledge of the rudiments of the playwright's craft before they put together the comic ideas, ancient and modern, that seemed to them sufficient material for a marketable play. For they have just missed, through their lack of skill and the sense of artistic proportion, turning out an extraordinarily profitable piece. There were many moments in which the habitual theatregoer was reminded of the first night of "My Friend from India," a farce wild and crude enough, to be sure, that did not have the advantage in its first performance of such good acting, but was, nevertheless, a great hit. But the new piece, though it may cause some innocent laughter for a little while, will never have the vogue of its predecessor. An experienced craftsman could surely have reconstructed this thing in the manuscript so as to preserve all the comic points the inexperienced young authors have managed to make, and yet to give it the sort of dramatic verity that even a farce needs. In its present shape the piece is too often merely preposterous.

There are three noble red men in "A Stranger in a Strange Land." One of them is the real thing, a quack doctor's advertisement, a pilferer and drunkard, acted with admirable gravity by George Osbourne. The other two are bogus Indians, and the identity of the three is hopelessly confused. There is the glib light-comedy liar played, in his accustomed bright and telling manner, by Cyril Scott. There is a self-satisfied old blunderer portrayed with rich humor by M. A. Kennedy. There is an American confidence operator taking advantage of the Wild West craze in London and knowing a "good thing" when he sees it, and to the demands of this rôle Walter Hale responds nobly.

There are other good parts, all acted well. But no part is quite as good as it might be, and the illusion never holds for five minutes together, so clumsy and inartistic is the construction, so violent the needless demands upon the credulity of the spectator. Still, there are some good laughs in "A Stranger in a Strange Land."

Jack Thorndyke	Cyril Scott
Mr. Charles Dudley	M. A. Kennedy
Dr. John Boller	Walter Hale
Ta-Mo-Nee	George Osbourne
Arthur Lowe	Walter Clifford
Harrington	James T. Galloway
Watson	Charles W. Swain
Jenkins	Frank Burke
Alice Wellington	Maud White
Mrs. Holcombe	Kate Lester
May Holcombe	Angela McCaull
Grace Thorndyke	Katherine Mulkins
Matilda	Jane Corcoran

GARDEN THEATRE REOPENED.

James K. Hackett Reappears as King Rudolf and Rassendyll.

The season began at the Garden Theatre last night. Mr. Frohman intends to devote this well-appointed playhouse to star engagements. Mr. James K. Hackett, idol of the "matinée girls," is the first of the stars, and his play is the dramatization of the sequel to "The Prisoner of Zenda," called "Rupert of Hentzau," in which he is admirably fitted in the attractive dual rôle of the weak and ailing King and the adventurous, purposeful, and romantic Rudolf Rassendyll.

"Rupert of Hentzau" is an uncommonly good play, involving many interesting scenes and some thrilling ones, and developing in the last act a new situation of unusual poetic beauty and dramatic force. In current comment upon things theatrical the tendency to belittle is too frequently uppermost. This scene of Rassendyll's great temptation has not been appreciated at its worth. If romantic drama is a fine and beneficent thing, (and who doubts that?) a play possessing a scene of so great imaginative power as this is surely a boon.

Mr. Hackett, at this stage of his career, is a rather stiff and formal young actor of fine presence, with an uncommonly attractive face and a voice of good quality. His resources is not large, but this dual rôle, given in the fine scene just mentioned, makes no extraordinary demands on the actor's powers of expression. The house was crowded last night, and the audience seemed well pleased.

A few changes have been made in the cast since the play was last acted here. Edward Donnelly is now Gruff Sapt. But Jobyna Howland and Arthur Hoops retain their old roles as Flavia and deadly Rupert.

MURRAY HILL THEATRE.

Mr. Donnelly Begins His New Season with "In Mizzoura."

Mr. Henry V. Donnelly began the second season of his management at the Murray Hill Theatre yesterday, continuing the policy which proved so profitable in that well-appointed and eligible playhouse last Winter. Performances are given afternoon and evening of plays of acknowledged merit, the prices asked for seats are small, and a competent stock company is employed.

This week's piece is "In Mizzoura," by Augustus Thomas, a domestic drama of life in the Southwest in which the foolish fancy of an artisan's too well-educated daughter for an unworthy adventurer and the unrequited love of an estimable but droll Sheriff form the romantic peg upon which some capital studies of character are hung. The play was well worth reviving, and the performance is commended to those persons who found rational enjoyment in Mr. Donnelly's theatre last season.

The distribution of roles insured a very creditable performance. Mr. Donnelly himself appeared as Bluff Jo Vernon, the wheelwright, while the role of Jem Radburn, the Sheriff, was filled acceptably by the new leading man, Ralph Stuart. Hannah May Bingham was the heroine and Walter Allen and Georgia Welles that amusing pair, Dave and Lisbeth.

"We-Uns of Tennessee" Again.

"We-Uns of Tennessee," which was produced at the American Theatre last Spring, was revived there last night as a Dewey week attraction. The play involves pictures of camp life in the Spring of 1898, and its fable concerns the love of a nice girl and a heroic youth, the course of which does not run smooth, and the vengeance of a hard-fisted mountaineer whose sister has been foully dealt with.

There have been many changes in the cast, but the present company is quite equal to the play, artistically speaking, and the scenic effects are admirable.

Theatres and Music Halls.

HARLEM OPERA HOUSE.—Smythe and Rice's London Comedy Company returned to this city last night to present to Harlem theatregoers the three-act comedy, "A Little Ray of Sunshine." The performance shows the same humor and pathos which recently delighted audiences at Wallack's Theatre.

EDEN MUSÉE.—The arrangements for entertaining visitors during Dewey week have been completed. New cinematograph views of the war in the Philippines and views of the war in Cuba and Puerto Rico were shown, together with a new series of mysterious pictures. During the week the Musée will be open from 9 A. M. until 11 o'clock at night.

KEITH'S UNION SQUARE THEATRE.—The programme this week is one composed of interesting specialties made up as follows: Ezra Kendall, in his monologue work; Harry Lacy, assisted by Miss Ida Van Sicklen, in a humorous sketch, called "Sam Todd of Yale"; Ching Ling Foo, the trio Onllaw, De Haven and Mai, and new pictures by the biograph.

PROCTOR'S PALACE.—Miss Ida Fuller's spectacular illuminated specialty, consisting of "Fire and Flame," "Spirit of the Storm," "Magic Lily," and "A Color Study," were brilliantly presented yesterday. Some of the other features were Della Rocca the violiniste, Elinore sisters, eccentric comediennes McCalve and Daniels, the Troubadour Trio, and George E. Austin.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S MUSIC HALL.—A superior programme was offered last night to the patrons of this house, the star feature being Henry E. Dixey. Tim Murphy, Lizzie Evans and her company, Matthews and Harris, Harding and Ah Sid, Stanley and Wilson, James Cullen, Blanche Ring, and Dick and Alice McAvoy made up the remaining numbers on the bill.

HUBER'S MUSEUM.—The bill at Manager George H. Huber's establishment this week is larger and contains more special numbers than ever before. Enoch the man fish gave his wonderful water act, the D'Acos performed some rifle sharpshooting, a Chinese opium joint was exhibited, and contortionists, acrobats, dancers, and other freaks were found in the curio halls.

FOURTEENTH STREET THEATRE.—Last night's performance of Mr. Tillotson's play, "A Young Wife," marked the beginning of the second month of its engagement. For this week Manager Rosenquest announces four matinées, beginning Wednesday and continuing to the end of the week. A handsome souvenir for the fiftieth performance, which takes place on Oct. 13, is being prepared.

KOSTER & BIAL'S MUSIC HALL.—The programme presented last night, which will be continued for the week, is in keeping with the policy adopted by the new management since the house opened. Miss Ada Colley continues to be the feature, with Mme. Dagmar, De Courcey brothers, Ed Lauri, Little Florizelle, Mlle. Urso, John W. Ransone, Mlle. Sange, Tony Fernandez, and Dorothy Drew making up the remaining part of the programme.

PROCTOR'S THEATRE.—Mme. Camille Darville continues this week as the leading feature of Mr. Proctor's programme. Yesterday she included in her repertoire of songs selections which were not heard last week. The balance of the bill includes Walton's trained monkeys, Lillian Green, and William Friend in a sketch, "Mrs. Bruno's Burglar"; Mlle. Erna's performing dogs, Will F. Denny, Darmody, Fonte Boni brothers, and others.

DEWEY THEATRE.—The attraction offered this week is the American Burlesquers, headed by the comedian, W. B. Watson, whose Hebrew impersonations are somewhat clever. Miss Jeannette Dupre presented some of her French songs. Sheehan and Kennedy, Irish comedians; Marie Bartlett, Mildred Murray, the Monroe sisters, Reynolds and Page, Mitchell and Berwick, and George Diamond made up the vaudeville portion of the entertainment.

NEW YORK THEATRE AND ROOF GARDEN.—The eight Mascottes recently brought to this country by George W. Lederer made their first appearance last night in "The Man in the Moon," and also on the roof. Their specialty is a decided novelty, combining eccentric dancing, singing, and playing of musical instruments. Mlle. Margerite Carmille rendered some new songs, and the Neapolitan Orchestra was also heard for the first time.

THEATRICAL FIRM BANKRUPT.

Mme. & Augustin Neuville, Players and Managers, File a Petition.

Rosina and Augustin Neuville, who were partners, as Mme. & Augustin Neuville, players and theatrical managers, of 9 East Fourteenth Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,442, contracted from 1892 to 1897. They owe $6,048 for printing, $1,562 for borrowed money, and $343 for salaries.

Among the creditors are Henry Siebert, Brother & Co., $3,023, for printing; J. Brinkemeyer-Correspondent Print, Piqua, Ohio, $2,584, for printing; E. W. Fraser, Yonkers, $2,620, for scenery, and Milton Nobles, $30, for royalties. Augustin Neuville has individual debts of $1,495, of which $1,358 is to Marv R. Wiebe, for borrowed money, and assets of $40 in scenery. Mrs. Neuville has assets of $50, consisting of the play "The Boy Tramp."

Retirement of Miss Giroux.

Miss Marion Giroux, who was compelled to retire from the cast of "Why Smith Left Home," at the Madison Square Theatre, last week, owing to illness, has permanently retired from the company, and her place will be taken by Miss Brandon Douglas, who has been identified with a road company in the same play.

Rear Admiral Philip a Guest.

Rear Admiral Philip, commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, has accepted the invitation of the management of the Banda Rossa to attend the concert given by the band at Madison Square Garden this evening, and will be the guest of honor on the occasion. The Rear Admiral will be accomanied by his staff.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

There was an exodus from the suburbs to the city yesterday morning of families who had waited over Sunday to come to town, so as to be here through the excitements of carnival week. This exodus was hastened in some localities by the change from the Summer to the Autumn and Winter schedules on the part of the railroad and steamboat companies. All the boats on the Long Branch and Jersey Coast route will be withdrawn on Thursday, at least a fortnight earlier than usual, and this led to the crowding of the morning boats and trains from Atlantic Highlands yesterday morning. Numbers of cottages which would not have been closed, except for carnival week, until perhaps the middle of October, were yesterday boarded up, from Atlantic Highlands to Belmar, and the unusually early removal of Summer facilities was the universal topic of discussion among the thousands of Summer sojourners on the New Jersey shore yesterday.

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The up-town fashionable streets and the Avenue were thronged again yesterday all day and evening with out-of-town visitors and sightseers, and the erection of hundreds of new parade stands was watched by crowds of curious spectators, as if there was something very novel in the sight. Most of the club stands were finished yesterday, and the stands in front of private houses are now being put up. The restaurant keepers and caterers have refused to take any more orders to serve luncheons in private houses along the line of the parade on Saturday, and tables cannot be reserved in any of the fashionable restaurants for Friday or Saturday. This evening and tomorrow the Newport fashionables who remained there to witness the wedding of Prince Cantacuzene and Miss Grant will come to town, and it is already hard to believe, so many familiar faces are seen on all sides, that it is not November and Horse Show week.

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Among those who arrived on the St. Paul on Saturday, and whose names have not already been published were Baron Aliotti, whose coming was announced in this column a week ago; Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Aspinwall and Miss Florence Aspinwall, Ernest F. Ayrault, Miss Mary Aldrich, S. H. Agnew, the hero of the unique round-robin testimonial on his outward voyage in August last, and which was described in this column of Saturday; Gen. McCoskry Butt, Mrs. Butt, and two sons; Mrs. C. S. Carstairs of Philadelphia and four children, Mr. and Mrs. Quincey A. Chase and two children, Miss Curtis, H. Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Esler and son, Mr. and Mrs. Richard H. Ewart, Miss Frelinghuysen and Master F. Frelinghuysen, Mr. and Mrs. William Pierson Field, Henry L. Gaw, Mr. and Mrs. J. Woodward Haven and child, Augustus Jay, Jr., L. K. Jay, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Johnston, Judge T. A. Moran and Mrs. Moran, Col. Thomas Ochiltree, Mrs. William Pepper, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Dwight Shepard, Fred Shepard, Mr. and Mrs. Shoblock Swann, Clement Scott, J. Clinch Smith, Mr. and Mrs. James Leland Thompson, Judge James M. Varnum and Mrs. Varnum, J. J. Van Alen and J. L. Van Alen, Mrs. Andrew Judson White, the Hon. Charles Henry Wyndham, and Mr. and Mrs. John Munroe and Miss Julia Hunt. Mr. and Mrs. Munroe and Mrs. Munroe's daughter, Miss Hunt, who is a half sister of Mrs. Marion Story, have come over from Paris for a few weeks' stay. Mr. Clinch Smith, who went abroad with Mrs. Smith in June last, left Mrs. Smith in Aix. She will return later in the season. Mr. Esler went over in August on the Majestic to bring back his wife, who sailed in July.

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Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., will sail for Europe on the Campania on Oct. 7, and may be accompanied by Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs. The Prince and Princess Cantacuzene, Mrs. Hazeltine, and Prof. D. B. Neuman are booked to sail on the Saale for Southampton to-day.

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The New York brings a very heavy passenger list. It is due here on Saturday. Among those said to be on her are Mrs. George L. Kingsland, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Paterson, Mr. R. Stuyvesant, Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Wilmerding, Mr. Joseph R. Wainwright, Mrs. Trenor L. Park, Miss Park, the Count and Countess de Fourtales, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Alexander. On the Normandie, which is due Saturday, are Mr. I. Townsend Burden and Mr. Arthur Blake. On the Victoria are Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock and Mrs. and Miss Wanamaker. Mr. Howard Conkling, who has been at Homburg, where he has entertained very handsomely, is on the Auguste Victoria.

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Mrs. Duncan Elliot is booked on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, sailing from Cherbourg for this country. She and her children have been passing the Summer in Europe, and a part of the time they were guests of Mr. Robert Hargous, Mrs. Elliot's brother, at Venice. Mr. Hargous and Mrs. "Jack" Gardner of Boston have been among the latest permanent residents from the United States in Venice. Mr. Hargous has been there about three years. He has somewhat modernized many ideas of Venetian housekeeping, and in his palace are the very latest improvements. Unfortunately the spirit of modern improvement has gone through the city to such an extent that soon there will be no gondolas or gondoliers there. They are all to be replaced by steam launches, and Hopkinson Smith's pictures of retired canals with latter-day gondolas and gondoliers will be as much contributions to history as others representing Venice in olden days. The gondolier, like the dodo, will be soon extinct.

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Miss Muriel Wilson, who is still at the Astoria with her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Wilson, and the two young Englishmen who accompanied their party, is an object of great curiosity to the throng of strangers and out-of-town visitors who now crowd the corridors of that hotel. One of her constant attendants is Mr. Robert Walton Goelet, only son of the late Robert Goelet, whose mother was Miss Warren. Mr. Goelet came over on the Majestic with the Wilsons, and was continually with them during the voyage. His attentions to Miss Wilson, both on the trip and since her arrival in this city, have quite naturally started the story which is now in circulation that an engagement between the young people may be an event of the near future. Mr. Goelet inherited an enormous fortune from his father.

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All sports in the suburbs are languishing this week, and even golf tournaments and meets of the hounds have been postponed until after the Dewey celebration, while the cup races will detract again next week from the interest in golf. The Meadow Brook hounds, which held their first formal meet of the season last Saturday, had a good field and a fine run. There will be meets and runs three times a week during October.

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The engagement is announced of Mr. James A. G. Beales, son of the late James A. G. Beales, and brother of Mrs. J. Rich Steers, and Miss Margaret Towle, youngest daughter of Mr. Stevenson Towle of this city, who has a beautiful country place at Rye, N. Y.

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The birth of a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Almeric Hugh Paget yesterday was the subject of conversation at the fashionable restaurants, and many congratulations were sent to the Paget residence.

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The news from Scotland just now is of large bags of game and the success of the various "meetings." At the Northern meeting, where there were the usual games, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin had a party, in which were William Waldorf Astor, Miss Astor, Waldorf Astor, Jr., Ambassador and Mrs. and Miss Choate, and Mr. H. M. Sands. This has been called their American house party, although since the invitations were issued people are asked a long time in advance—Mr. Astor has changed his nationality. The Carnegies are having a royal time at their Scottish castle, and Dumfries, the native town of Andrew Carnegie, will make a special fête when he visits it, on Oct. 12, for the purpose of laying the cornerstone of the new public library there.

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Miss Kernochan of Madison Square and Miss Baldwin, who have been abroad all Summer, will return on the same ship as Mrs. Elliot, and there are also booked on the list Mr. and Mrs. Lorillard Ronalds, Jr., and Mr. Rhinelander Stewart. Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Kernochan will remain some time longer at their country place, at Navesink Highlands.

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Mrs. Ogilvy Haig has been taking the cure at Kissingen. Her after cure is to be taken in quite a novel manner. She is to join her husband, who has a place in Scotland, for a short time, and then to go on a round of visits to various Scottish country places in a motor car. Mrs. Astor will visit her daughter, Mrs. Haig, while she is abroad.

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Mrs. Dunlap Hopkins has also been taking the Kissengen cure, and among the Californians known in New York who were at this spa were Mme. Barroilhet and her niece Miss Thompson and Mr. Peter J. Donohue, one of the Pope's Chamberlains, one of the wealthiest bachelors in San Francisco and known the wide world over.

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In an obituary notice the other day of the late Remsen Schenck he was said to have been the uncle of Mrs. Frederick Wilmerding, Mrs. Shepard, and the late Mrs. Louis Wilmerding. He was their brother. He and Mr. Charles Edey were brothers-in-law. Mr. Schenck was a widower, and at one time a man of large fortune. He left two young sons.

NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Sept. 25.—George Gordon King has sold his villa, known as Edgehill, situated on Harrison and Beacon Hill Road, to Mrs. Herman B. Duryea. This property comprises about twenty-two acres of land, a stone dwelling and stable, and also a stone landing pier in Brenton's Cove, together with a way leading from Harrison Avenue to it between the estates of Henry White and the late William F. Burden.

The Rev. Richard Arnold Greene is announced to supply the pulpit of the First Presbyterian Church in the absence of the pastor during the month of October.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Russak, née Barnard, are making a visit here.

James J. Van Alen, accompanied by his son, James Lawrence Van Alen, will return to New York for a visit to-morrow.

Adjt. Gen. H. C. Corbin, K. R. Richards, Eames McVeagh, and Kenneth Wilson are registered at the Casino.

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills and family have closed their Newport season and have gone to Staatsburg for the Fall season.

Mrs. John Clinton Gray entertained at luncheon to-day.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Elkins of West Virginia, the Right Hon. Cecil Brownstow of England, and Messrs. William Gibson and R. J. Gibson of England were registered at The Cliffs Hotel to-day.

Francis P. Freeman has closed his cottage, Tower Top, and has gone to New York for the Dewey celebration and the yacht races.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt have gone to New York and will sail for Europe on Oct. 7. Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs will join them in New York this week.

The steam yacht Carmita has sailed for Boston, where she will be placed out of commission.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Cornelia C. Stockton, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. C. Stockton of the navy, to Lieut. Frederick A. Traut of the navy, attached to the War College. Lieut. Traut served on board the cruiser New Orleans during the Spanish war. The father of Miss Stockton is President of the War College, and his last sea duty was in command of the Yorktown on the Asiatic Station.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

John Sleeper Clarke.

A cable dispatch from London announces the death there yesterday of John Sleeper Clarke, the famous comedian and theatre manager. Though Mr. Clarke was an American, he had dwelt in England many years, and his very name was probably unknown to the majority of American playgoers of this generation. In the sixties, however, and until well along in the seventies, Mr. Clarke was well known here, and he did not sell his large holdings of theatrical property in Philadelphia until as late as 1887.

He was a brother-in-law of Edwin Booth, his wife having been the famous tragedian's elder sister Asia, and in the middle sixties was Booth's business partner in the management of the famous Winter Garden Theatre in this city, and the big Boston Theatre. He was esteemed in his prime one of the best of comedians. As Dr. Pangloss in "The Heir at Law," Major de Boots in "A Widow Hunt," Tyke in "The School of Reform," Farmer Ashfield in "Speed the Plough," Timothy Toodle in "The Toodles," and a dozen other rôles once admired he was accounted positively great.

Mr. Clark was born in Baltimore Sept 3, 1833. In his twentieth year was employed in comic rôles at the Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, in succession to the elder John Drew. For a term of years he was a partner of William Wheatley in the management of theatres in Philadelphia and Baltimore. In 1861 he made his first appearance in New York. In 1864 his partnership with Booth commenced, and in 1867 he went to London, where he made his home.

He was for a short term joint manager with the late E. A. Sothern of the Haymarket Theatre in London, and had been for many years the owner of the historic Strand Theatre. He had very profitable engagements in this country, beginning in 1870, and was here professionally as recently as 1881. But he never resumed his residence here, and the fact that he was subjected to some harsh treatment as a Southern sympathizer during the civil war and at the time of the assassination of President Lincoln by his crazy brother-in-law, John Wilkes Booth, has been mentioned as the reason of his withdrawal. He was often spoken of as an actor of large means.

His sons, Creston and Wilfred, are both on the stage in this country.

Jared B. Flagg.

The death of the Rev. Dr. Jared B. Flagg, which occurred yesterday morning from heart disease at his residence, 253 West Forty-second Street, will recall many memories to older New Yorkers of the early Academy and of days when art education was new in this city.

Jared B. Flagg, who was born in 1820, and who, therefore, died in his eightieth year, was one of the earliest Academicians, and for many years of his life was a noted portrait painter. He gave evidence of his taste for art when a boy, and studied in the studio of his brother, George W. Flagg, and afterward under Washington Allston. He first exhibited at the National Academy in 1836, or when he was but sixteen years old, a portrait of his father. In 1839, when he was nineteen years old, he exhibited "Angelo and Isabella," finding his subject in "Measure for Measure." In 1849 he was elected an Academician, and although he was ordained to the Episcopal ministry five years later, in 1854, he did not lay down his brush and his portraits were features of the Academy exhibitions for many successive years. He was chiefly known as a portrait painter, and although his work seems to-day very old-fashioned and can hardly bear the test of modern criticism, he had the faculty of catching a likeness, a fairly godd sense of color, and his portraits brought, for the times, high prices. His portrait of Commodore Vanderbilt was shown in the Centennial Exposition of 1876 at Philadelphia. Dr. Flagg preached for a short time at Hartford, Conn., but, as said above, made art more his profession. His death yesterday morning was very sudden. He came down to breakfast apparently well, seated himself at the table opposite his wife, and at once fell over. The family physician, Dr. E. M. Dillow, found the old man dead when he arrived, and that his death had been almost instantaneous. There survive him his widow and seven children, who are Mrs. Charles Scribner, the wife of the publisher; Mrs. Jaffray, Ernest Flagg, the architect; Montague C. Flagg, an artist of this city; Charles Noel Flagg, also an artist, whose studio is in Hartford, Conn.; Austin Flagg, a broker, and Jared B. Flagg, a real estate dealer.

Sylvester Johnson Curtis.

Sylvester Johnson Curtis, a member of the Stock Exchange since 1867 and well known in Wall Street for the last forty years, died early yesterday morning at his home, 39 West Twentieth Street. Death was caused by Bright's disease.

Mr. Curtis was born in Meriden, Conn., on Sept. 30, 1826, and was descended from a sturdy Puritan ancestry. He left Meriden at an early age and came to this city. While yet a very young man he was offered the Treasurership of the Meriden Britannia Company, just then organizing. He refused this offer. In 1849 Mr. Curtis, with several associates, chartered a ship and went to California. There the foundation of his fortune was laid. Returning to this city, he engaged in the dry goods business until 1861, in which year he associated himself with the banking house of Satterlee & Co. He left this concern a year later to organize the firm of S. J. Curtis & Co. Mr. Curtis enjoyed an enviable reputation throughout Wall Street career. He was perhaps most widely known as an expert on bonds. Long before the panic of 1873 he had predicted its approach. For some time previous to the final crash he had insisted on turning securities into cash, and during the period of greatest difficulty he was a large lender of money. Last March, when Mr. Curtis became aware that his death was perhaps only a matter of a few weeks, he took a considerable part of his fortune, an amount well over $1,000,000, and divided it among his family, which consisted of his wife, his daughter, and his son, Thomas E. H. Curtis. Mr. Curtis married, soon after his return from California, the daughter of Thomas E. Hulse of this city. The funeral services will take place at his residence at 8 o'clock P. M. to-morrow. The interment will be at Middletown, Conn.

William Burgoyne Bishop.

William Burgoyne Bishop died Sunday at the residence of his son-in-law, W. H. Granbery, 29 West Fifty-third Street, where he had lived for many years. He was eighty-seven years of age. Mr. Bishop had been an invalid for many years, his death being due to a complication of diseases. He was born in Gloucester, England, and came to this country when seventeen years of age, settling in Buffalo, N. Y. Mr. Bishop made his start in the dry goods business, and became wealthy in this and in other business enterprises. He settled in this city many years ago, and was made Secretary of the Open Board of Brokers, which preceded the organization of the Stock Exchange. He retired from active business some time ago. He early had confidence in the up-town movement and built the first house in Fifty-seventh Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, which was his residence for many years. In his earlier life he was the friend and associate of Millard Fillmore. Mr. Bishop was a widower, his second wife having died over two years ago. He was her second husband, and both had celebrated their golden wedding. Private services will be held at the house to-day.

Daniel E. Tuthill.

Daniel E. Tuthill, who was forty-six years old and one of the best known and most popular of the wheat operators on the New York Produce Exchange, died on Sunday of heart disease at Roosevelt Hospital. Mr. Tuthill was last Spring attacked with pneumonia and went to Europe in June. He returned last week in a critical condition and went directly to the hospital, where he died. He is survived by a widow and two children, who are at 64 West Seventy-seventh Street. Action on Mr. Tuthill's death will be taken at a meeting in the Manager's Room of the Produce Exchange to-day. Mr. Tuthill was at one time with Engs & Tyrrell, grain brokers, then a member of the firm of J. F. Tyrrell, and more recently in business for himself. He was an athlete when a young man, and a member of the Mystic Boat Club, of Newark, N. J. He was a member of the Marine and Field Club.

Dr. George A. Hendricks.

Dr. George A. Hendricks, Professor of Anatomy in the University of Minnesota, died at Minneapolis, Minn., Monday night of acute Bright's disease. Dr. Hendricks went to Minnesota in 1889 from the University of Michigan. He introduced the graded course in anatomy, of which he was the originator, in the university there. Mrs. Hendricks is at present on her way to Honolulu, where she is building a Winter home.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. E. EVERETT CHAMBERS died at Buffalo Sunday, aged seventy-nine years. He was born at Ogden, N. Y.

CHARLES DWIGHT JUDD, a life-long resident of West Orange, N. J., died at his residence in Llewellyn Park, in that township, Sunday of erysipelas. Mr. Judd was fifty-eight years old. He is survived by his widow and one son. The latter is Dwight Judd. He is a professor in the Smithsonian Institution at Washington, D. C.

ANDREW S. SCOTT died last Friday night at his home, 39 Vandam Street. He was sixty years old. His death was due to heart failure. Mr. Scott had been the manager of the Scott Printing Company, at 218 and 218 William Street, for forty years. His brother, John Scott, was for many years the head of the firm. Mr. Scott was born in Ireland. He is survived by a widow and one daughter.

STEPHEN HALLE MASON, aged sixty-five years, died at his home in Nutley, N. J., Sunday. He was born in Warren, R. I., and was President of the Mason Stable Company, Limited, of New York. His sons, Charles and Stephen, were associated with him in that business. He had lived in Nutley about five years, and always took an active interest in the affairs of that town. He was a member of the Yountakah Country Club, the Nutley Field Club, and the Yanticaw Gun Club. Mr. Mason is survived by his widow, two sons, and a married daughter.

THOMAS DARLING died on Saturday at his home, 349 West Thirty-fourth Street. He was eighty-three years old. He was born in New York at 35 Cortlandt Street, and was the son of Thomas Darling, an old East India merchant. Mr. Darling was a graduate of Yale University in the class of '33. He had recently been connected with the Murray Hill Bank. Mr. Darling was not married. The funeral services were held yesterday at the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, of which Mr. Darling was an old member. The burial was at New Haven, Conn.

CLAIBORNE FERRIS, formerly a chancery lawyer in this city, died on Saturday at his residence, in Westchester. Mr. Ferris was in his eighty-ninth year. He was born in New York in a house still standing at the corner of Pell Street and the Bowery. He studied law in the office of Gen. Bogardus, an old-time chancery lawyer, and afterward practiced law in the Chancery Court. He was elected to the State Assembly on the Democratic ticket in 1869 from Westchester County and served one year. He married Miss Anna W. Lamb of New York, who survives him. The funeral will be held this afternoon at his home. The Rev. Dr. Frank M. Clendenin, rector of St. Peter's Church, Westchester, will officiate.

Death of Capt. Haggerty.

Capt. Francis S. Haggerty, United States Navy, retired, died early yesterday morning at the Grand Union Hotel at the age of eighty-four years. Pneumonia was the cause of death. Capt. Haggerty was considered a character on account of his extreme reticence. He entered the United States Naval Academy from Pennsylvania in 1832, and was promoted to a Lieutenancy Dec. 19, 1843. During the civil war he received his commission as commander, and on account of injuries was retired May 5, 1862. He received his promotion as Captain in 1867, after his retirement.

HOTEL BURNED AT QUOGUE.

Occupants of the Beach House Asleep When the Fire Started.

QUOGUE, L. I., Sept. 25.—The large four-story frame hotel known as the Beach House was destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss was about $15,000. The only guests were the members of the family of John B. Ireland of New York. The proprietor, H. W. Wallett, his wife, and three children were asleep in the hotel at the time the fire was discovered. All escaped in safety and saved their personal effects.

The fire was caused by the explosion of a gasolene lamp in the kitchen on the ground floor. The flames spread rapidly, and in a very short time the whole building was enveloped. There is no Fire Department in this town. A bucket brigade was formed, but was of little use. The structure was built thirteen years ago. It was owned by a sister of John G. Wendel of New York.

PANIC AT A PASSAIC FIRE.

Inmates of a Tenement Have Narrow Escapes from Flames.

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 25.—A fire in Kaplan's big tenement house, on Second Street, near Mercer, in this city at 3 o'clock this morning caused a panic among the twenty families who occupy it. They escaped in their night clothes, and saved few of their possessions. The building was wrecked. Some of the tenants were almost suffocated by the smoke.

The fire started in the grocery store of A. Kaplan, on the ground floor, and was caused by the explosion of an oil lamp. The loss is estimated at about $5,000. George Hammell of Truck Company No. 1 was overcome by smoke while on the roof of the building and fell to the street. He was attended by an ambulance surgeon and taken to his home. He is badly injured. "Fred" Smith, a member of Engine Company No. 1, also was overcome by smoke and fell from one of the windows while trying to save some of the inmates. His injuries are painful. John Cillotsky and his wife were asleep in their apartments on the second floor, over the grocery store. Cillotsky saved himself by descending the back fire escape, and his wife was carried down the front stairs by a fireman. Both were almost suffocated. A man named Marconi also had a narrow escape.

New People's Church of Brooklyn.

Papers have been filed with the County Clerk of Kings County incorporating a new church society, to be known as the People's Church of Brooklyn. The incorporators are George W. Weiss, Thomas Haslam, Thomas S. Foster, Leslie T. Brockett, James H. Morrison, Louis Kupper, Sr., James H. Mudge, Edward B. Haslam, M. D., and James Johnson, all of whom are named as Trustees. The society will meet at 744 Humboldt Street until a church building is erected. W. Fred Silleck has been selected as pastor. The society has a charter membership of fifty-eight, all of whom are residents of the upper section of Williamsburg. While strictly orthodox, the new church will be free from denominational control.

Union Theological Seminary to Open.

The sixty-fourth academic year of the Union Theological Seminary opens with the enrollment of new students to-morrow morning. The opening address will be delivered at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon in the Adams Chapel, 700 Park Avenue, by the Rev. Thomas S. Hastings, D. D., LL. D. His subject will be "Man Made in the Image of God."

BUSINESS NOTICES.

"SACO." E. & W. The "SACO" shirt. "SACO."

DIED.

BENTON.—On Sept. 23, 1899, at Saranac Lake, N. Y., Kate A. Benton, wife of Samuel H. Benton of New York City.

St. Louis, Mo., papers please copy.

CURTIS.—At his late residence, 39 West Twentieth Street, on Monday morning at 1:15, after a lingering illness, Sylvester Johnson Curtis, in his 73d year.

Services will be held at his late residence, as above, at 9 o'clock on Wednesday evening. Interment at Middletown, N. Y., on Thursday. Middletown, N. Y., and Meriden, Conn., papers please copy.

FERRIS.—On Saturday, Sept. 23, 1899, Claiborne Ferris, in the 89th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Westchester, New York City, on Tuesday, Sept. 26, at 1:30 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Westchester Station, Harlem River Branch N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. on the arrival of the 12:45 P. M. train from 129th St Burial private.

FLAGG.—On Monday, Sept. 25, the Rev. Jared B. Flagg, D. D., son of the late Hon. Henry C. Flagg, in the eightieth year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at St. Bartholomew's Church, corner Forty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue, Wednesday morning, Sept. 27, at 10 o'clock. Interment New Haven, Conn. Kindly omit flowers.

GODFREY.—At McColloms in the Adirondacks, Sept. 24, 1899, of appendicitis, Jonathan Godfrey, Jr., only child of Jonathan and Mary E. Giles Godfrey, aged 4 years 2 months and 4 days.

Funeral at the residence of his parents, 486 Washington Av., Bridgeport, Conn., on Wednesday, Sept. 27, at 2 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

GURNEE.—Suddenly, on Monday afternoon, Sept. 25, George Gurnee, son of the late Clinton Gurnee and Emily Conklin, in his 63d year.

Funeral services at his late residence, Broadway, Nyack, N. Y., Thursday, 28th inst., at 3:15 P. M. Relatives and intimate friends are invited.

HOWELL.—On Monday, Sept. 25, at New Brunswick, N. J., Evangeline Healy, widow of the late John Russell Howell.

Funeral services at her late residence, 63 Paterson St., Wednesday, Sept. 27, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages at New Brunswick will meet train leaving New York at 1 P. M.

HOYT.—On Monday, Sept. 25, at Orange, N. J., Adelaide Rogers, wife of Frank C. Hoyt.

Funeral services at her late residence, 76 High Street, Orange, at 3:30 P. M. Wednesday, Sept. 27th, on arrival of 2:30 train, D., L. & W. R. R., foot of Christopher and Barclay Streets.

JUDD.—On Sunday morning, Sept. 24, Charles Dwight Judd, in the 58th year of his age.

Funeral services at his late residence, West Orange, N. J., on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 26, at 5 o'clock. Interment private.

MASON.—At Nutley, N. J., Sept. 24, Stephen H. Mason, Sr., in the 66th year of his age.

Funeral services at his home, Nutley, N. J., Tuesday, Sept. 26, at 1 P. M. Carriages will be at Nutley Depot on arrival of 11:25 A. M. train (Erie Road) from New York. Interment at convenience of family.

MORAN.—At her residence, Easthampton, L. I., Mary Nimmo, wife of Thomas Moran, aged 67 years.

Philadelphia and Easton, Penn., papers please copy.

RITCHIE.—At Wo

THE RACES AT GRAVESEND

Satin Slipper, Cleverly Ridden, Beats A. N. B. in a Close Finish.

FOUR FAVORITES IN FRONT

Mars Chan, in the Steeplechase, Quits Badly—Tantris, Arbaces, Lucky Star, and Indian Fairy Win.

Satin Slipper and A. N. B., two fair three-year-olds, put up one of the best finishes of the meeting at Gravesend in the Bayshore Stakes yesterday afternoon. Theirs was one of those finishes that amply repay one for a trip to the track. The race was at three-quarters of a mile, and there were six starters. Hellobas and The Pride were the choices of the players, and both were backed for considerable money. Satin Slipper's previous race was such a poor one that her chances were not thought much of, especially since she was ridden by Wilson, a stable boy. But Wilson proved himself to be a capable rider, able to put up a fighting finish with Bullman, who is conceded to be a good horseman, and Satin Slipper was an improved horse yesterday, with the result that she won.

The finish in the steeplechase was decidedly unsatisfactory for those who bet on Mars Chan, for a worse exhibition of quitting than that put up by Mars Chan it would have been hard to imagine. Some of the spectators were unkind enough to remark that Mars Chan must have known that the bulk of the money had been bet on Tantris, and that he did not want to disappoint the speculators, for his race was a very bad-looking one. Van Ship went down at the first jump, and Mars Chan made all the running. At the lower end of the grand stand he looked to be winning so easily that some of those who backed him walked toward the ring to cash, but when within three lengths of the finish he came almost to a standstill, and Tantris, coming with a rush, beat him home a good half length.

Arbaces made the others in the high-weight handicap look like a lot of selling platers, for while Diminutive led for more than a mile, Arbaces came in the remaining sixteenth, and won handily by a length and a half, while Veracious got up in time to beat Diminutive out for place money.

The fifth race was won easily by Lucky Star, and the sixth was taken as a runaway race by Indian Fairy, who opened up a big gap at the start and ran in front like a frightened hare to the finish, winning by eight lengths from La Tosca II.

The Summaries.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds which have not won $750. Purse of $700, added to a subscription of $10 each, of which $125 to second and $75 to third. Five furlongs. Time—1:01 1-5.

1—Sadducee, W. L. Aste's ch. g., by Bathampton-Sadie, 112 pounds, 1 to 2 and out.. (Spencer)
2—Yellow Tail, F. Foster's ch. c., 115, 8 to 1 and 5 to 2 ..... (Jenkins)
3—Reynolds, James Adams's b. c., 115, 6 to 1.. (Bullman)

Herbert, 115, 8 to 1, (Taral;) Precursor, 108, 30 to 1, (Maher,) and Laureatea, 105, 50 to 1, (Doggett,) also ran and finished in the order named.

Won in a gallop by a length; two lengths between second and third.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward. Purse of $700, added to a subscription of $10 each, to the winner, of which $125 to second and $75 to third. Two miles. Time—4:04 2-5.

1—Tantris, F. R. & T. Hitchcock's br. g., 4 years, by Sir Modred-Sister to Jim Douglass, 142 pounds, 8 to 5 and 1 to 2..... (Cochrane)
2—Mars Chan, Mr. Chamblet's ch. g., aged, 137, 7 to 5 and 1 to 2..... (Veitch)
3—Naviculine, H. W. Smith's ch. f., 4, 135, 100 to 1 ..... (Mr. Smith)

Dr. Reed, 135, 100 to 1, and Van Ship, 160, 3 to 1, (Finnegan,) also ran and finished in the order named.

Won in a drive by three-quarters of a length; forty lengths between second and third.

THIRD RACE.—Highweight Handicap, for all ages. Purse of $900, added to a subscription of $10 each, of which $150 to second and $100 to third. One mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50 2-5.

1—Arbaces, A. J. Stemler & Co.'s b. c., 4 years, by Red Iron-Lillie Wright, 130 pounds, 9 to 5 and 4 to 5..... (O'Leary)
2—Veracious, Turney Brothers' ch. f., 3, 114, 5 to 2 and 4 to 5..... (Spencer)
3—Diminutive, J. McLaughlin's b. f., 3, 111, 12 to 1 ..... (Clawson)

Sensational, 106, 50 to 1, (Brennan;) The Star of Bethlehem, 124, 10 to 1, (Moody;) Leo Planter, 118, 10 to 1, (Taral;) Doctor Eichberg, 122, 7 to 2, (Powers,) and Harry Crawford, 105, 40 to 1, (Jenkins,) also ran and finished in the order named.

Won easily by a length and a half; three lengths between second and third.

FOURTH RACE.—The Bay Shore Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward. Purse of $1,000, added to a subscription of $50 each, or $15 forfeit, to the winner, of which $200 to second and $100 to third. Three-quarters of a mile. Time—1:13 2-5.

1—Satin Slipper, M. F. Dwyer's b. f., 3 years, by Kingston-Lady Stylites, 95 pounds, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1..... (Wilson)
2—A. N. B., J. E. McDonald's br. c., 3, 105, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1..... (Bullman)
3—The Pride, James Whitten's b. g., 3, 103, 3 to 1 ..... (Jenkins)

Hellobas, 105, 5 to 2, (Maher;) Hurly Burly, 104, 4 to 1, (Clawson,) and Fly-by-Night, 104, 5 to 1, (O'Leary,) also ran and finished in the order named.

Won in a drive by a head; a length between second and third.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling. Purse of $700, added to a subscription of $10 each, to the winner, of which $125 to second and $75 to third. One mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:49 3-5.

1—Lucky Star, Miles Finlen's br. g., 5 years, by Friar Tuck-Keepsake, 103 pounds, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1 ..... (Dupee)
2—Lady Meddlesome, A. G. Blakeley's b. f., 3, 89, 4 to 1 and 8 to 5..... (Phelan)
3—Dan Rice, Hayman & Frank's ch. c., 4, 106, 4 to 5..... (O'Leary)

Our Nellie, 96, 12 to 1, (McCann;) Tanis, 98, 100 to 1, (Gisbourn;) Klondike Queen, 91, 60 to 1, (Lewis;) Dominer, 92, 20 to 1, (Cogswell,) Tinge, 106, 8 to 1, (Bullman,) and Chivalrous, 98, 15 to 1, (Booth,) also ran and finished in the order named.

Won easily by a length and a half; two lengths between second and third.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden fillies two years old. Purse of $700, added to a subscription of $10 each, to the winner, of which $125 to the second and $75 to third. Five furlongs. Time—1:01 2-5.

1—Indian Fairy, Bromley & Co.'s ch. f., by Iroquois-Fairy, 100 pounds, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5 ..... (Maher)
2—La Tosca II., S. Sanford & Son's b. f., 109, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1..... (Clawson)
3—Pink Domino, J. R. & F. P. Keene's b. f., 109, 3 to 1 ..... (Spencer)

Lanza, 109, 15 to 1, (Jenkins;) Marion Lynch, 109, 50 to 1, (Sims;) Linda S., 109, 7 to 2, (O'Leary;) Fleeting Moments, 109, 10 to 1, (Bullman;) Allaire, 109, 100 to 1, (Doyle;) Edith Mae, 109, 15 to 1, (Boland;) Juggiery, 109, 50 to 1, (Doggett;) Beautiful, 109, 50 to 1, (Brennan,) and Swift Water, 109, 12 to 1, (Van Kuren,) also ran and finished in the order named.

Won easily by eight lengths; three lengths between second and third.

The Card for To-day.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Reynolds	115	Standing 108
Kilmarnock	115	Reminder 108
Modrine	115	Angle 108
Cleora	115	

SECOND RACE.—For maidens three years old. One mile and a sixteenth.

Desperado	115	Waterhouse	112
Doctor Fitzsimmons	115	Grenburg	112
Bangor	115	Lady Harriett	112
Golden Link	115		

THIRD RACE.—The Standard Stakes, for three-year-olds and upward. One mile and an eighth.

Batten	126	King Barleycorn	100
Prince McClurg	125	The Rose	106
Cambrian	111		

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling. About three-quarters of a mile.

Jinks	107	Doctor Sharpe	101
Sky Scraper	107	Souchon	95
Ben Hadad	108	Sweet Caporal	94
Judge Wardell	106	Tinkler	93
Dave S.	101	Tabouret	91
Midlight	101	Rose O'Lee	89

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward. One mile and an eighth.

Matanza	114	Hurricane	105
Sensational	111	Lady Lindsey	102
Hardy Pardee	110		

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling. Five furlongs.

Kamara	109	Ceylon	97
Jucoma	108	Lingerie	97
Shoreham	105	Boundless	95
Kitchener	104	Prestige	92
Belle of Orleans	104	Jamaica	90
Erwin	104		

Racing Results at Oakland.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—Oakland results; track fast:

FIRST RACE.—Futurity course, for two-year-olds. El Arte, 97 pounds, (Stewart,) 9 to 5, won; Palapa, 97, (Pustel,) 3 to 1, second; Rixford, 97, (Mounce,) 4 to 1, third. Time—1:14. Morella, Abbiole, and Champion Rose also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Seven furlongs; selling. Snipes, 108 pounds, (Mounce,) 7 to 5, won; Magnus, 103, (Morze,) 4 to 1, second; Melkarth, 108, (W. Narvaez,) 5 to 1, third. Time—1:29¾. Willameter, Scintillate, and Alvero also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Six furlongs; selling. Anchored, 94 pounds, (Pustel,) 15 to 1, won; Paniment, 112, (Thorpe,) 1 to 3, second; Good Hope, 104, (J. Ward,) 2½ to 1, third. Time—1:15¼. Rio Chico, Great Scott, and Watossa also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Selling; one mile. Recreation, 107 pounds, (Thorpe,) 8 to 5, won; Socialist, 101 (J. Ward,) 5 to 1, second; Lost Girl, 104, (Ruiz,) 4 to 5, third. Time—1:41¼. Three starters.

FIFTH RACE.—Seven furlongs; selling. Lode Star, 108 pounds, (Thorpe,) 8 to 5, won; Mamie G., 103, (J. Ward,) 6 to 1, second; Opponent, 103, (Devine,) 8 to 1, third. Time—1:28½. Indra, Assignee, and Chihuahua also ran.

Racing at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 25.—The fifth annual meeting of the Louisville Driving and Fair Association began this afternoon, and, notwithstanding the cold rain which began to fall about the time the horses were ready to score for the first heat in the 2:24 trot, the attendance was large. Summaries:

2:24 Class.—Trotting. Purse, $800.

Phraso, b. m., by Onward, (Deryder)	1	1
Annie Burns, (Wilson)	2	2
Joe Watts, (Young)	3	3
Doctor French, (McKay)	5	4
Delma, (Meredith)	6	5
Masso, (Beers)	4	dr.
Robert Belmont, (McMakin)	dis.	
Coria, (Black)	7	6
J. M. C., (Clement)	dropped dead.	

Time—2:21¾; 2:22.

2:12 Class.—Trotting. Purse, $1,000.

Tudor Chimes, by Chimes, (Geers)	1	2	1
Success, (Rathurn)	2	1	2
May Fern, (Titer)	3	3	6
Curtius, (Fredenburg)	9	4	3
Hesperus, (Jamison)	4	5	7
Josephine Dixon, (Chandler)	6	6	5
Pero Bell, (Rosemire)	8	7	4
Russell Wood, (Garvey)	5	8	8
Jack D. (Snow)	12	dis.	
Ruth Wilkes, (Collins)	11	dis.	
Octavia, (Sanders)	7	dis.	
Ellert, (Van Bokkelen)	10	9	dis.
Miss Sligo, (Nell)	dis.		

Time—2:14½; 2:13¾; 2:13¾.

2:08 Class.—Pacing; Commercial Club Stakes. Value, $2,000.

Arlington, by Allie Wilkes, (Smith)	1	1
Bell Boy, (Pollitt)	3	2
Hal B., (Snow)	2	4
Nicol B., (McLaughlin)	4	3

Time—2:10½; 2:14¼.

STATEN ISLAND WINS AT POLO.

Its Team Defeats the Somerset Clubmen at Bernardsville in a Hard-Fought Contest.

Bernardsville (N. J.) society fairly captured the attractive grounds of the Somerset Country Club yesterday in their enthusiasm to see the Somerset polo members play their first regular tournament. The opponents of the New Jersey horsemen comprised the picked team of the Staten Island Polo Club, an organization that has become well known during its three years' existence as the possessor of much first-class horsy material. The visitors went home happy, for they won the match by the score of 5¼ goals against 3¾ for Somerset. Charles Pfizer, Jr., President of the Somerset Club, acted as referee.

The Somerset team was two goals stronger than its visitors and allowed Staten Island two goals. The line-up was as follows:

STATEN ISLAND.	Hdcp.	SOMERSET.	Hdcp.
1. Dr. James McKee	2	1. Col. E. A. Stevens	3
2. J. C. Wilmerding, Jr.	1	2. Emil Pfizer	3
3. Morton W. Smith	2	3. A. Alexander	2
Back—Dr. J. T. Sprague	2	Back—R. L. Stevens	2
Total	7	Total	9

The goals by periods and elapsed times follow:

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal.	Made By.	Team.	Time.
No. 1.	J. C. Wilmerding, Jr.	Staten Island	3
No. 2.	A. Alexander	Somerset	1
No. 3.	Morton W. Smith	Staten Island	7
No. 4.	Emil Pfizer	Somerset	5

Penalty of ¼ goal against Staten Island for a safety, and the same penalty for Somerset. Goal knocked out one minute over time.

SECOND PERIOD.

Goal.	Made By.	Team.	Time.
No. 1.	A. Alexander	Somerset	8

Knock-out on time. Penalties of ½ a goal for 2 safeties against Somerset and ½ a goal for a foul against Staten Island.

THIRD PERIOD.

Goal.	Made By.	Team.	Time.
No. 1.	Dr. J. Sprague	Staten Island	1
No. 2.	Col. E. A. Stevens	Somerset	7

Penalty of ½ a goal against Somerset for a foul by Col. Stevens.

FOURTH PERIOD.

Goal.	Made By.	Team.	Time.
No. 1.	J. C. Wilmerding, Jr.	Staten Island	2
No. 2.	Col. E. A. Stevens	Somerset	12

Summary: Goals earned—Staten Island, 4; Somerset, 5. Allowed by handicap—Staten Island, 2. Lost by penalties—Staten Island, ½ of a goal; Somerset, 1¼ goals. Total score—Staten Island, 5¼ goals; Somerset, 3¾ goals. Referee—Charles Pfizer, Jr. Scorer—George M. Sidenberg. Time Keeper—F. F. Stevens.

Among those present were Col. G. B. Post, Mrs. R. B. Lindsburry, ex-Judge Dillon, E. T. H. Talmadge, C. M. Chapin, Palmer Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey Turnbull, Col. and Mrs. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Ide, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel S. Childs, Mr. and Mrs. E. Balbach, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Dryden, Mrs. Morton W. Smith, Mrs. Henry T. Boody, Mrs. John T. Sprague, Mrs. James McKee, Edward Gouldsmith, and Richard Stevens.

The game to-day at the same place will be between the second team of the Westchester Country Club and Morristown.

CRICKET AT PHILADELPHIA.

Americans Make 180 Runs Against Prince Ranjitsinhji's Englishmen.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 25.—Prince Ranjitsinhji, the famous Indian cricketer, and his English eleven began their first match in this country to-day on the grounds of the Belmont Cricket Club, at Elmwood, a suburb of this city. They had as their opponents the Philadelphia "colts," a team picked from the various local amateur cricket clubs.

When stumps were drawn at 5 o'clock the locals, who won the toss and went first to bat, had made 180 runs for a loss of fifteen wickets. It had been arranged to allow twenty-two colts to take the field against the Prince's team, but at his request it was decided to use but fourteen fielders and twenty-two men to bat. The Prince said that in a match in Australia twenty-two men had taken the field against his team, and that the effect on his men was depressing. He also stipulated that he should send twelve men to bat and eleven to the field.

PRINCETON'S FOOTBALL PLAY.

Head Coach Lea Tries Candidates for Line Positions.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 25.—The Princeton football team will line up for the first time for real football on Wednesday. Langdon Lea, head coach, devoted his time to-day to trying the candidates for the line positions. Duer and McClave, the latter of whom has been put on at end, distinguished themselves to-day. Mills and Dana were put in at guard, and did very good work. Dana gives every indication of making an aggressive player. Addison Kelly had charge of the men who are trying for positions back of the line.

Ralph Hutchinson has a very De Saulles-like proclivity for going through a whole eleven with the ball tucked under his arm that is very pleasing to the coaches. Beardsley's place at half back seems likely to be filled by Robinson.

Football at New York University.

The Executive Committee of the New York University Athletic Association has selected Dr. Ogilvie of the Crescent Athletic Club, formerly of Williams College, to coach resigned, as he will not return until February.

TENNIS ON LOCAL GROUNDS.

The Lenox and the West Side Courts the Scenes of Close Matches.

The local lawn tennis players continued their Fall tournaments yesterday at the Lenox and West Side Tennis Club grounds.

At the Lenox Club, One Hundred and Twenty-third Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, C. W. Inslee won a good match from F. V. Walsh after two close sets. The scores:

Championship Singles.—First Round—J. Kearney, Jr., against O. M. Sternfeld, 7—5, (unfinished;) C. F. Rice beat B. T. Rice, Jr., 6—2, 6—1; C. W. Inslee beat F. V. Walsh, 7—5, 7—5; E. J. Martin beat Dean Emery, 6—2, 6—3; W. A. Mitchell against W. Beckley, 6—3, (unfinished.)

The committee at the West Side Club decided to default all absentees yesterday, so a number of the players won "walkovers." The scores:

Championship Singles.—First Round—O. M. Bostwick beat E. L. Tailer, by default; H. F. Holbrook beat P. S. Hildreth, by default; H. E. Avery beat C. F. Clarkson, by default.

Second Round—J. A. Allen beat W. B. Cragin, Jr., 6—0, 6—4; O. M. Boetwick beat H. F. Holbrook, 6—3, 6—0; C. Cragin beat H. E. Avery, by default.

Handicap Singles.—First Round—E. D. Dinsmore (fifteen) beat H. E. Avery, (owe thirty,) by default; P. S. Hildreth (scratch) beat E. L. Tailer, (scratch,) by default; W. B. Cragin, Jr., (owe half fifteen) beat C. F. Clarkson, (owe half fifteen,) by default; R. D. Thurber (owe thirty) beat C. M. Relyea, (owe half fifteen,) 6—2, 8—6.

ON THE BASEBALL FIELD

Bostons Defeat the New Yorks in a Closely Contested Game.

FINE FIELDING A FEATURE

Stahl's One-handed Catch Saved the Day for the Visitors—Both Pitchers in Good Form.

How the Clubs Stand.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Brooklyn	92	40	.697
Philadelphia	87	51	.630
Boston	83	53	.610
Baltimore	78	55	.586
St. Louis	77	62	.554
Cincinnati	76	63	.547
Chicago	70	96	.515
Louisville	69	70	.496
Pittsburg	67	71	.486
New York	55	79	.410
Washington	49	88	.358
Cleveland	20	125	.138

Results of League Games Yesterday.

Boston, 2; New York, 1.
Brooklyn, 13; Washington, 1.
Philadelphia, 6; Baltimore, 0.
Louisville, 16; St. Louis, 3.
Pittsburg-Chicago game postponed on account of rain.

Games To-day.

Boston in New York.
Washington in Brooklyn.
Philadelphia in Baltimore.
St. Louis in Cleveland.
Pittsburg in Chicago.

The Boston baseball nine won from the New Yorks at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon in a close and brilliant game. Nearly every inning furnished remarkable fielding plays. Stahl made the star play in the eighth inning and, incidentally, saved the day for the Bostons. There were two men on the bases and none out when Gleason stepped to the plate in the eighth inning. Gleason hit a low line drive toward right field. It seemed almost impossible for a fielder to get near the ball. Stahl, however, made a grand run, reached far forward, and caught the ball with his gloved hand. Had the ball dropped safe, Davis could have scored from second.

Collins made several brilliant stops, as did Kuhns and Lowe. The locals did some fine fielding, particularly Davis, who seems to improve with age.

The pitchers of both teams were in good form. Doheny started in for the locals, but hurt his hand, and Carrick relieved him in the sixth inning. Ging, late of New London, did the pitching for Boston. The game was called on account of darkness. Score:

BOSTON.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Stahl, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Tenney, 1b	1	2	7	0	0
Kuhns, ss	0	1	0	8	2
Duffy, lf	0	0	3	0	0
Frisbee, cf	0	2	0	0	0
Collins, 3b	0	1	1	3	1
Lowe, p	0	2	0	3	0
Sullivan, c	0	1	2	0	0
Ging, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2	9	24	14	3

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
V. Halt'n, lf	0	0	2	1	0
O'Brien, 3b	0	0	0	0	1
Martin, 3b	0	0	0	4	1
Davis, ss	0	1	1	5	0
Doyle, 1b	0	1	9	0	0
Gleason, 2b	1	1	2	1	0
Warner, c	0	1	3	1	0
Fleming, cf	0	1	1	0	0
Woodruff, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Doheny, p	0	0	0	3	0
Carrick, p	0	0	1	0	0
*Wilson	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	5	24	17	2

*Batted for Doheny in fifth inning.

New York ..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Boston ..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—2

Three-base hit—Tenney. Sacrifice hit—Ging. Bases on balls—Off Ging, 5. Struck out—By Ging, 2; by Doheny, 2. Stolen bases—Van Haltren, Doyle, Gleason, (2,) Warner. Double plays—Martin and Doyle; Collins, Lowe, and Tenney; Kuhns, Lowe, and Tenney. Left on bases—Boston, 6; New York, 9. First base by errors—Boston, 2; New York, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By Doheny, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Swartwood and Hunt.

BROOKLYNS BEAT WASHINGTONS.

Local Men Outplay the Visitors Apparently Without an Effort.

The game between the Washingtons and the Brooklyns at Washington Park yesterday was one-sided, the Brooklyns winning without an apparent effort. Score:

WASHINGTON.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Slagle, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Shiebeck, ss	0	0	1	1	1
O'Brien, lf	0	0	2	0	0
McGann, 1b	1	1	7	1	0
Freeman, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Barry, c	0	0	4	1	0
Padden, 2b	0	0	3	2	1
Kittridge, c	0	0	2	1	0
Powers, c	0	1	0	0	0
Evans, p	0	0	0	1	1
Leith, p	0	0	0	1	0
McFarlan, p	0	0	0	1	0
Total	1	3	18	8	6

BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Kelley, lf	2	2	2	0	0
Keeler, rf	2	2	2	0	0
Jones, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Jennings, 1b	2	2	8	0	0
Anders'n, cf	1	0	2	0	0
Farrell, c	2	2	3	0	1
Casey, 3b	0	0	3	3	0
Wrigley, ss	1	2	1	1	1
Beck, 2b	1	1	0	3	0
Hughes, p	2	1	0	0	0
Reidy, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	13	12	21	7	2

Washington ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
Brooklyn ..... 4 1 3 0 5 0 . .—13

Three-base hits—Keeler, Hughes. Two-base hit—Freeman. First base by errors—Washington, 1; Brooklyn, 3. Left on bases—Washington, 5; Brooklyn, 7. Struck out—By Leith, 1; by McFarlan, 1; by Hughes, 2. Sacrifice hits—Casey, Wrigley. Stolen bases—O'Brien, McGann, Jennings, Farrell, Casey, Wrigley. Double plays on balls—Off Evans, 3; off Leith, 2; off Hughes, 1; off Reidy, 1. Double plays—Padden and Shiebeck; Casey and Jennings. Hit by pitched ball—By Leith, 1; by Hughes, 1. Passed ball—Kittridge. Umpires—Messrs. Manassau and McGarr. Attendance, 1,300.

Philadelphia, 6; Baltimore, 0.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—Orth was a puzzle to Baltimore to-day, and in one inning only did the visitors secure more than one hit. In the Philadelphias' half of the eighth inning Howell was batted at will. Score:

Baltimore ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 3 . .—6

Base hits—Baltimore, 8; Philadelphia, 12. Errors—Baltimore, 1. Batteries—Baltimore, Howell and Smith; Philadelphia, Orth and McFarland. Umpires—Messrs. Snyder and Dwyer.

Louisville, 16; St. Louis, 3.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 25.—The game to-day with Louisville was dull and monotonous. Out of thirteen base hits and six bases on balls the visitors managed to score sixteen runs, winning easily. Score:

St. Louis ..... 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—3
Louisville ..... 0 7 0 1 0 3 4 0 1—16

Base hits—St. Louis, 10; Louisville, 13. Errors—St. Louis, 7; Louisville, 1. Batteries—St. Louis, Sudhoff and Criger; Louisville, Phillippi and Zimmer. Umpires—Messrs. Latham and Connolly.

Lipschutz Wins Chess Prizes.

The special prize offered by Aristides Martinez, President of the Manhattan Chess Club, for the best game played by any of the competitors in the recent inter-State match between the New York and Pennsylvania teams at the Saratoga meeting of the New York State Chess Association, has been awarded to S. Lipschutz of the Manhattan Chess Club. Mr. Lipschutz also won the Staats-Zeitung Cup.

ON MR. VANDERBILT'S DEATH.

Trustees of St. Luke's Hospital Adopt Appropriate Resolutions.

At a meeting of the Trustees of St. Luke's Hospital held yesterday the following resolutions on the death of Cornelius Vanderbilt were offered and unanimously adopted:

In the death of Cornelius Vanderbilt the managers have lost an associate, who for twenty-four years has been untiring in his devotion to the interests of St. Luke's Hospital.

Mr. Vanderbilt filled with fidelity many important offices within the gift of this board, and at the time of his death was Chairman of the Executive Committee and Second Vice President of the hospital.

His official service was characterized by punctuality in attending meetings of the Trustees, and by the facility with which he gave his best thought and judgment to every question presented for his action. He kept remarkably well informed with regard to every detail of the hospital work, and ever showed a cordial appreciation of the services of the workers. He was singularly free from ostentation and self-assertiveness, and evidently regarded his great wealth as a trust, which he was obligated to use conscientiously for the glory of God and for the good of his fellowmen. His tender and sympathetic nature made his relations with the institution far more than perfunctory. He gave himself to the work, often using the hospital facilities for the relief of his employes and others in their hours of sickness, and in many cases visiting at their bedsides, or sending friendly messages or other tokens of his personal interest in their welfare.

Overwhelmed as he was by so many and such diverse business responsibilities, it is the best evidence of the character of the man that he consecrated so large a portion of his time to wise efforts for the relief and for the betterment of his fellowmen.

The life of such a man is a blessing, and his death a loss, which can only be compensated for as it inspires others to follow in his steps.

It was also decided that the board express its sympathy to Mrs. Vanderbilt, and that a roll of resolutions suitably engrossed be presented to her.

$18 SUIT or OVERCOAT For only $12.50

We might argue the subject without end, but value like that pleads more eloquently than ablest language.

LOT NOS. 7454 AND 7461.

Choice of strictly all wool ENGLISH COVERT Fall Top Coat, in new tan shades, or strictly all wool BLACK THIBET Fall Overcoat. These coats are lined throughout with pure silk, lapped seams, perfectly tailored, swell, up-to-date garments. Guaranteed for two seasons.

$12.50.

Strictly all wool Fall weight Sack Suit, perfect fitting, perfectly tailored, beautifully finished. No suit at $18 is a bit better.

Call and see, and you will be convinced of these extraordinary values.

BIERMAN, HEIDELBERG & CO.
Broadway and Chambers St. (Stewart Building).

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

CASH PRICES FOR STAPLES.

Wheat, No. 2 red	.76⅝
Corn, No. 2 mixed	.40½
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.28½
Flour, Minnesota patents	$4.00
Cotton, middling	.06¾
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.05½
Sugar, granulated	.05 3-16
Molasses, O. K. prime	.35
Beef, family	11.00
Beef, hams	26.00
Tallow, prime	.05⅛
Pork, mess	9.25
Hogs, dressed, 160 lb	.06¾
Lard, prime	5.65
Iron, Northern, No. 1 foundry	22.75
Butter, Western creamery	.23

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—Flour, firmer; No. 3 Spring wheat, 68@71c; No. 2 red, 73¾c; No. 2 corn, 35c; No. 2 yellow, 35c; No. 2 oats, 22¾@23¼c; No. 2 white, 25@25½c; No. 3 white, 24½@25c; No. 2 rye, 57¾@58c; No. 2 barley, 40½@46c; No. 1 flax seed, $1.01½@$1.10; Northwestern, $1.10½; prime timothy seed, $2.25; mess pork, per bbl, $8.50@$8.20; lard, per 100 lb, $5.20@$5.37½; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $5.05@$5.40; dry-salted shoulders (boxed,) 6@6¼c; short clear sides, (boxed,) $5.55@$5.65; whisky, distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1.22; sugars, cutloaf, uncharged; clover, $5.75@$7.50.

COTTON.—Speculative excitement was at fever heat when the market for cotton futures opened, and during the early hours trading was prodigiously heavy. Shorts were panic stricken and eagerly snapped up offerings of the nearer positions on the call. Trades made simultaneously in different parts of the ring represented a difference of 2 to 3 points for the same option at times. The main cause for the great stir in prices, as well as in speculation, was a sudden advance of 7½ points in futures at Liverpool and rumors that the European cotton trade, bearish by nature, was thoroughly demoralized by the recent action of our market as well as the continued unfavorable tenor of news concerning the crop.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
September	6.44	6.44	6.44	6.38@6.40
October	6.40	6.44	6.38	6.40@6.41
November	6.46	6.49	6.44	6.47@6.48
December	6.53	6.58	6.52	6.55@6.56
January	6.62	6.66	6.58	6.60@6.61
February	6.65	6.66	6.65	6.63@6.65
March	6.70	6.74	6.66	6.69@6.70
April	6.75	6.75	6.71	6.72@6.73
May	6.78	6.78	6.72	6.75@6.76
June	6.80	6.80	6.76	6.77@6.79
July	6.81	6.81	6.77	6.79@6.80
August	..	..	..	6.80@6.82

Spot cotton in Southern markets, (middling quoted,) was reported by special dispatches as follows: Savannah, firm, 6c; Wilmington, firm, 6¼c; Norfolk, steady, 6¼c, up ⅛c; Baltimore, nominal, 6¾c, ⅜c higher; Memphis, firm, 6⅝c, ⅛c higher; St. Louis, firm, 6.7-16c, 3-16c higher; Augusta, firm, 6⅝@6 9-16c, partly 3-16c higher; New Orleans, firm, 6⅜c, ⅛c higher; Mobile, nominal, 6c; Charleston, firm, 6 5-16c, 5-16c higher.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 25.—Spot cotton, fair demand at full rates; sales, 10,000 bales; speculation and export, 500 bales; American, 9,000 bales; receipts, 12,000 bales; American, 12,000 bales; middling upland, 3 11-16d; futures opened irregular, 3-64@4-64d advance, and closed steady at 7@7½-64d net advance. December-January, 3.39s; January - February, 3.39s; February - March, 3.39½s; March-April, 3.40s; April-May, 3.40½s; May-June, 3.41v; June-July, 3.41@3.42; July-August, 3.42b; September, 3.43½b; September-October, 3.42s; October-November, 3.40½b; November-December, 3.39½s. Manchester — Yarns and cloths, full prices insisted upon, but business small.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
September	73 11-16	74½	73 11 16	74½
December	76½	77¼	76¼	77⅛
May	79⅝	80⅛	79¼	80⅛
Corn—				
September	..	..	..	39¾
December	36⅞	37 7-16	36⅞	37⅜
May	35⅞	36⅜	35⅞	36⅜

CHICAGO PRICES.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
September	73¼	74⅝	73	74⅝
December	72¼	73½	72½	73⅜
May	74⅛	75⅞	74⅛	75⅝
Corn—				
September	34½	35	34½	35
December	29¾	30½	29¾	30⅜
May	30¾	30⅝	30

HAVANA'S STRIKE TROUBLES.

Laundries Closed and Dry Goods Stores Reap a Harvest—Bread Famine Probable.

HAVANA, Sept. 25.—A general strike tomorrow seems inevitable. The only union that has not decided to join is the Cartmen's Union, but it is expected that the cartmen will go with the rest. The strikers are confident of winning. They say they have withstood a blockade of three months' duration, and after that there is nothing to fear.

A manifesto has been issued by the General Committee calling upon all to help the movement. The various laundry establishments are closed, and it is impossible to get laundry work done—a very serious matter in Havana.

It is not known how long the strikers can hold out. They say that even if they lose they will have struck a blow in the right direction. The closing of the laundry establishments is a veritable godsend to the dry goods stores, as people are literally driven to buy extra linen. Señor Lacoste, the Mayor, is endeavoring to protect some of the laundries, with a view to keeping them in operation, but it is impossible to extend this protection to anything like an adequate number.

It is probable that Havana to-morrow will be without bread, owing to the bakers' strike.

MUNICIPAL DELEGATES CHOSEN.

Havana Voters Became Excited and Raised Ructions at the Polls.

HAVANA, Sept. 25.—The election of delegates to the Municipal Committees has taken place, the voting tables being well attended. In some instances there was an utter lack of order, the crowd taking charge of the tables, and those coming actually snatching the cards from others who were about to vote against the candidate of the former.

Juan Gualberto Gomez asserts that all kinds of political opinions are represented in the men chosen. Some favor Maximo Gomez, others support the members of the former Military Assembly, and others still desire to raise the race question.

"Nothing," he declared, "can be expected of a definite character from people who have had such difficulty in agreeing with respect to delegates in the first instance."

Señor Pierra, commenting upon the elections, said:

"These elections are more an experiment than anything else. Their object is to train the people to vote. The Municipal Councils will proceed to elect Provincial Councils, and the latter will choose the National Council, a body which will be fairly representative. When that time comes, our people will have had some experience."

OLD PAINTINGS TO BE SOLD.

Recently in the Home of Marquis da Agua Branca.

There will be sold at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries to-morrow evening, by order of Gen. James R. O'Beirne, some seventy-nine old paintings, among which are a number from the residence of Don Eugenio Farla da Teixeira, Marquis da Agua Branca. The collection is not remarkable in any way. As the pictures come from Don Eugenio's house are not especially indicated, it is to be presumed that they are copies of the paintings by Murillo, Correggio, and other old masters, or canvases attributed to those old masters.

A sale of furniture, rugs, and art objects, together with 2,000 pieces of an anthropological collection and some Washingtonia and other Americana, once the property of Dolly Madison, and all of which was in the residence of Don Eugenio, began at the galleries yesterday afternoon, and will be continued there this afternoon and to-morrow and Thursday afternoons.

BIG SUPREME COURT CALENDAR.

Total of 12,000 Cases Recorded, 7,000 Representing the Arrears.

The calendar of cases for the Supreme Court for the ensuing year has just been completed by Chief Calendar Clerk J. Lewis Lyon and his assistants. It presents a total of 12,000 cases. Of this vast bulk of unsettled litigation, 7,000 cases represent the amount of work that is in arrears. The remainder forms the total of new cases, for the work in arrears is continually being disposed of in its calendar order.

Mr. Lyon said yesterday that when the different municipalities were consolidated the calendar showed that there were 7,000 cases undisposed of. This has been about the average of the work in arrears for several years, and it is steadily increasing at the rate of 10 per cent. annually. The number of Justices now on the Supreme Court bench, he said, cannot dispose of the current business of the courts, and the work is accumulating at this rate every year. This year there are about 500 more cases calendared than there were last year, and next year there will be about 500 more than this. There are now on the calendar about 4,500 cases that will be disposed of this year. This will still leave the cases in arrears at the total of about 7,500.

While there are a great many very old cases on the calendar, Mr. Lyon said, it is not true, as is too often supposed, that the new cases are disposed of first, leaving the old ones to take their chances in the future. Every case, he said, is taken up in its calendar order, if ready for trial, and the delays are mostly due to the fact that the cases are not ready for trial. The oldest case on the calendar is the first. It was brought in 1868, by Helen M. Felder against Theodore F. Lexow. The second on the list was brought a little later the same year by the New York Guarantee and Indemnity Company against William H. Wickham.

About 1,000 new cases were added to the calendar during the Summer months. At the present rate of increase, according to Mr. Lyon, it will soon be necessary to increase permanently the number of Justices in the Supreme Court. He has calculated that it would take a half dozen Justices two years to clean the calendar of the cases now on it, and that in the meantime the new cases would be accumulating on the calendar at the rate of 500 to 1,000 a year.

All the courts will be opened Monday. With the exception of a brief interval in midwinter, they will remain open until the Summer of 1900. To-morrow 300 cases that are now on the Trial Term calendar will be called, so that they may be set for trial on certain days. This will be done in order to expedite the work of the courts.

McGuire's Keepers Indicted.

The Grand Jury yesterday returned true bills against Thomas Sexton, Patrick J. Ryan, and Daniel O'Connell, charged with causing the death of James McGuire, an insane patient at the Manhattan State Hospital, Aug. 1. The three men were McGuire's keepers, and they will now stand trial on a charge of manslaughter. The man is supposed to have died from blows dealt by his keepers while subduing him.

No Operation on Prof. Davidson.

Dr. W. Fisher Grier, attending Prof. Thomas Davidson, said yesterday that Prof. Davidson was not operated upon for appendicitis. The doctor refused to say what the nature of Prof. Davidson's disease is, and declined to discuss the case further than to deny the report that an operation had been performed.

Money for Hyman Feltman.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has received $2 from "E. L. C." for Hyman Feltman, the messenger boy who left Bellevue Hospital before being cured to help support his mother. The money was delivered.

STATE COURTS.

New York Calendars—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from City Courts and Municipal Courts.—Freedman, P. J.; MacLean and Leventritt, JJ.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Appeals from Municipal Courts.

46—Rohner vs. Lenisch.
47—R. H. Wolff & Co., Limited, vs. Ritt.
50—McKiernan vs. Ballin.
52—Donaldson vs. Alexander.
56—Michel vs. Geyer.
58—Mutual Bank vs. Burrill.
60—Flomerfelt vs. Englander.
63—Allen vs. Baker.
64—Anderson vs. Met. St. Ry.
65—Lockwood vs. Dewey.
66—Sturcke vs. Egbe.
67—Martin vs. Lee.
69—Bennett vs. Nick.
70—Isaacs vs. Minkofsky.
71—Scott vs. Brown.
75—Weiss vs. Met. St. Ry.
76—Goldberg vs. Fowler.
89—Haas vs. Hendricks.
92—Jankelson vs. Ruff.
93—Banton vs. Torrey.
94—Mead vs. Friedberg.
95—A. D. Farmer & Son Type F. Co. vs. Sorgi.
98—Haas vs. Pettengill.
99—Leto vs. Smith.
100—Coleman vs. Fitzgerald Bros. Brewing Co.
101—Richards vs. Ward.
102—Leto vs. Smith.
104—Perlus vs. Spiess.
106—Renoux vs. Blake.
107—Ablowich vs. Piemme.
61—Williamson vs. Met. St. Ry.
62—McGrady vs. same.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.

1—Barstow Stove Co. vs. Mulhern Steam Heating Co.
2—Saunders vs. Smith.
3—In re Buena Vista Realty Co.
4—Nour vs. Vincennes Novelty Co.
5—Fox vs. Mayo.
6—Jonas vs. Weiher.
7—Kelly vs. Duggan.
8—Hammond vs. Nat. Life Assn.
9—Murphy vs. Cronin.
10—Thain vs. Briggs.
11—Shields vs. Craig.
12—Schroeder vs. Leggett.
13—Middletown Nat. B'k vs. Toledo, Ann Arbor, &c., R. R. Co.
14—Levy vs. Levy.
15—Rempner vs. Toelberg.
16—Levy vs. Dunn.
17—Hays vs. Merchants' Refrigerating Co.
18—People ex rel. Baron vs. Scannell.
19—In re Wolf & Grop.
20—Roberge vs. Barnes.
21—People, &c., vs Mutual Benefit Life Association.
22—Rud vs. Rudd.
23—In re North Am. Fire Ins. Co.
24—Bryant vs. Bryant.
25—Munn vs. Trow.
26—Walker vs. Montgomery.
27—Davidson vs. Cirillo.
28—In re Weinert.
29—McKesson vs. Freedman.
30—Sauer vs. Mayor, &c.
31—Schmitt vs. Schmitt.
32—Cappelle vs. Heller.
33—Met. Life Ins. Co. vs. Tostevin.
34—Marino vs. Gold.
35—People ex rel. Smith vs. Roosevelt.
36—People ex rel. Smith vs. Roe.
37—Schreyer vs. Morgan.
38—Lagowitz vs. Arendt.
39—Cassani vs. Dunn.
40—In re Walton Av.
41—Kattell vs. Sadler.
42—Schauer vs. Brown.
43—Roby vs. Sullivan.
44—Matter of Hearst.
45—Traband vs. Traband.
46—Matter of Howard Lockwood & Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Beekman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII. Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., and XII. Adjourned for the term.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Chambers—Varnum, S.—Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M.

1—Christian Brief.
2—James McKean.
3—Henry Burnstein.
4—Lillian I. Huggard.
5—Charles L. Locke.
6—John Hamilton.
7—Edward Remenyi.
8—Jacob Silverstein.
9—George R. Baldwin.
10—Cornelia Waldro.
11—Henry A. Hurlbut.
12—William E. Aul, or Briner.
13—Margaret A. Kelly.
14—Louisa H. Memmler.
15—James McCune.
16—Josephine A. Braman.
17—Ellen Carney.
18—Maria S. Kenyon.
19—Joseph A. Monell.
20—Sanford Bernheimer.
21—Margaret Murray.
22—Herman B. Lanfer.
23—P. Charles Cole.
24—Henry W. Meyer.
25—Ray Weinfeld.
26—John Rae.
27—Joseph P. Keenan.
28—Eliza Stapleton.
29—Jacob Boehm.
30—Jacob Boehm.
31—John J. Gorman.
32—James Mullins.
33—Cornelius McGown.
34—Gustav Kraof.
35—Daniel J. Kennedy.
36—Rose Stanwood.
37—Catharine Ross.
38—Maria Anna Knoblauch.
39—Patrick Haran.
40—Marie Ponson, or Roskron.
41—John Wilke, or Wilkins.
42—Margaret Owens.
43—Mohanna Soghis.
44—Mary E. Barrett.
45—William Strange.
46—Kate Keenan.
47—Catherine Gearty.
48—John McGinnis.
49—Peter and Charles Bruno.
50—Emma W. Laage.
51—Ferdinand Schwachheim.
52—Mark James.
53—Henry King.
54—Cecilia C. Wildberger.
55—Daniel Denny.
56—Eliza Fellows.
57—Elenora Tracy.
58—Edward Larch.
59—Coleman Spline.
60—Bridget McGrath.
61—Julia Boulin.
62—Morris Goodman.
63—William Gee.
64—Michael Whalen.
65—Andrew Gaynor.
66—Rosa Raab.
67—Meyer H. Bernheimer.
68—Joseph Stettheimer.
69—John P. Brady.
70—Bernhard Mehringer.
71—W. J. McLaughlin.
72—Rebecca A. Green.
73—Elizabeth Fitzpatrick.
74—Christian M. Hoefler.
75—Elizabeth L. Strong.
76—Catharine Wendelbaum.
77—Joseph McElduff.
78—Herman Benson.
79—David Clarke.
80—Eliza Fellows.
81—Bartholomew Fitzsimmons.
82—Mary Fitzsimmons.
83—David Moss.
84—Catharine Reilly.
85—Mary Folger.
86—Harvey Kennedy.
87—John C. Benker.
88—Louis Sturven.
89—Kate E. Dunn.
90—Harriet Palmateer.
91—Anna Leles.
92—Margaret E. McCafferty.
93—James T. McGovern.
94—Richard W. Kane.
95—Eliza Fellows.
96—Agnes L. Jones.
97—Charles D. Brown.
98—Andrew Ewald.
99—John C. Benker.
100—Philipina Wannemacher.
101—Ann E. McKane.
102—William Dougherty.
103—Henry W. Gennerich.
104—Francis W. Cooper.
105—Robert Hill.
106—James McCune.
107—Bernard D. Steiner.

Matters left undisposed of by Surrogate Arnold.

7—Emile Bartells.
1—Christine Ehmini.
22—Francis Hayek.

Issue in fact.

1—Charles H. Lindsley.

Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.

George Liman, Johanna Gebhardt, Ann Hanlon, Mathias Schlageter, Henry Bank, Mary Mahoney, John Funk, James Mullins, Wilhelmina Bohn.

At 2 P. M.

Casper Buberl.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Trial Term—Adjourned for the term.

CITY COURT—General Term—Fitzsimons, C. J.; McCarthy and Conlan, JJ.—Held in General Term room, second floor, 32 Chambers Street, (Brownstone Building.)—Opens at 10 A. M. On call of calendar all causes must be marked either ready or off terms, and those marked ready must be argued or submitted as reached. Appeals from judgments.

10—Lesster vs. Lawyers' Surety Co.
11—Purdy vs. C. C. White Paper Mfg. Co.
12—Chambers vs. Goldklaug.
14—Boldt vs. Epstein.
15—Jameson vs. Sweeney.
16—Myerson vs. Levy.
17—Travis vs. Stewart.
18—Hutkoff vs. Penn. R. R.
21—Gowing vs. Warner.
22—Jaeger vs. Koenig.
23—Marrus vs. N. H. Steamboat Co.
25—Prince vs. Socialistic Co-op. Pub. Assn.
27—Singer vs. McDermott.
32—Marquis vs. Wood.
33—12th Ward Bank vs. Rogers.
34—Lee vs. Met. St. Ry.
35—O'Sullivan vs. York Lumber Corp.
38—Block vs. Garfiel.
39—Haszlacker vs. 3d Av. R. R.
41—Perrin vs. Prudential Ins. Co.
42—Mercantile Safe Dep. Co. vs. Parker.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Schuchman, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Part IV. Room, Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.) Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Parts I., II., III., and IV. Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Cowan for the People.

1—Charles Jacobs.
2—Mary Stewart.
3—George Blake.
—Charles Eberhardt.
5—Daniel Flynn.
6—Edward Aston.
7—John Gallagher.
8—Dennis Harrigan.
9—Charles Coleman.
10—Mamie Gallagher.
11—John Mullen.
12—John Hennessy.
13—Paul Ajas.

Pleading.

1—Patrick J. Ryan, Thomas Sexton, Daniel O'Connor.
2—May Lester.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Goff, Recorder.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Blake and Blumenthal for the People.

1—James Murray, Alexander Palller, David Leon, Marcel Fonder.
2—Della Mulligan.
3—May Bell, Mary Kelly.
4—John Cavagnaro.
5—Henry M. Birnbaum.
6—Daniel Durkin, James McCarty, Christopher Courtney.
7—Paul Roehl.
8—Dominick De Angelo.
9—Mary Smith.
10—Emil Riallis.
11—Sarah Blake.
3—Arthur Morrell.
4—James Sheehan, George Smith, Frederick Miller.
5—Reuben Thomas.
6—Adolph L. Meyer.
7—Kate Schrum, Henry Schrum.
8—James O'Connell.
9—Charles H. Webb.
10—Thomas Franklyn.
11—James Smith.
12—James McCann.
13—Robert Horb.
14—Solomon Bolling.
15—Charles Pierce.
16—Jacob Freeman.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Parts III. and IV. Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—Ernst-Marx-Nathan Company vs. Lipsky—Edward G. Whitaker. Hunt vs. Spaulding—John D. Kernan. Smith vs. Smith—Roger Foster. Quinby vs. Quinby—Elihu B. Frost. Matter of Sicher—John Hone. Matter of Keller—James E. Durross. Ulmer vs. Touyes—George A. Halsey. McCarthy vs. Henderson—Augustus Van Wyck. Equitable Life Assurance Society vs. Merritt—William J. O'Sullivan.

SUPREME COURT—Gildersleeve, J.—Wendt vs. Walsh—Emanuel Blumenthal.

SUPREME COURT—Beekman, J.—Egan vs. Lacperges—Richard R. Costello.

Brooklyn Court Calendars.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Aspinall, J. Criminal Calendar.—Engelhart Earckesan, Charles Ryan, Franklin T. Eckart, Jacob Schmidt, John Hettrick, Edward Dorama, Robert Doran, and Peter Johnson.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Abbott, S.—The wills of Arthur G. Walley, Letitia Foster, Ellen M. Bigelow, Frank Jacinski, Theodore B. Kolyer, John M. Irving, Ann McVeigh, William N. Strong, and Balthasar Fiebling. The administration in the estate of Mary Myles. The estate of Martin Schaefer.

DEWEY CELEBRATION.

DEWEY PARADE.
CHOICE SEATS AND BOXES
LAND AND NAVAL PARADE.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
OFFICIAL PROGAMME.
BRENTANO'S,
31 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

TWILIGHT CLUB
REVIEWING STAND,
Central Park West, 71st Street, facing The Majestic.
SEATS $2 AND $3.
C. F. WINGATE, 119 Pearl Street.

PIANOS.

At the "Piano Exchange,"
105-107 West 33d St., B'way and 6th Av. junction.
52 NEW AND USED PIANOS $25 UP.

EXCURSIONS.

Iron Steamboat Co.
DEWEY'S WELCOME.
Thursday, September 28th,
the Iron Steamboats will be dispatched from foot 22d St., North River, at 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. on a cruise in the vicinity of Sandy Hook and await the arrival of the "Olympia," and proceed with her to the anchorage at Tompkinsville.
TICKETS FOR ROUND TRIP, $1.00.
Thursday Evening, September 28th,
the Iron Steamboats will leave foot of 22d St., North River, at 6:30 and 7:30 P. M. to witness the illumination of the fleet at Tompkinsville and the fireworks on Staten Island.
TICKETS FOR ROUND TRIP, $1.00.
Friday, September 29th,
The magnificent steamers of this company will take part in the celebration of Dewey Day—the water parade, the night illumination and fireworks.
FARE—Day Demonstration, $2.00
Night " " 1.00
The Iron Steamboats will leave foot 22d St., N. R., ONLY, at 11:00 A. M. for the NAVAL PARADE.
For the NIGHT DEMONSTRATION AND HARBOR AND FLEET ILLUMINATION the Iron Steamboats will leave foot 22d St., North River, 6:30 P. M., and foot of 31st St., East River, 6:30 P. M.

YACHT RACES.
COLUMBIA—SHAMROCK.
The Boats of the Iron Steamboat Company have sea-going licenses, and will accompany the yachts all through the contests.
FARE EACH RACE, $2.00.
EACH STEAMBOAT WILL BE LIMITED
Tickets for either event can and should be secured at once. They can be had only at the company's office, Room 139, 32 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES.
Steamer "Glen Island"
(Formerly Wm. C. Egerton).
The Flag Ship of the Starin fleet.
23d Regt. Band. | Caterer—Anderson.
Three large open decks and best steamer afloat for observation purposes. Dining room with 200 seating capacity. All saloons, staterooms, and dining room steam-heated. Leaves foot Cortlandt St. at 9:30 A. M. each race day. Single trip tickets, $2.50; tickets for three trips, $6.00. Staterooms, $5.00.
Steamer "Sam Sloan."
Speedy, spacious, safe, and room for everybody. to see everything, with music and refreshments. Leaves foot Cortlandt St. at 10:00 A. M. each race day.
Single trip, $2; Tickets for 3 trips, $5.
Number of passengers on each steamer positively limited to one-half licensed capacity.
Starin's dock, with elevated passageway for passengers only, is used by these two steamers on race days exclusively.
Tickets sold at No. 1 B'way, room 182, 'phone 1537 Broad; 180 Fulton St., 'phone 5188 Cor't; Starin's dock, foot Cortlandt St.; 49 Beaver St.; McBride's, 71 B'way; Rullman's, 111 B'way; Miller's, 120 B'way; 141 B'way; Principal Hotels and Childs' restaurants.

DEWEY NAVAL PARADE.
INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES.
The Winthrop Line steamers "O. E. LEWIS" (twin screw) and "CITY OF QUINCY" (propeller) of Boston, under the direction of competent New York and Sandy Hook pilots, capacity 1,100, from Pier 3 East River.
These steamers are new, up to date, and have seagoing license. Tickets positively limited to one-half the capacity.
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28—Trip to Sandy Hook to welcome ADMIRAL DEWEY and accompany the "OLYMPIA" to anchorage at Tompkinsville; leaving at 10:30 A. M.; tickets, $2.50.
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29—Will take part in NAVAL PARADE, leaving at 10 A. M., giving time for trip around the war vessels before parade; tickets, $3.
EVENING—TRIP around the harbor to witness fireworks display, illumination of naval fleet and Brooklyn Bridge; tickets, $1.
Following SATURDAY, SUNDAY, and MONDAY hourly harbor and river trips, giving one hour and a half sail and an opportunity to view the warships; tickets, 25 cents.
Will attend the YACHT RACES each day; tickets, $2. Tickets good on either steamer. Refreshments by first-class caterers.
Subscriptions strictly limited, and applications should be made at once. Tickets and further information at THOS. COOK & SON, 261 and 1,225 Broadway; Tyson's Agencies, leading hotels; office Cahill Towing Line, 12 South St., and A. C. NICKERSEN'S, 31 Broadway.

DEWEY REVIEWING STAND,
"PHILIPPINE"
NAVAL AND LAND PARADES.
Riverside Drive, between 93d and 94th Sts. Built to curbstone and located on curve, making it the finest stand on Riverside Drive for both Naval and Land parades.
Magnificent view up and down the river.
Easily accessible from 93d St. 9th Av. L station, Columbus, Amsterdam, and 8th Av. surface lines, thence through rear of stand, so avoiding any crowd. All Building Dept. requirements fulfilled.
All seats reserved. Naval Parade $2.00. Land Parade $3.00, $4.00, and $5.00. Mail orders to J. W. Brockway, Room 182, No. 1 Broadway, N. Y.
DIAGRAM AND SEATS AT 1 B'way, Room 182, 'phone 1537 Br'd. 180 Fulton St., 'phone 5188 Cortlandt. 49 Beaver St., Rullman's; 111 B'way; Miller's, 120 B'way; all Principal Hotels, and all Journal Information Bureaus.

DEWEY PARADE AND FIREWORKS
THE POPULAR SOUND STEAMER
"MONTAUK"
will accompany the parade, and make an evening trip for the fireworks display.
For parade leave L. I. R. R. Dock, L. I. City, 10:30; Pier 13, E. R., near Wall St., 11:30 A. M.
For evening trip leave L. I. R. R. Dock, L. I. City, 6:00; Pier 13, E. R., 6:30 P. M.
Tickets for parade, $2.00; for Fireworks, $1.00. Sale of tickets limited. Refreshments on board. Tickets on sale at L. I. R. R. Ticket Offices, 120, 950, and 1,313 Broadway, Pier 13, E. R., N. Y., and at L. I. R. R. Stations in Brooklyn, and at L. I. City.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.'S
PALATIAL STEAMER
TAURUS
Accompanies all International Yacht Races. Capacity 2,000. Tickets positively limited to 1,000 each race. Steamer leaves Pier 6, foot Rector St., at 9:30 A. M. Reserved tickets, $3; at all principal ticket offices and leading hotels in the city and at pier. Refreshments.
Music by 7th Regt. Band.
SEBREE & CO., General Agents, 111 Broadway.

WEST POINT, NEWBURGH & POUGHKEEPSIE.
GRAND DAILY EXCURSION (Except Sunday) BY PALACE IRON DAY LINE STEAMERS
"NEW YORK" and "ALBANY."
From Brooklyn, Fulton St., (by Annex)...8 A. M.
" New York, Desbrosses St. Pier...8:40 "
" New York, West 22d St. Pier...9:00 "
Returning, due in New York 5:30 P. M.
MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS

DEWEY DAY.
STEAMER SAM SLOAN
LEAVES FT. CORTLANDT ST. 11:30.
$2.—Strictly limited to ½ capacity—$2.
Including Parade and Fireworks.

DEWEY DAY
The best place to view the parade coming up the Bay with comfort, and avoiding all crowding on Dewey Day, is Liberty Island.
Fare 25c. Boat every hour from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. from Battery landing.

ROCKAWAY BEACH.
Trains leave New York, foot 34th St., N. R., 6:50, 8:30, 9:20, 10:00, 10:50 A. M.; 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30, 6:50, 7:40, 8:40, 10:00 P. M., 12:00 night. Last train returning 10:40 P. M. EXCURSION TICKETS, 40 CENTS.

EXCURSIONS.

ADMIRAL DEWEY CELEBRATION.
The following trips will be made by
THE LONG ISLAND SOUND STEEL STEAMERS
CITY OF LOWELL OF THE NORWICH LINE
From Pier 36 N. R., foot of Spring Street.
PLYMOUTH OF THE FALL RIVER LINE
From Pier 18 N. R., foot of Murray Street.
Limited number of tickets, good only on steamer for which sold.
Down the Bay to Meet Dewey.
Thursday, Sept. 28th.
Leaving at 11:00 A. M. Tickets, $2.00.
Both Steamers will make a trip down the Bay, and possibly as far as Sandy Hook, to meet and greet the OLYMPIA, affording an opportunity to see the Assembled war ships welcome ADMIRAL DEWEY.
Naval Parade and Night Illumination, Friday, Sept. 29th.
Leaving at 11:00 A. M. Tickets, $5.00, including day and night trips. Both Steamers will participate in the Naval Parade and Review, returning to Piers about dark, to give those who desire an opportunity of disembarking, and will leave again as soon as possible for a River and Harbor trip. The great Promenade Decks of these vessels afford unsurpassed opportunity to view the fire works and illumination. Returning, due at Piers about 9 o'clock.
War Ships and Grant's Tomb, Saturday, Sept. 30th.
Leaving at 9:30 A. M., Tickets, $1.00.
Both Steamers will escort Admiral Dewey up the River, passing the war ships, rendezvousing opposite the starting point of the Land Parade, Grant's Tomb, and Claremont.
Returning, will proceed slowly down the River in full view of Riverside Drive, the route of the great land demonstration, arriving at Piers about noon, in time for those on board to witness the Parade at down-town points.
War Ships, West Point, and the Hudson River.
Sunday, Oct. 1st.
Leaving at 11:00 A. M., Tickets, $1.00.
Both steamers will make a trip up the Hudson as far as West Point, passing the war ships at anchor, Riverside Drive, Grant's Tomb, Claremont, the Palisades, and other noted localities, returning to Piers about 5 o'clock.
Music on the LOWELL by Lauria's Celebrated Band; on the PLYMOUTH by the First Naval Battalion Band. Catering by the Company at regular prices.
Tickets now on sale at Wharf Offices. Telephone, Pier 18, Cortlandt, 4986; Pier 36, Spring, 1961. Also at Cook's offices, 261 Broadway, corner Warren St., and 1,225 Broadway, near 30th St., the latter office open until 10:00 P. M.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACE
IN COMFORT.
Steamer "Monmouth"
will accompany the yachts over the course, leaving
PIER 8, NORTH RIVER, AT 9.00 A. M.
Tickets for the entire series of three or more races... $25.00
LIMITED TO 800.
Tickets on sale at room 715,
Central Building, 143 Liberty St., N. Y.

S. S. MIAMI
of the Flagler Florida East Coast system has been chartered by Raymond & Whitcomb for
DEWEY CELEBRATION
and the
INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES.
Limit guaranteed 350 persons, capacity over 1,000. Superior arrangement for those wishing to avoid crowded conditions.
Price Dewey DAY, $10; Evening, $5.
Yacht Races, $10 each.
Ship will sail from Pier 31, (new,) N. R., foot of Watts St., adjoining Desbrosses St. Ferry.
Circulars, tickets, &c., at news stands of principal hotels and at 71 and 346 Broadway, 204 Broadway, 29 Wall St., and
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,
25 Union Square, N. Y.
Telephone 3138 or 3139 18th St.

INTERNATIONAL
YACHT RACES.
THE FAST DEEP-WATER STEAMER
BLOCK ISLAND,
a fifteen-mile heavy ocean boat, sailing regularly between New London and Block Island, will attend each race between the COLUMBIA and SHAMROCK. Capacity for 1,500 passengers; absolutely limited to 600. Her three spacious decks and the strictly limited number of passengers offer excellent opportunity to view the races.
This is one of the official boats of the New York Journal, and its representatives will accompany it to report the races, thus assuring it a fine position.
Ship will sail from Pier 31 (new) N. R., foot of Watts St., adjoining Desbrosses St. Ferry.
Price Five Dollars Each Race.
Tickets are now on sale at news stands of principal hotels and at 346 Broadway, 204 Broadway, 29 Wall St., or at 25 Union Square.
Telephone 3138 or 3139 18th St.

COOK'S TOURS
DEWEY DAYS & YACHT RACES
Do not waste your time running around to a lot of places for information. Call at one of
COOK'S UNION TICKET OFFICES,
DOWN TOWN, 261 BROADWAY.
UP TOWN, 1,225 BROADWAY, under Daly's Theatre, open until 10 P. M.
We have a choice of Thirty of the very best boats. The demand is great and immediate application very desirable. As usual tickets to Europe, Round the World, everywhere, at lowest rates.
THOS. COOK & SON.

INTERNATIONAL
YACHT RACES.
THE
OLD DOMINION
STEAMSHIP COMPANY
will dispatch one of their new Main Line Steamships
"JEFFERSON" or "HAMILTON"
to accompany the yachts in three races. The ships are 3,100 burden, 330 feet in length, with flush decks.
Number of Passengers Limited to 600.
TICKETS, $6.00 EACH TRIP.
STATEROOMS, $3.00 AND $2.00 EACH.
Applications for tickets either by mail or in person will be filled in order of their receipt.
J. J. BROWN, General Passenger Agent.
Pier 26, North River, New York.

DEWEY PARADE
AND
INTERNATIONAL RACES.
STEAMER "GEORGEANNA."
The fast and commodious three-decked steamer (capacity 1,700) will take a limited number of passengers. Her decks are so arranged as to afford an excellent and uninterrupted view of this great naval parade and unprecendented contest for the AMERICA'S CUP. Regular meals at city prices served on board.
FULL ORCHESTRA.
Tickets for Dewey Day, including evening trip for fireworks, $8.00.
Tickets for races, $2 per day, or $5 for first three days.
Steamer leaves Pier 6, N. R., foot Rector St., 11 A. M.
Tickets for sale with dockmaster, Pier 6, N. R.; Thomas Cook & Son, 261 Broadway, corner Warren St.; 1,225 Broadway, corner 30th St.; Fifth Avenue Hotel, Waldorf, Gilsey House, Astor House, McBride's, 71 B'way, and all Tyson's agencies.

RED FIRE ILLUMINATION.
The HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE has arranged for the str. "PEGASUS" of Iron Stmbt. Co. to leave West 22nd St. Pier on a special trip at 7 P. M. SHARP on Thursday, 28th inst., for a first view of the "Olympia" and other War Vessels and the Red Fire Illumination. Tickets, now on sale at West 22nd St. and Desbrosses St. Offices, 75 cents each.

EXCURSIONS.

The White Squadron
Fleet of Ocean Steamboats
FOR
Dewey Day
AND
YACHT RACES
WITH THE
White Squadron International Band.

Steamboats Aurora, Viking, Elaine, Sylvester, Royal Beauty & Water Queen

DAY TIME TABLE—
Steamboats will leave foot of East 21st St., East River, 10:30 A. M.
Foot of West 19th St., North River, 10:30 A. M., and all
Boats will leave our main dock, Pier 4 East River, adjoining South Ferry, at 12 o'clock A.M.

Tickets, $3.00 each.
EVENING TIME TABLE—Leave foot of East 21st St., East River, at 7 P. M. Leave foot of West 19th St., North River, at 7 P. M., and all our steamboats will leave from Pier 4 East River, adjoining South Ferry, at 8 o'clock P. M.
FOR AMERICA'S CUP RACES
our entire fleet of ocean steamboats will leave Pier 4 East River, adjoining South Ferry, at 8 and 9 o'clock A. M. on each day, following the yachts over the entire course.
Safety, speed, comfort, charming music, and a choice restaurant will be the essential features of our steamboats.
Tickets $3.00 each day, or $7.50 all days, whether three or more.
Tickets for Dewey Day or Yacht Races may be reserved on application to
NEW YORK NAVIGATION COMPANY,
10 Wall St., and all leading hotels.
Telephone 3963 Cort.

THE FAMOUS STEAMERS
Republic and Columbia
FOR
Dewey Day
and Yacht Races
Both the big Long Branch Ocean Route steamboats will leave Pier 10 East River (between South Ferry and Wall Street) at 11 A. M. on Dewey Day and will take part in the grand Naval Parade, having been assigned places in the line. They have immense deck space for sight-seeing, spacious saloons, are steam heated, and equipped with excellent restraints. For the Night Display leave Pier 10 E. R. at 7 P. M. Tickets $3.00 for Day Parade, $2.00 for Night Display, or $4.00 for both.
FOR AMERICA'S CUP RACES the COLUMBIA
will leave Pier 10 E. R. on each day, following the yachts over the entire course. The boat needs no recommendation for seagoing work or speed. She is well known and popular, and provided with every comfort. Restaurant service will be complete. Tickets, $3.00 each day, or $9.00 all days, whether three or more.
CAPACITY, 3,000. TICKETS LIMITED TO 1,500.
Tickets for Dewey Day or Races may be reserved and descriptive circular of yacht races sent on application to
W. F. RUSSELL, 1,181 BROADWAY.
Phone, 211 Madison Sq., or Pier 10, E.R.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACE
IN COMFORT.
Steamer "Monmouth"
will accompany the yachts over the course, leaving
PIER 8, NORTH RIVER, AT 9.00 A. M.
Tickets for the entire series of three or more races... $25.00
LIMITED TO 800.
Tickets on sale at room 714,
Central Bldg., 143 Liberty St.
New York Transfer Offices, 944 and 1,284 Broadway; Royal Blue Line Offices, 434 and 1,354 Broadway, and Raymond & Whitcomb, 25 Union Square, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES.
THE LARGE THREE-DECKED
Ocean-going Excursion Steamers
GRAND REPUBLIC
and
GENL. SLOCUM
(ROCKAWAY LINE STEAMERS)
Will leave each race day for the races from West 20th St., Battery Landing, and Bridge Dock, (Brooklyn,) accompanying the yachts over the entire course.
Company guarantees that only one-half licensed capacity will be carried.
Fare each race day $3.00, or Coupon tickets, good for five races, $7.50.
SUNDAY, OCT. 1ST, GRAND REPUBLIC and GENL. SLOCUM will make hourly trips from West 20th St. around warships, fare 25c.
For tickets and further information apply to office of company, 71 BROADWAY, Manhattan, Room 512, or 195 MONTAGUE ST., Brooklyn.

DEWEY PARADE
ELEGANT NEW STEEL STEAMER
ONTEORA
OF THE
CATSKILL EVENING LINE
will take part in the naval parade, leaving foot of Christopher Street at 11:30 A. M. Boat's capacity, 1,500. Number of passengers strictly limited to 600. Tickets now on sale at the pier and Thos. Cook & Son, 261 and 1,225 Broadway. Staterooms may be secured at the pier. Boat open for inspection at the foot of Christopher St. Monday and Wednesday. Telephone 1,839 Spring.

DEWEY DAY.
SEAGOING THREE-DECK STEAMER
GAY HEAD.
Chartered by Atlantic Yacht Club for Races.
Leaves UP TOWN, foot West 20th St., N. R., For NAVAL PARADE.....10:30 A. M.
For ILLUMINATION and FIREWORKS..7 P. M.
Luncheon by CARDANI.
KALTENBORN'S ORCHESTRA.
Large number of tickets already sold at leading clubs
Limited remainder.....$5 each
Including Buffet Luncheon.
Evening Tickets.....$3 each
Tyson's, McBride's, Miller's, Thomas Cook & Son's, or by mail. Lessee Gay Head, when check inclosed, 19 West 34th St., care City Club.

INSTRUCTION.

Rugby Military Academy,
West End Av. and 84th St. Day and Resident Cadets. Reopens Sept. 29th. Eleventh year. Tel. 1,260 Riverside.

HARLEM COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
2,134 7TH AV., BETWEEN 126TH &

FINANCIAL DIRECTORY.

Chemical National Bank
270 Broadway.

Hanover National Bank
Capital $1,000,000. Surplus and profits, $2,500,000
9 and 11 Nassau St.

National Bank of Commerce
CAP. AND SUR. $8,500,000.
31 Nassau St.

The Nassau Bank
Corner Beekman and Nassau Streets.

Central National Bank
320 Broadway.

Continental Trust Company
30 Broad St.

Colonial Trust Company
CAPITAL & SURPLUS, $1,500,000.
ST. PAUL B'LD'G. 222 B'way.

Washington Trust Company
Stewart Building, 280 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA.
Fourth Street National Bank
Capital, $1,500,000. Surplus, $1,400,000.

BANKERS' CARDS.

Chester B. Lawrence, Jr.
Member Consolidated Stock Exchange.
STOCKS 10 SHARES UPWARD on moderate margin. Com. 1-16
1,000 bushels and upward, on moderate margin. Com. 1-16. WHEAT
ACCOUNTS RECEIVED OF $100 & UPWARD.
Interest rates for carrying Stocks never to exceed 6 % in any money market.
Main Offices, 32 & 34 Broadway.
Branch Office, 621 Broadway.
Very Correct Market Letters Issued Daily.
OUT OF TOWN ORDERS A SPECIALTY.

Holmes & Co.,
EMPIRE BUILDING,
71 Broadway, New York.
Members { N. Y. Stock Exchange. N. Y. Cotton Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.
Branch Office:
GRAND UNION HOTEL, SARATOGA.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS,
11, 13, 15, & 17 Broad St.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
Orders executed for investment or on margin. Interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight. Railroads reorganized and trade combinations effected. Act as Financial Agents for Corporations and Investors.
U. S. Bonds, all issues, bought and sold.
Branch Offices: 202 FIFTH AV., cor. 25th St. 487 BROADWAY, Silk Ex'ge Bldg 56 WORTH ST. & 39 Thomas St. 87 HUDSON ST., Mercantile Ex. 16 COURT ST., Brooklyn.

Lewis A. May & Co.,
31 and 33 Broadway, N. Y.
Members { N. Y. Produce Exchange. Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
Margins 3 to 10 per cent. Commission 1-16.
Write for our valuable MARKET LETTER, issued daily and sent free, and also our book "HIGH AND LOW PRICES" sent free on application.
A SPECIAL LETTER on the prominent stocks as the market shows them is issued every MONDAY.

P. J. Goodhart & Co.,
Dealers in
Bank & Trust Co. Stocks.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
38 WALL STREET.
New York Telephone, 4914 Cortlandt. Brooklyn Telephone, 391 Brooklyn.

Geo. H. PRENTISS & Co
DEALERS IN
LOCAL SECURITIES,
37 William St., New York. 208 Montague St., Brooklyn.
MEMBERS OF N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

FINANCIAL.

BANKING HOUSE
HAIGHT & FREESE
New York, 53 Broadway.
Philadelphia, 402 Walnut.
Boston, 85 State Street.
Our offices being connected by private wires, enables us to promptly execute orders for INVESTMENT or on MARGIN 3 to 5 per cent. on the NEW YORK, BOSTON and PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGES.
Write or call for our "400-PAGE SECURITY MANUAL," containing the information needed to deal in securities profitably, with reports, dividends, and prices for 10 to 30 years, issued gratis and mailed free; also Stock, Grain, and Cotton letter, Government, Municipal, and Railroad Bond Quotations furnished on application for purchase, sale, or exchange.
Uptown Offices, 1,132 Broadway, near 26th St.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE
COMMON STOCK OF THE Central Pacific Railroad Co.
Referring to our notice of April 11th, 1899, holders of the above Stock are herewith notified that out of the total Capital Stock of $67,275,500, $66,960,300 have been deposited under the Plan and Agreement of Readjustment, dated February 8, 1899.
Holders who have not yet deposited their stock may now deposit the same with any of the undersigned, on payment of $5 per share penalty, in addition to the assessment of $2 per share, but only up to and including October 3d, 1899.
SPEYER & CO., New York.
SPEYER BROTHERS, London.
LAZ. SPEYER ELLISSEN, Frankfort-on-Main.
TEIXEIRA DE MATTOS BROTHERS, Amsterdam.
DEUTSCHE BANK, Berlin.
Readjustment Managers.
New York, September 21st, 1899.

Ramapo Improvement Company Stock
DEALT IN.
A. SARTORIUS,
20 BROAD ST. Telephone 4636 Broad.

TO THE HOLDERS OF SINKING FUND MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE BRADDOCK GAS AND LIGHT COMPANY, OF BRADDOCK, PA.
Notice is hereby given that all of the outstanding bonds above mentioned, issued under a mortgage to the Central Trust Company of New York, dated March 2nd, 1891, are hereby called for redemption under the provisions of said mortgage, and will be paid and redeemed at par and accrued interest on the second day of October, 1899, at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, in the City of New York. Interest ceases October 2, 1899.
The numbers of the bonds to be redeemed are Bonds 1 to 6 and 101 to 250, inclusive.
CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By George Sherman, Vice President.

FINANCIAL. FINANCIAL.

THE PRESENT IS THE
LAST PUBLIC OFFERING
that will be made of the shares of the
Boston Little Circle Zinc Co.
prior to listing on the Boston Stock Exchange, for which application has been made. It is therefore the last opportunity to secure them at the present low rate of
$11.00 PER SHARE,
AS THE PRICE ADVANCES OCTOBER 2nd TO
$12.50 PER SHARE,
and the market price after listing will undoubtedly be greatly in excess of this figure.

The par value is $10 per share, full paid and non-assessable.
As an investment this stock cannot be excelled, as it is paying dividends of 12% per annum and earning in excess of 20% ; and to those who do not care to make an investment, but simply desire a quick turn, they offer an unequalled opportunity of handsome profit.

Applications for stock to be addressed to the fiscal agents,
JOSHUA BROWN & CO
Bankers,
89 State St., Boston
45 and 47 Wall St., New York.
421 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

REORGANIZATION OF THE
Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railway Company.
To all Holders of The Mercantile Trust Company's Reorganization Certificates of Deposit issued under the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railway Company, dated December 15, 1898:
Notice is hereby given that, ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 20, 1899, holders of The Mercantile Trust Company's Reorganization Certificates of Deposit issued under the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railway Company dated December 15, 1898, may receive the new securities and cash to which they are entitled, upon presentation and surrender of their Reorganization Certificates of Deposit at the office of the Depositary, THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, No. 120 Broadway, in the City of New York, or the LONDON & WESTMINSTER BANK, LIMITED, its London Agency, as hereinafter stated.
Each holder must deliver to the Depositary all Reorganization Certificates held by him for the various old securities, which will be scheduled and consolidated by the Depositary. Not more than 100 schedules will be taken in on each business day, and the new securities and cash in exchange will be ready for delivery on the following day.
The new Coupon Bonds are in denominations of $1,000 and $500 each. The new Shares (Trust Certificates) are of the par value of $100 each. Non-interest-bearing scrip exchangeable in round amounts for the new securities will be issued for fractional amounts of new Bonds and Shares. Holders entitled to fractions of Bonds or Shares may either sell the fractions to the undersigned or may purchase from the undersigned such amounts as may be necessary to entitle them to an entire Bond or an entire Share.
Holders transmitting Reorganization Certificates of Deposit by mail should indicate whether they wish to sell or buy such fractions, and whether they wish the new securities sent by registered mail or express at their expense.
September 19, 1899.
SPEYER & CO.,
KUHN, LOEB & CO.,
SPEYER BROTHERS,
Reorganization Managers.

REORGANIZATION OF THE
Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Railway Company.
To the Holders of
Ohio & Mississippi Railway First Consolidated Mortgage Bonds Extended 4 Per Cent.;
Ohio & Mississippi Railway First Consolidated Mortgage Sterling Bonds, Extended 4 Per Cent.;
Ohio and Mississippi Railway Second Consolidated Mortgage 7 Per Cent. Bonds (Currency);
Ohio & Mississippi Railway First Mortgage Springfield Division 7 Per Cent. Bonds (Currency);
Ohio & Mississippi Railway General Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Bonds (Currency);
B. & O. S. W. Railroad First Mortgage 4½ Per Cent. Bonds;
B. & O. S. W. Railway First Consolidated Mortgage 4½ Per Cent. Gold Bonds;
B. & O. S. W. Railway First Income Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Bonds, Series "A";
B. & O. S. W. Railway First Income Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Bonds, Series "B";
B. & O. S. W. Railway Preferred Stock;
B. & O. S. W. Terminal Company 5 Per Cent. Gold Bonds;
Cincinnati & Baltimore R. R. First Mortgage 7 Per Cent. Bonds;
Marietta Railway First Mortgage 4 Per Cent. Bonds:
Referring to our previous advertisement of JANUARY 24, 1899, notice is hereby given that deposits of the above securities will be received upon the terms stated in said advertisement of JANUARY 24, 1899, only up to **OCTOBER 4, 1899**, after which date no further deposits of any of said bonds or stock will be received, except at the discretion of the undersigned and upon such terms as they may fix in each instance.
Dated September 19, 1899.
SPEYER & CO.,
KUHN, LOEB & CO.,
SPEYER BROTHERS,
Reorganization Managers.

OFFICE OF
Union Pacific Railroad Co.
No. 120 Broadway, New York.
To Holders of Collateral Trust Non-Cumulative Series A Income Bonds
OF THE
Oregon Short Line Railroad Co.:
Union Pacific Railroad Company desiring to acquire a majority of the Collateral Trust Non-Cumulative Series A Five Per Cent. Income Bonds of the Oregon Short Line Railroad Company, offers to holders of such bonds to exchange the same for its own First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, bond for bond, interest to be adjusted as accrued to September 1, 1899.
This is not to constitute a standing offer, but it is intended this offer shall cease without further notification as soon as sufficient bonds have been exchanged for the purposes of Union Pacific Railroad Company.
Holders of the Oregon Short Line Five Per Cent. Income Bonds, Series A, desiring to avail of this offer will promptly tender their bonds for exchange either to the Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, or Union Pacific Railroad Company, 120 Broadway, New York.
Dated September 1, 1899.
ALEX. MILLAR, Secretary.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

"OUTSIDE" SECURITIES
DEALT IN.
DAVID PFEIFFER, 18 Wall St

LOUIS MESIER, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
BY ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 27th, 1899,
at 12½ o'clock, at the N. Y. Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.
(By order of Executors.)
$8,000 North Wisconsin Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1930.
$8,000 Chic., St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha Ry. Consld. Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1930.
$5,000 Cedar Rapids, Iowa Falls & No. Western Ry. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1921.
$2,000 Saint Paul & Sioux City R. R. 1st Mtge. Bds., 1919.
$1,500 Big Muddy Coal & Iron Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Regst. Bds., 1923.
20 shs. Big Muddy Coal & Iron Co. pfd.
1 share Chic. & Eastern Illinois R. R. pfd.
$600 St. Louis Ore & Steel Co. Inc. Bds., 1917; January, 1898, coups.
100 shs. Rocker Silver Mining Co.
$4,000 United States 4 p. c. Reg. Bds., 1907.
50 shs. Holland Trust Co.
20 shs. Holland Building Asso.
(By order of Administrators.)
20 shs. Lawyers' Title Insurance Co.
(By order of Assignee.)
All his right, title, interest as assignee for the benefit of creditors of Charles E. Sands in or to the contingent interest or estate which the said Charles E. Sands had on the 20th day of Dec., 1895, under the last will and testament of Samuel S. Sands, dec'd.
(For account of whom it may concern.)
50 shs. Produce Exchange Trust Co.
80 shs. Greenwich Fire Ins. Co.
25 shs. North American Trust Co.
10 shs. Trust Co. of America.
15 shs. Trust Co. of America.
$5,000 La Capital Co. 6 p. c. Gold Bds., 1901.
$3,000 Norfolk & Western R. R. Co., New River Div., 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds., 1932.
$10,000 Standard Gas Light Co. of N. Y. 1st Mtge. Bds. 1930.
40 shs. Oriental Bank.
5 shs. National Park Bank.
10 shs. American Exchange Bank.
20 shs. American Union Life Ins. Co.
$6,000 Zanesville & Ohio River Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds. (Atlantic Trust Co. Certfs.)
$30,000 Bond & Mortgage of Daniel Doody to Sophie G. Parker, dated Sept. 23d, 1863, at 6 p. c. interest on property in City of Brooklyn and Town of Flatbush, L. I. (Hypothecated.)
20 shs. Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, Limited.
12 shs. Manhattan Co. Bank.
14 shs. Bank of the State of New York.
7 shs. National Park Bank.
100 shs. American Surety Co.
23 shs. Brooklyn Trust Co.
5 shs. Astor National Bank.
22 shs. Ninth National Bank.
25 shs. Trust Co. of America.
50 shs. Trust Co. of America.
$2,208.40 Bond & Mtge. Petty, Soulard & Walker Realty Co., 6 p. c. interest, dated Nov. 25th, 1898, payable on demand, 2d mtge. on property n. e. corner 160th St. & Elton Av., N. Y. City. (Hypothecated.)
10 shs. American Exch. Nat'l Bank.

RICHARD V. HARNETT & CO.
AUCTION SALE
STOCKS AND BONDS
Tuesday, Sept. 26, at 12:30 P. M.,
At the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway.
For account of whom it may concern.
$5,000 Second Avenue R. R. Co. 1st mortgage 5 per cent. Bonds, due 1909.
$5,000 Broadway & Seventh Avenue R. R. Co. 1st mortgage 5 per cent. Bonds, due 1904.
25 shares Trust Co. of America, $100 each.
Warehouse Receipts for 187 bales Sumatra Tobacco, 31 bales Havana Tobacco, and 142 cases Domestic Tobacco, (hypothecated.)
Lists at Auctioneers', 71 and 73 Liberty St.

THE TRUST CO. OF AMERICA,
149 BROADWAY,
Northwest Corner Liberty St.
CAPITAL. . . $2,500,000
SURPLUS. . . $2,500,000
Allows Interest on Daily Balances,
subject to check through the New York Clearing House or payable at sight and on Certificates of Deposit.
Acts as Trustee, Receiver, Committee, Executor, Guardian, Administrator, Assignee, Registrar, Transfer, and Fiscal Agent.
Is a legal depository for Court and Trust Funds.
Loans Money on Bond and Mortgage.
Special attention given to the management of real estate and the collection and remittance of rents.
Carefully selected securities for investment always on hand.
Transacts a General Banking Business.
OFFICERS.
ASHBEL P. FITCH, President. WM. BARBOUR, Vice-President.
WM. H. LEUPP, Vice-President. H. S. MANNING, Vice-President.
LAWRENCE O. MURRAY, Trust Officer.
RAYMOND J. CHATRY, Sec'y.
THOMAS C. CLARKE, Jr., Asst. Sec'y.
ALBERT L. BANISTER, Treasurer.
W. HUNT HALL, Asst. Treasurer.
DIRECTORS.
ASHBEL P. FITCH, WILLIAM BARBOUR, HENRY S. MANNING, SAMUEL A. MAXWELL, MYRON T. HERRICK, CHAS. F. CUTLER, EMERSON McMILLIN, H. O. HAVEMEYER, JAMES M. DONALD, GEORGE CROCKER, J. WILLIAM CLARK, JOEL F. FREEMAN, WILLIAM E. SPIER, ANSON R. FLOWER, HENRY S. REDMOND, JOHN B. HEGEMAN, C. I. HUDSON, S. C. T. DODD, WILLARD BROWN, PHILIP LEHMAN, EDWARD F. CRAGIN, GEORGE BLUMENTHAL, EDWARD C. SCHAEFER, FRANK JAY GOULD.

SPECIAL REPORT.
THE COALERS AND LEATHER.
We would be pleased to furnish you this report, together with Market Letter, free upon request in person or by letter, at our offices,
44 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.
Wm. Cossitt Cone & Co.,
BANKERS,
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, BONDS, WHEAT,
Bought and sold for cash or on margin.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SPECIAL MEETING.
The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Richmond, Va., Aug. 16, 1899.
Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company is called and will be held at the office of the Company, in the Pace Building, in the City of Richmond, State of Virginia, at 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, October 24th, 1899, to consider and act upon such measures as may be presented, designed to aid the Greenbrier Railway Company in the construction of its railroad, including a contemplated issue by the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company of its bonds for not more than the principal sum of $3,000,000, to bear interest at 4 per cent. per annum, the principal to be payable on December 1st, 1899, and both principal and interest to be payable in gold coin of the United States of the present standard of weight and fineness, and without deduction from either principal or interest for any taxes, assessments, or stamp duties which the Railway Company may be required to pay or to retain therefrom by any present or future law, (such bonds to be secured by a mortgage on the franchises and railway of the said Greenbrier Railway Company,) and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, September 26th, 1899, at 3 P. M., and will be reopened on Wednesday, October 25th, 1899, at 10 A. M.
C. E WELLFORD, Secretary.

Norfolk & Western Railway Co.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Norfolk and Western Railway Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, in the City of Roanoke, Virginia, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of October, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon, for the consideration of the annual report, the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting for action, including the election of Independent Auditors to audit the books and accounts of the Company at the close of the fiscal year, and the authorization and approval of the location and construction of a branch about 7.2 miles in length between a point on the main line near the mouth of Crab Creek, Montgomery County, Virginia, and a point on the New River Division near Back Creek, Pulaski County, Virginia. The stock transfer books will be closed at the close of business on Saturday, September 30th, 1899, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, October 16th, 1899.
A. J. HEMPHILL, Secretary.
Roanoke, Va., August 2d, 1899.

ANNUAL MEETING.
The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Richmond, Va., August 16th, 1899.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting, (including the ratification of all acts of the Board of Directors and all committees thereof, since the last annual meeting,) will be held at the office of the Company in the Pace Building, in the City of Richmond, Virginia, on Tuesday, the 24th day of October, 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M.
The stock transfer books will be closed at the office of Messrs. J. P. MORGAN & CO., No. 23 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, September 26th, 1899, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will reopen on Wednesday, October 25th, 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M.
C. E. WELLFORD, Secretary.

ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY
Office of the Secretary.
Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 16th, 1899.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the Hocking Valley Railway Company, for the election of nine Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting, (including the ratification of all acts of the Board of Directors and all committees thereof since the organization of the company,) will be held at the office of the Company, Spahr Building, Columbus, Ohio, on Tuesday, the 3d day of October, 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M.
The stock transfer books were closed at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., No. 23 Wall St., New York City, on Tuesday, September 5, 1899, at 3 o'clock P. M., and will reopen on Wednesday, October 4, 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M.
By order of the Board of Directors.
WILLIAM N. COTT, Secretary.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.
ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Third and Smith Streets, in Cincinnati, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, October 25, 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M. The stock transfer books will be closed at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., No. 23 Wall Street, New York, at 3 o'clock P. M., Thursday, October 5, 1899, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, October 26, 1899.
E. F. OSBORN, Secretary.
Cincinnati, September 23, 1899.

Northern Pacific Railway Co.
Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the by-laws of the company, and the order of the Board of Directors, the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railway Company has been called, and will be held at the office of the company, No. 35 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on TUESDAY, October 3, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of electing Directors and for transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.
By order of the Board of Directors.
GEORGE H. EARL, Secretary.
Dated September 2, 1899.

New York and East River Ferry Company,
New York, Sept. 15th, 1899.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, No. 30 Broad Street, New York City, on Thursday, October 5th, 1899, at 10 A. M. Transfer books will be closed from Sept. 18th, 3 P. M. to Oct. 6th, 10 A. M.
ROSWELL ELDRIDGE, Secretary.

Illinois Central Railroad Co.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of other business will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Chicago, State of Illinois, on Wednesday, September 27, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon.
ALEXANDER G. HACKSTAFF,
New York, September 13, 1899. Secretary.

Thirty-fourth Street Cross-Town Railway Co,
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above-named Company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election will be held at the office of the Company, 621 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, October 3, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon.
C. E. WARREN, Secretary.

Forty-second St. & Grand St. Ferry Railroad Company.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above-named Company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election will be held at the office of the Company, 621 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, October 3, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon.
C. E. WARREN, Secretary.

North & East River Railway Co.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above-named Company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election will be held at the office of the Company, 621 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, October 3, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon.
C. E. WARREN, Secretary.

Fulton Street Railroad Co.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above-named Company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election will be held at the office of the Company, 621 Broadway, New York City, on Tuesday, October 3, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon.
C. E. WARREN, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

American Smelting & Refining Co.,
71 Broadway, New York, September 19, 1899.
At a meeting of the Directors of the American Smelting & Refining Co. a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. on the Preferred Capital Stock was declared, payable October 10th, 1899, to stockholders of record twelve o'clock noon, September 30th, 1899. The transfer books will close twelve o'clock noon September 30th, and open October 11th.
EDWARD BRUSH, Secretary.

Garfield National Bank,
23rd St. and Sixth Ave.
New York, Sept. 20, 1899.
The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Ten Per Cent. upon the capital stock of this Bank, payable, free of tax, on and after Sept. 30th, 1899. The transfer books will be closed until Monday, Oct. 2nd, 1899, at ten o'clock A. M.
R. W. POOR, Cashier.

The National Shoe and Leather Bank of the City of New York.
New York, Sept. 20, 1899.
Eighty-eighth (88th) Dividend.
THE DIRECTORS have declared a quarterly dividend of One Per Cent., payable free of tax, October 2, 1899, until which date the transfer book will be closed.
JOHN I. COLE, Cashier.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.
146 Broadway, New York, September 19, 1899.
A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF TWO AND A HALF PER CENT. has this day been declared by the Board of Trustees, payable October 2, 1899, to Stockholders of record on the closing of the transfer books, at 3 P. M. on September 22. The books will be opened at 10 A. M., October 2.
EDWARD O. STANLEY, Treasurer.

The Chatham National Bank.
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.
The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past three months, payable on and after October 2d, until which date the transfer books will be closed.
H. P. DOREMUS, Cashier.
New York, September 22d, 1899.

Office of Philadelphia Company,
Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 22d, 1899.
DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this company have this day declared a quarterly dividend on the common stock of One and One-fourth Per Cent., (1¼%,) payable to stockholders of record October 5th, 1899. Transfer books closed from October 5th to 10th, both inclusive. Checks will be mailed. C. J. BRAUN, JR., Treasurer.

The Potosi & Rio Verde Railway Company.
September 19th, 1899.
Coupon No. 2 of the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, due October 1st, 1899, will be paid on and after October 2d, on presentation at the office of the Company, No. 27 William Street.
C. J. NOURSE, JR., Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

New York, Aug. 18, 1899.
A dividend of ONE PER CENT, out of accumulated earnings has this day been declared on the PREFERRED STOCK of the company, payable October 4, 1899, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 11, 1899.
The preferred stock transfer books will close at 3 P. M. on Monday, Sept. 11, 1899, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on Friday, Sept. 22, 1899.
SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
JOSIAH F. HILL, Secretary.
23 Wall St.,
New York, Aug. 18, 1899.
The transfer books of the Voting Trustees for Preferred Stock Trust Certificates of the Southern Railway Company will close at 3 P. M. on Monday, Sept. 11, 1899, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on Friday, Sept. 22, 1899.
On October 4, 1899, the Voting Trustees will be prepared to distribute the above dividend of One Per Cent., when received by them, among the parties entitled thereto, as same appear of record on their books when closed as above.
J. P. MORGAN & CO.,
Agents for Voting Trustees.

Office Southern Pacific Company,
23 BROAD STREET (MILLS BUILDING.)
Coupons due October 1st, 1899, from the following bonds will be paid after that date at this office:
Southern Pacific R. R. Co. of Cal. 1st Mtge.
Southern Pacific Branch R'y Co. 1st Mtge.
Northern R'y Co. 1st Mtge.
Morgan's La. and Tex. R. R. and S. S. Co. 1st Mtge.
New York, Texas and Mexican R. R. Co. 1st Mtge.

Coupons due October 1, 1899, from the following bonds will be paid after that date by the Central Trust Company:
Houston, Texas Central Cons. Mtge.
Houston, Texas Central General Mtge.
Houston, Texas Central Debentures.
N. T. SMITH, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES OF MEXICO
5% Consolidated External Gold Loan of 1899.
23 Wall Street,
New York, September 25, 1899.
Three months' interest due October 1st, 1899, on bonds of the above issue will be paid on and after that date. Holders of our temporary certificates representing said bonds may collect such interest upon presentation of the certificates at our office, in order that payment may be stamped thereon.
J. P. MORGAN & CO.

DIVIDEND.
The Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company.
Richmond, Va., August 16th, 1899.
A dividend of ONE PER CENT. has been declared on the stock of the company, payable October 25, 1899, to stockholders of record on the closing of the transfer books on Tuesday, September 26, 1899.
The transfer books will close at the office of J. P. MORGAN & CO., 23 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, September 26, 1899, at 3 P. M., and will reopen on Wednesday, October 25th, at 10 A. M.
THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY,
By C. E. WELLFORD. Secretary.

The American Steel and Wire Co. of New Jersey.
No. 71 B'way, N. Y., September 18, 1899.
At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable October 14, 1899, was declared, payable to the stockholders of record at the close of business upon September 29, 1899.
For the purpose of paying the said dividend the transfer books of the Preferred Stock of the Company will be closed upon September 29, 1899, and reopened October 16, 1899.
F. E. PATTERSON, Assistant Secretary.

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company's First Mortgage 4% Bonds.
Coupon No. 3, due October 1st, 1899, from the above bonds will be paid at maturity upon presentation at the office of the Company, No. 2 Wall Street, New York.
For packages of coupons left for verification on and after Monday, September 25th, temporary receipts will be given.
The books for the registration and transfer of the above-mentioned bonds will close at noon on Saturday, September 23d, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on October 2d, 1899.
J. V. McNEAL, Treasurer,
The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company.

Office of American Ice Company,
133 E. 23d St.,
New York, Sept. 21st, 1899.
A quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of this Company has this day been declared, and will be payable October 14th, 1899, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 2d, 1899.
The Transfer Books of the Preferred Stock will be closed from 3 P. M. October 2d, 1899, until 10:00 A. M. October 16th, 1899.
Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders of record unless otherwise instructed.
J. T. SPROULL, Treasurer.

New York Zinc Company.
No. 7 Wall Street,
New York, Sept. 20, 1899.
The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular monthly dividend of ONE PER CENT. upon the capital stock of the New York Zinc Company, payable Oct. 2d, at the office of the company. Transfer books will close on Sept. 21st, at 12 M., and will open Oct. 4th, at 10 A. M.
CHARLES C. WOLCOTT, Treasurer.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company.
Sept. 14, 1899.
A quarterly dividend of one and one-quarter (1¼) per cent. will be paid on the preferred stock of this company on Oct. 20th, 1899, to stockholders of record at the close of business Sept. 30th, 1899, at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., New York.
The transfer books will close at 3 P. M. Sept. 30th, 1899, and be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. Oct. 5th, 1899.
C. F. COX, Treasurer.

New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company,
Office of the Treasurer, New York, Sept. 19, 1899.
The Board of Directors of this Company, at a meeting held this day, declared a dividend of ONE PER CENT. on its capital stock, payable at this office on the 16th day of October next, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 28th inst.
The closing of the transfer books for this and subsequent dividends that may be declared is dispensed with until further notice.
E. V. W. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

AMERICAN MALTING COMPANY,
80 Broadway, New York, Sept. 22, 1899.
DIVIDEND NO. 8.
A quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. on the preferred stock of this Company has been declared, payable October 15th, 1899, to stockholders of record at the close of business Oct. 2, 1899. The transfer books will close Monday, Oct. 2, 1899, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopen Monday, Oct. 16, 1899, at ten o'clock A. M.
E. R. CHAPMAN, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
Jersey City, N. J., September 25, 1899.
A dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the capital stock of this company will be paid to the registered holders on the 2d day of October, 1899. Transfer books were closed on the 20th inst., and will reopen 3d proximo.
MARSDEN J. PERRY,
Vice President.

LOST AND FOUND.

NOTICE.—Certificates for twenty Erie Railroad Preferred Shares, Numbers 26,309 and 26,310, having been lost, the transfer of the same has been stopped and new certificates will be applied for and issued in due course. Apply WOOLSTON & BEETON, 6A Austin Friars, London, England.

Stock Exchange Secretaryship Fight.
Charles Lee Andrews, the regular candidate for election as Secretary of the New York Stock Exchange, to succeed and fill the unexpired term of Capt. George W. Ely, who retires Oct. 14 to become President of the Bankers' Trust Company, will be opposed by an independent candidate, William McClure. Mr. McClure is Chairman of the Exchange, and when Capt. Ely resigned was spoken of as the strongest candidate for the regular nomination. On the nomination of Mr. Andrews, Mr. McClure's friends, who represent the conservative element among the members, prevailed on him to run for the office. The election occurs Oct. 4.

Colorado Fuel Co. Adds to Its Capital.
DENVER, Sept. 25.—The stockholders of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company at a special meeting to-day adopted resolutions authorizing the increase of the capital of the company to $25,000,000, of which $2,000,000 shall be preferred stock, drawing an annual dividend of 8 per cent. The Directors were authorized to issue, from time to time, the additional $12,000,000 stock provided for in payment for property or improvements.

More Gold Certificates Received.
Gold certificates of the value of $1,540,000 were received and distributed at the Sub-Treasury yesterday.

Hide and Leather Co.'s Mortgage Filed
SALEM, Mass., Sept. 25.—A mortgage was recorded to-day in the Essex County Registry of Deeds from the American Hide and Leather Company, the recently formed combination of tanneries and leather factories, to the Colonial Trust Company of New York. The mortgage secures an issue of bonds for $10,000,000.

A similar mortgage was filed in Saratoga County, N. Y.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

Post Road Coal and Lumber Company of Mamaroneck; capital, $6,000. Directors—Andrew J. Selz, New Rochelle; Stephen B. Folger, Brooklyn.

Fulton Finance Association of New York City, to lend money on personal property; capital, $10,000. Directors—Henry P. Onsorge and Perry Onsorge, New York.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks heavy.

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
Sept. 25	442,087
To date this year	132,591,372
Corresponding date last year	76,909,037

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

Sept. 25	$1,205,500
To date this year	$689,369,570
Corresponding date last year	$613,671,390

Money rates: Collateral loans on call, 5@15 per cent.; at three months, 5@6 per cent.; at six months, 5@6 per cent. Commercial paper, sixty to ninety days, 5 per cent.

Net changes in stock quotations of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Ann Arbor pf	½	Pressed S. C. pf	½
Chi., I. & L. pf	¾	St. P. & Duluth	1
Col. South 2d pf	1	St. Paul & Om	1⅜
Evans. & T. H.	½	Silver bull. certfs	½
Met. W. S. El. of Chi.	1¼	Twin City R. T.	3
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf	1	Un. Bag & Paper pf	½
Mo., K. & T.	¾	W. & L. E. 2d pf	¾
Nat. Steel pf	¾		

Stocks Declined.

Am. Car & Fdy. pf	⅜	Great. North. pf	1⅝
Am. Ice	¾	Hocking Val. pf	½
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	1¾	Illinois Central	1¼
Am. Spirits Mfg.	½	Int. Paper pf	¾
Am. Steel & Wire	1⅜	Louis. & Nash.	⅝
Am. Steel & W. pf	½	Manhattan Con.	1½
Am.

"The anthracite coal trade is developing the fact that harmonious relations exist among the managers, and that an effort will be made to further advance circular rates in October in order to confirm the stability of the present circular prices. The output continues large and most of the companies will hereafter for the remainder of the season have nearly full time working at the mines, as they feel sure that the approach of colder weather will bring increased ordering. There is consequently talk of a circular advance of 25 cents for Oct. 1, though there are doubts whether all the producing interests are yet fully ready for it, there being inferior coals to be marketed which will require a little carefulness as to actual quotations. A meeting of coal managers held last week confirmed the hopeful view taken and discussed measures to continue harmony and promote stability."

WALL STREET TOPICS.

Mortgage given by the American Hide and Leather Company to the Colonial Trust Company to secure an issue of $10,000,000 bonds.

According to Chicago advices the gross increase of the Santa Fé system for August will be about $500,000, and the increase in net considerably more, owing to the reduction in operating expenses.

Boston Stock Exchange to be closed Friday and Saturday.

Last week's movement of grain and merchandise by the Western roads the largest of the year.

Surplus of $185,619 shown by Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville for the year ended June 30. Gross earnings largest in the history of the company.

Chicago dispatches stating that Western roads have become involved in a serious passenger rate war.

Louisville and Nashville's August statement expected to be very favorable, showing a probable increase in net of $250,000 or more.

Decision reserved by the Court in the case of Frederick Marquand against the Brooklyn Rapid Transit to compel the company to show its books.

Statement from Philadelphia that the the United States Flour Milling Company has made a sale of 5,300 barrels of Duluth Imperial, the largest sale of flour ever recorded in the United States.

Increase of $19,119 in Buffalo and Susquehanna's net earnings for August, making an increase of $21,665 since July 1.

London market restricted by the pending fortnightly settlements, which begin tomorrow.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned at 5@15 per cent., closing at 6 per cent.

Time money, 5@6 per cent. for all periods. Mercantile paper, 5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsements, 5@5½ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6 per cent. for others.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $102,540,993; balances, $5,809,334; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $601,747.

Money on call in London, 1½ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills, 3⅝ per cent.

Foreign exchange was dull. Nominal rates were $4.83 for sixty days and $4.86½ for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.81⅞; demand, $4.85⅝; cables, $4.86. Commercial bills were $4.81@$4.82¼.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.23¾ less 1-16@5.23¾ and 5.20⅝ less 1-16; reichsmarks, 94 1-16 and 94 13-16@94⅞; guilders, 39⅝ and 40 1-16.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par@5c premium. Chicago—40c discount. New Orleans—Commercial, $2 discount; bank, 50c premium. San Francisco—Sight, 12½c premium; telegraphic, 15c premium. Charleston—Buying, 1-16c discount; selling, 1-16c premium. Savannah—Buying, 1-16c discount; selling, 15c per $1,000 premium. St. Louis—75c discount. Cincinnati—Between banks, par@50c discount; over counter, 50c premium.

ON THE LONDON EXCHANGE.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—American securities fluctuated somewhat after a steady opening and then declined. Prices were mainly influenced by the movements in Wall Street. At the close the tone was dull.

Consols for money, 104 7-16; consols for the account, 104½; Canadian, 95; Erie, 13½; Erie first preferred, 37½; Illinois Central, 116¾; Union Pacific preferred, 79; St. Paul, 131¾; New York Central, 139½; Pennsylvania, 67¾; Reading, 11¼; Northern Pacific, preferred, 77⅜; Atchison, 21⅜; Louisville, 80⅞; Grand Trunk, 7⅜; Anaconda, 10¾.

Money, 1½ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills, 3⅝ per cent.

Amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day, £7,000. Gold premiums: Buenos Ayres, 154.60; Madrid, 29.05; Chicago & Alton 3s, (new) w. i., 96.

Bar silver steady at 27¼d per ounce. Spanish 4s closed at 61¼.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, Sept. 25.—Business on the Bourse here to-day began with international securities firm and Kafirs hesitating on the unsatisfactory Transvaal situation. Spanish 4s were strong, closing at 62.30, and other Spanish securities were firm. Rentes finished easier, Rio Tintos and De Beers were heavy, and Kafirs were freely offered. Three per cent. rentes, 100 francs 60 centimes for the account. Exchange on London, 25 francs 27½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Sept. 25.—Private discount on the Boerse to-day was harder owing to the settlement, and money was quoted at 6¼. Business was dull, on account of the uncertainty regarding the Transvaal situation. Only mining shares were in good demand, on favorable manufacturing reports. Exchange on London, 20 marks 46 pfennigs for checks.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 25.—Business was dull on the Boerse to-day and private discount was harder.

MADRID, Sept. 25.—Spanish 4s closed to-day at 71.40. Gold was quoted at 23.00.

RAILWAY STATEMENTS.

The following railways reporting yesterday gross earnings for the third week in September showed increases:

Ann Arbor	$7,327
Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling	4,960
Evansville and Indianapolis	60
Evansville and Terre Haute	3,192
Flint and Père Marquette	2,005
Iowa Central	7,322
Lake Erie and Western	6,350
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	5,635
Peoria, Decatur and Evansville	2,863
Rio Grande Southern	1,870
Rio Grande Western	21,100
St. Paul	51,946
Toledo and Ohio Central	5,640
Twin City Rapid Transit	8,475
Total increase, 14 roads	$128,775
Increase previously reported	12,725
Total increase, 15 roads	$141,500

No decreases so far reported.

FINANCIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Statements as to their condition have been made by the following banks: The Nassau, Fourteenth Street, Eleventh Ward, Mechanics and Traders', Fifth Avenue, Corn Exchange, State Bank, West Side, Bank of New Amsterdam, Mutual Bank, and People's Bank of Brooklyn. Details will be found in another column.

Dividends, details of which will be found in another column, are announced by the following companies: American Malting Company, United Traction and Electric Company, Philadelphia Company.

The Southern Pacific Company announces that certain coupons, due on Oct. 1, will be paid after that date at 23 Broad Street.

New Pacific Mail Steamers.

The fleet of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company is to be increased by two large steamships, which are to be constructed in the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company. The vessels will cost $3,627,000, and one is to be delivered before 1901 and the other in March of that year. Each will have a gross tonnage of 11,300, and the contracts call for a speed of 18 knots. Their length is to be 550 feet. The passenger accommodation of each is to be 143 first-class and 1,230 steerage.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Transactions yesterday in the market for outside securities were not numerous, and at no time during the day did the market show much life. As at the beginning of last week the money rate advanced sharply, and the influence of this fact was naturally unfavorable. Even where the conditions prevailing did not cause the sacrifice of stocks it led to a disposition on the part of many to remain out of the market. In no stock was the trading in large amount, and the declines recorded were made on sales of a few hundred shares of stock. In some parts of the market a good deal of strength was shown, but in most cases final bids showed some recession from those of Saturday.

AMALGAMATED COPPER, the course of which is watched with much interest, was weak yesterday. It opened at the highest figure for the day, and closed at the lowest. With practically no movement toward recovery, the stock declined steadily and lost two points net for the day, closing at 92 bid. The total sales of Amalgamated Copper were of no large amount, but as there was no support given to the stock these sales were enough to bring about the loss recorded. There is little to explain the continued falling off in this stock except that its course during the past few weeks and the impatient waiting that preceded the announcement of the dividend have made this stock particularly sensitive to unfavorable conditions affecting the market generally.

NEW AMSTERDAM GAS also attracted much attention by declining sharply on the sale of a few hundred shares. Unfavorable rumors spread, it would seem, at least partly for manipulative purposes, were circulated in regard to the company, and following this the stock was offered down. The execution of one or two market orders further influenced the stock, and the common sold down to 31⅞, and the preferred to 55½. Both issues recovered partly from these declines before the end of the day, but in both the net loss for the day was substantial. The common stock closed at 32¾ bid, a net loss of 1½ points, and the preferred stock closed at 56 bid, a net loss of 2 points. The rumors in regard to the New Amsterdam Gas Company heard yesterday seemed nothing more than a repetition of earlier reports that could not be confirmed.

Notwithstanding several more or less favorable reports, the electric stocks were somewhat heavy yesterday in sympathy with the market generally. There was very little trading in the stocks of this group. Sellers of the stocks did not seem inclined to offer them down, and the absence of buyers willing to take the offerings except at figures considerably below the previous sales merely reflected the general condition of the market.

ILLINOIS TRANSPORTATION sold at 4½, and the best bid for the stock at the close was 4. The time for the payment of the second installment on this stock has been extended to Feb. 1, 1900. Holders of the temporary certificates may pay the second installment of $5 and receive the engraved certificates, but they may without incurring any penalty postpone this payment until next February.

ELECTRIC AXLE LIGHT AND POWER was not less dull than the other electric stocks. It is reported that the cars recently equipped by the company for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will be put in operation to-day. This road has ordered fifteen cars, and other orders to be filled shortly will bring the total number of cars equipped by the Electric Axle Light and Power Company up to 125.

DISTILLING OF AMERICA was not traded in at all yesterday, and quotations for the stocks were little changed. It is probable that the delivery of the engraved certificates of the Distilling Company of America stock will be begun in about ten days.

Closing quotations were as follows:

ACTIVE SECURITIES.

Gas Companies.

	Bid.	Asked.
Bay State Gas	1⅝	1¾
New Amsterdam	32¼	32¾
New Amsterdam pf	56	57
New Amsterdam 6s, with interest	99	100

Industrials.

American Agricultural Chemical	34	35
Americacn Agricul. Chem., ex div.	18	..
American Wool Goods	27	27¼
American Wool Goods pf	83¼	83½
American Writing Paper 5s	87	91
Beet Sugar	28	30
Beet Sugar pf	80	82
Distilling Company of America	19	19⅛
Distilling Company of America pf	58	60
Electric Axle, Light & Power	5	5⅜
Electric Boat	20	23
Electric Boat pf	40	45
Havana Commercial	27	27
Havana Commercial pf	68¼	69
International Pump	23	25
International Pump pf	71¾	72½
National Graphophone	80	81
National Salt	45	47
National Salt pf	75	77
National Salt pf	75	77
National Tube	45⅞	46
National Tube pf., ex div	90½	92
Otis Elevator	34	35
Otis Elevator pf	96	99
Pittsburg Coal subs	100	115
Royal Baking Powder pf., ex div	99	100½
Rubber Goods Mfg	30	32
Rubber Goods Mfg. pf	84	86
Sloss-Sheffield subs	130	140
Sloss-Sheffield	40	41
Sloss-Sheffield pf	79	80
Standard Oil Trust	467	472
Standard Oil of New Jersey	465	470
Union Steel & Chain	33	34
Union Steel & Chain pf	73	75
U. S. Pneumatic Horse Collar	..	½

Miscellaneous.

Amalgamated Copper	92	92½
American Air Power	41	45
American Cotton	..	55
Arizona Lead	7⅞	8¼
Asphalt Company of America	17½	18
British Columbia Copper	11¾	12¼
Chicago & Alton subs	111	114
Chicago & Alton 3s, (new) w. i	96	97
Electric Vehicle	94	97
Electric Vehicle pf	100	115
*Electro-Pneumatic, assessment paid	1½	1¾
Flemington Coal & Coke	30	31
General Carriage	30	..
Illinois Transportation	4	4½
*Markeen Copper	10¾	11¾
Mexican 4s	90¾	91
New England Transportation	87⅜	9¼
New York Gas & Electric 4s	90½	91
New York Gas & Electric 5s	103	105
New York Transportation	22	23
Pittsburg, Bessemer & Lake Erie	23	23⅜
St. Louis subs	138½	140
St. Louis common, when issued	30	33
St. Louis preferred, when issued	90	94
St. Louis 4s, when issued	94¾	105½
Tennessee Copper	16½	17¾
Trust Company of America	245	250
*Union Copper	30	..
Virginia Coal, Iron, & Coke	30	32
Whitsar Copper	12⅜	13

*Selling dollars per share. Par value $10.

LESS ACTIVE SECURITIES.

Street Railways.

	Bid.	Asked.
Broadway & Seventh Avenue	..	235
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 1st	104	105½
Broadway & Seventh Avenue 2d	110	112
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	115	117
Broadway Surface 2d	105	106
Brooklyn City Railroad	244	246
Brooklyn, Bath & West End 5s	101	103½
Brooklyn Elevated bonds	103	113
Brook., Queens Co. & Suburban 5s	111	113
Buffalo Street Railway stock	101	102
Buffalo Street Railway con	111	115
Central Park, N. & E. River	195	200
Central Park, N. & E. River 7s	108	109
Chicago Union Traction	33	33½
Chicago Union Traction pf	82	83½
Columbus (Ohio) stock	..	112½
Columbus (Ohio) con. 5s	114	116
Con. Traction of N. J	67	68
Con. Traction of N. J. 5s	112	113
Eighth Avenue Railroad	400	..
Kings County Elevated 4s, (new)	90	92
42d St., Man. & St. Nicholas Av.	78	82
42d St., Man. & St. Nicholas Av. 2d	85	88
Nassau Electric 5s	97	97½
Nassau Electric 6s	115	117
New Orleans Traction, (new)	26	26¾
New Orleans Traction pf., (new)	96	97
Ninth Avenue Railroad	183	187
North Jersey Street Railway	37	37½
North Jersey Street Railway 4s	94	96
Orange & Passaic Valley bonds	103	104
Steinway Railway Co. 6 p. c. 1st	116	117
Second Avenue Railroad consols	120	121
Sixth Avenue Railroad	215	230
Syracuse Rapid Transit	12	18
Syracuse Rapid Transit pf	25	35
Union Railway 1st 5s, (Huckleberry)	113	116
Union Railway stock	190	200
United Traction, Providence	102½	103½
Worcester (Mass.) Traction	27	30
Worcester (Mass.) Traction pf	103	..

Gas Companies.

Buffalo (N. Y.) stock	7	9
Buffalo (N. Y.) 1st, with interest	80	81
Central Union 6s, guaranteed	..	106½
Consolidated Gas of Newark bonds	56	58
Consolidated Gas bonds of Newark	105	106
Consolidated Gas bonds of N. J	87½	89½
Consolidated Gas of N. J	21¾	23½
Consumers' Gas (Jersey City) bonds	102	105
Denver Gas	46	49
Denver Gas 5s	89¾	90½
Essex & Hudson Gas	42	45
Fort Wayne Gas	63	65
Fort Wayne Gas 6s	75	78
Indianapolis Gas	110	115
Indianapolis Gas bonds	103	105
Lafayette Gas Co	65	70
Lafayette Gas Co. 1st 6s	79	82
Logansport & Wabash Valley Gas	..	45
Logansport & Wabash Valley 6s	..	67
Mutual Gas of New York	290	300
Madison (Wis.) stock	81	83
New England Gas & Coke	28¼	30
New England Gas & Coke bonds	81	83
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. 1st	110	113
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. con	109	112
N. Y. Suburban Gas Co. bonds	102½	103¼
North Hudson L., H. & P. Co	55	56
North Hud. L., H. & P. Co. bonds	107	109
Ohio & Indiana	..	45
Ohio & Indiana 1st 6s	67	70
St. Joseph (Mo.)	43	46
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	93	95
St. Paul Gas stock	60	61
St. Paul Gas bonds	88	90
Standard Gas, New York	111	115
Standard Gas, New York, pf	130	138
Standard Gas 1st	116	118
Syracuse Gas stock	9	11
Syracuse Gas 1st 5 per cent. bonds	..	80
Western Gas	103	105
Western Gas 1st 5s, with interest	106	107¾

Ferry Companies.

Brooklyn Ferry	33	35
Brooklyn Ferry 5 p. c., with int	97¼	98½
Brooklyn Ferry (new)	60	62
Hoboken Ferry con. 5s	93	93½
Metropolitan Ferry 5s	110	113
Union Ferry	45	46
Union Ferry bds	103	104

Industrials.

American Ginning	20	21
American Typefounders'	54	57
Anderson Tobacco Company	10	12
Barney & Smith	18	22
Barney & Smith bonds	105	107
Consolidated Rubber Tire	18	21
Consolidated Rubber Tire pf	..	58
Cramps' Shipyard	70	77
General Chemical	55	..
General Chemical pf	98	101
Hudson River Telephone	110	115
Lorillard Company pf	116½	117½
Standard Coupler	35	40
Trenton Potteries	5	8
Trenton Potteries pf	..	55
Union Typewriter	..	31
Union Typewriter 1st pf	112	114
Union Typewriter 2d pf	118	122
Worthington Pump pf	109	110

Miscellaneous.

American Bank Note	47	50
Central & South American Tel	114	116
Iron Steamboat	..	5
Iron Steamboat bonds	63	66

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—The money market is still in a relatively firm position, with rates held at previous quotations. At the Clearing House the rate on all loans was 4 per cent., and New York funds sold at par and 5 cents' premium. A few call loans are outstanding at 4 per cent., and more at 4½, but some of the largest banks report most of their loans at 5 per cent.

The stock market had an exceptionally dull day of it, with values inclined to droop for much of the time. There was really little in the situation that could be called a feature. Arcadian, still the object of much attention, and apparently as much of a mystery as ever, seemed to get a better support than of late, and after breaking to 47½ early in the day, rallied to 50. Inside information tells of nothing unfavorable to the property, and attributes the recent selling to a former insider. All the other coppers were neglected and generally inclined to weakness. Baltic was back to 26 and 26½; Parrot dropped to 45½; Utah sold at 37⅞ to 39, but just at the close pushed up to 40½; Massachusetts was up to 13; United States Mining sold in a small way at 32; Anaconda dropped to 51⅞ from 54.

A considerable trading in East Boston at from 8¾ down to 8, a fractional set-back for Central Oil, and a good-sized business in Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and Sugar were the only points of interest in the general list.

Closing bid and asked:

Mining Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	7	7½	Old Colony	8	8½
Allouez	5	5½	Old Domin	31½	32
Arcadian	49½	49⅝	Osceola	85	85¼
Artold	1	1½	Parrot	46¾	47
Ash Bed	1¾	2	Pioneer	..	3
Atlantic	28½	30	Quincy	155	158
Baltic	26½	30	Rhode Island	5¼	6½
B. & P.	25	30	Santa Fé	12¾	12¾
Bost. & Mon.	340	345	Santa Ysabel	12¾	13
Butte & Bos.	65	69	Shoe	36	37
Cal. & Hec.	783	790	Tamarack	222	225
Centennial	33	34	Utah Cons	40	41
Franklin	17½	18	Washington	2	2¼
Humboldt	1¾	2¼	White Knob	13	15
Isle Royale	42½	43	Winona	..	10
Mohawk	21¾	22	Wolverine	42	43

Railroad Stocks.

Bost. & Alb.	255	260	Cent. M. pf.	66	..
Bost. & Low.	241	..	Fitchburg pf.	121½	..
Bost. & Me.	190	..	N. Y. & N. E.	..	..
Bost. & Pr.	38	..	6s	112¾	..
Bost. Elev.	107½	109	N. Y. & N. H.	..	..
Bost. Gas 5s	85	87	6s	116½	..
Cent. Mass.	16	18	West End	93½	94

Miscellaneous Stocks.

Am. B. Tel.	362	364	N. Eng. Tel.	153	..
Chi. S. Y.	141½	144	U. S. Oil	45¼	45½
Dom. Coal	51	52	Westinghouse	..	..
Dom. C. pf.	115	117	Electric	47	49
Erie Tel.	112	113	Westinghouse Elect. pf.	68	70
Mex. Tel.	5¾	6			

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—Biscuit, after opening at 46⅜, dropped to 45⅞ and closed at 46. Steel went off ½ point from the opening at 52. Metropolitan preferred was back to 67; the trust certificates advanced to 22 from 21. Some of its bonds brought 95¾. The business of the day was very small.

SETTLEMENT PRICES.

Am. Strawboard	34
C. & Chi. C. & D. Co.	77
Diamond Match Co. of Illinois	128
National Biscuit Co. com.	45⅞
National Biscuit Co. pf.	97½
Chi. Brew. & Malt.	2
Chi. Brew. & Malt. Co. pf.	12
Mil. & Chi. Brew. Co.	3
Mil. & Chi. Brew. Co. pf.	18
Chi. Pkg. & P. Co.	12
Chi. Pkg. & P. Co. pf.	73
N. Chi. St. R. R.	28¾
W. Chi. St. R. R.	11⅜
South Side El. R. R.	98
Lake St. Elevated	17⅛
Lake St. El., t. ctfs.	15½
Street's W. S. C. Line	20

REGULAR STOCKS.

Am. Linseed com.	9½
Am. Linseed pf.	50
Am. Tin Plate com.	38⅝
Am. Tin Plate pf.	85½
National Biscuit Co. com.	45⅞
National Biscuit Co. pf.	97½
National Carbon Co.	20
National Carbon Co. pf.	82¾
National Steel com.	51½
National Steel pf.	93¼
Diamond Match	128
West Chicago Street R. R.	119⅞
Chi. Union Traction	31⅛
Chi. Union Traction pf.	82¼

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 25.—Little activity was displayed in the market to-day, and prices moved with great irregularity. Cambria Steel, Welsbach Light, Western New York and Pennsylvania, Bethlehem Steel, and American Railways advanced; Union Traction, Marsden, Pennsylvania Manufacturing, and American Asphalt declined. The losses were fractional, as were also the advances, except in Welsbach Light, which moved up 1½, to 53. Cambria Steel touched 25⅝, its highest point on record. Call money ruled firm at 5 per cent. The banks last week lost about $2,000,000 to New York.

Closing bid and asked:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cambria	25½	25¾	Penn. Mfg.	28⅝	28½
Choctaw	42½	43	Phila. Trac.	96⅝	97
El. Stge. B.	134	140	Union Tract.	39¾	39⅞
El. S. B. pf.	134	140	Un. G. Imp.	182½	194½
El. Co. of A.	17¾	18	Welsbach Lt.	51	52
Lehigh Val.	26⅞	26⅝	W. N. Y. & P.	..	..
Marsden	14¼	14½	Penn.	6½	6⅝

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE SALES

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
230	Am. Steel & W. pf.	51	51¼	50⅝	50⅝
10	Am. Steel Hoop	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾
11,480	Am. Sug. Ref.	144¼	145	142⅝	142⅝
8,360	Am. Tobacco	121	121	118½	118½
30	A., T. & S. F.	20	20	20	20
4,890	A., T. & S. F. pf.	63⅝	63⅝	61⅝	61⅞
55,700	Brook. R. T.	88	91½	87½	88½
60	Ches. & Ohio	27½	27⅝	27	27
4,080	C., B. & Q.	130¾	130¾	129½	129⅝
90	Chi. Gt. West.	14¾	14¾	14½	14⅝
10,310	C., M. & St. P.	128	128	126½	126⅜
100	Chi. & N'west.	166⅜	166⅜	166¼	166¼
1,490	C., R. I. & P.	113¼	113⅝	112⅜	112⅝
50	Col. Fuel & Iron	57¼	57¼	57¼	57⅜
480	Cont. Tobacco	41½	42¼	41½	42¼
1,910	Federal Steel	54	54⅝	53	53⅜
60	Fed. Steel pf.	79	79	78½	78½
460	Louis. & Nash.	78¾	79	78¾	78⅝
2,060	Manhattan	106½	106⅝	103⅝	108¼
570	Mo. Pacific	45½	45¾	44	44¼
140	N. Y., O. & W.	25¼	25⅝	25¼	24⅝
20	Norfolk & West.	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜
300	Northern Pac.	53⅜	53⅝	52⅝	52⅝
50	North. Pac. pf.	75⅞	75⅞	75¼	75⅛
1,880	People's Gas.	110⅞	111	109⅜	110
80	Reading	21½	21½	21½	21¼
250	Reading 1st pf.	58½	58½	58⅜	58⅜
170	Republic Steel	28½	28⅝	28¼	28¼
30	St. L. South. pf.	34⅝	34⅝	34¼	34½
1,130	Southern Pacific.	38	38¼	37⅝	37⅝
50	Southern Ry. pf.	51⅞	52	51⅝	51⅝
450	Tenn. C. & I.	116	116⅜	115	115⅛
200	Union Pacific.	44⅞	44⅝	44¼	44⅝
70	Union Pac. pf.	76¾	76¾	76½	76½
1,780	U. S. Leather	15⅞	15¾	14	14⅛
1,240	U. S. Leather pf.	79½	80⅝	78¾	78¾
105,200					

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
$7,000	Amsterdam Gas.	100½	100½	100½	100½

INDUSTRIAL EXCHANGE BIDS.

The following bids for securities were made on the Industrial Exchange yesterday:

American Biscuit bonds	109
Binghamton Gas 5s	98
Fern. Coal Co.	16.00
Journeay & Burnham	5.00
Journeay & Burnham pf.	25.00
Marshall Mill	50
New York Biscuit bonds	113
Retsof bonds	82¾
Retsof stock	15

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Monday, Sept. 25, 1899.

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
114	118	10	Adams Express	116	116	116	116	....
16¼	16½	1,020	Am. Car & Foundry	17	17	17	17	−⅛
62¾	62½	1,490	Am. Car & Foundry pf.	64	64	62½	62½	−3
39¼	39¾	400	American Ice	39⅞	39⅞	38¾	39½	−¾
43½	44	400	American Cotton Oil	44¼	44¼	44	44	+⅜
9¼	10	177	American Linseed	9½	9½	9¼	9¼	+⅜
50	50⅜	125	American Linseed pf.	50½	50½	49¾	49¾	....
148	152	55	American Express	150	150	149	149	....
37	37½	1,150	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	39¼	39¼	37½	37½	−1¾
88½	89	400	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	89	89	88½	88½	+¼
5½	..	180	Am. Spirits Mfg.	..	5½	5½	5½	½
..	..	20	Am. Spirits Mfg. pf.	27	27	27	27	....
50	50¼	3,780	Am. Steel & Wire	51⅝	51⅝	50¼	50⅜	−1⅝
96	97	350	Am. Steel & Wire pf.	97	97	96½	96½	−½
142	142⅜	22,380	Am. Sugar Ref. Co.	143½	145	142⅛	142⅛	−3⅞
37¾	38½	1,500	American Tin Plate	39¼	39¼	38	38	−1⅝
86	87	120	Am. Tin Plate pf.	87	87	87	87	....
118⅜	118½	29,695	American Tobacco	122	121	118	118⅝	−3¼
44	44½	4,835	Am. Steel Hoop	45	45½	44¼	44½	−⅜
85	85½	1,000	Am. Steel Hoop pf.	86	86	85½	85½	....
40	42	600	Ann Arbor pf.	41	41½	41	41½	+½
20½	20¼	2,555	Atch., Top. & S. F.	20⅜	20⅜	20	20	−1
61¾	61⅞	23,050	A., Top. & S. F. pf.	63	63	61⅝	61⅝	−1⅜
51¼	51⅜	6,670	Anaconda Copper	52½	52½	51¼	51¼	−1⅝
50½	51	525	Baltimore & Ohio	50½	50¼	50	50	−⅞
70¾	71	1,555	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	70⅝	70¾	70⅛	70⅛	−1⅝
88½	88¼	102,358	Bklyn. Rapid Transit	88½	91¼	87¼	88⅛	−1⅝
140	142	450	Bklyn. Union Gas	140	140	140	140	−½
57⅞	58¼	200	Cen. Pacific, ass't pd.	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	−½
26¾	27	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	27½	27½	27	27	−½
129¾	129½	23,435	Chi., Bur. & Quincy	130⅜	130⅜	129¼	129¼	−⅜
48	48¼	200	Chi. Cons. Traction	48¼	48¼	48¼	48¼	−¾
14½	14⅝	400	Chicago Gt. Western	14⅜	14⅜	14¼	14½	−⅛
80½	81⅜	715	Chi. Gt. West. pf. A.	80⅜	80⅜	80⅛	80⅛	−⅛
41	41⅝	200	Chi. Gt. West. pf. B.	41⅝	41⅝	41	41	−⅛
11⅝	12	1,016	Chi., Ind. & Louis.	11⅞	11⅞	11½	11⅞	−⅛
43½	44	100	Chi., Ind. & Louis. pf.	44	44	44	44	+¼
127⅞	128⅜	18,796	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	127⅞	128¼	126¾	128¼	−1¼
166⅝	166⅞	400	Chi. & Northwestern.	166⅝	167½	166⅜	166⅜	−1¼
112¼	112¾	5,455	Chi., R. I. & Pacific.	113¼	113¾	112¼	112½	−1¼
44½	46	50	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	43½	43½	43½	43½	....
55	55½	100	C., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	55½	55¼	55½	55¼	....
56⅜	57	1,900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	57¼	58¼	56⅞	56⅞	−2
21½	23¼	200	Colorado Midland pf.	21	21	21	21	−2½
5⅛	5⅜	2,025	Colorado Southern	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5¼	+⅛
44	44½	200	Color

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE STATE BANK, N. Y.,
at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,890,767.86
Overdrafts		70.17
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers, and brokers	$48,005.01	
Due from approved reserve agents	164,458.06	212,463.07
Banking house and lot	$36,500.00	
Other real estate	105,157.76	141,657.76
Mortgages owned		64,603.90
Stocks and bonds		293,842.22
Specie		78,134.22
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of National banks		150,000.00
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$75,101.31	
Other items carried as cash	9,733.94	84,835.25
Assets not included under any of the above heads: Furniture and fixtures		2,905.00
		$2,919,279.45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$100,000.00
Surplus fund	75,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	88,610.14
Due depositors	2,604,639.67
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers, and savings banks	1,029.64
Due Treasurer of the State of New York	50,000.00
	$2,919,279.45

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
ARNOLD KOHN, Vice President, and I. H. ROSENBAUM, Cashier, of the State Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 378 Grand Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chapter 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made. And C. L. RICHARD, the President, is absent and cannot join in this report.
ARNOLD KOHN, Vice President.
I. H. ROSENBAUM, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] WILLIAM B. ROTH,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 49.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE MECHANICS & TRADERS' BANK
at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,638,601.52
Overdrafts		956.32
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers, and brokers		135,952.37
Other real estate		45,870.81
Mortgages owned		4,500.00
Stocks and bonds		205,000.00
Specie		179,788.30
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of National banks		96,590.00
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$267,356.87	
Other items carried as cash	5,117.88	272,474.75
Assets not included under any of the above heads: Furniture and fixture ac..	$11,000.00	
Premium account	1,078.13	
Custom House balance with U. S. Treasurer	1,629.40	13,707.53
		$2,593,441.60

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$400,000.00
Surplus fund and profits, less current expenses	100,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses	25,844.14
Due depositors	2,008,488.07
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers, and savings banks	9,074.13
Due Treasurer of the State of New York	50,000.00
Amount due not included under any of the above heads, viz.: Unpaid dividends	35.26
	$2,593,441.60

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
LEO SCHLESINGER, President, and A. M. DEDERER, Cashier, of Mechanics and Traders' Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 486 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made. And HENRY STEERS, the President, is absent and cannot join in this report.
CHAS. E. BROWN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to by deponent, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] JOE W. SWAINE,
Notary Public, Kings Co., certificate filed in N. Y. Co.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE NASSAU BANK, NEW YORK,
at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,337,329.23
Overdrafts		408.67
Due from banks and bankers for collections		283,907.83
Real estate		51,900.00
Mortgages owned		1,500.00
U. S. and other bonds		248,168.33
Specie		435,949.56
U. S. legal tenders and notes of National banks		277,220.00
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$229,777.68	
Other cash items	1,500.00	231,277.68
Vault and fixtures		4,000.00
		$3,871,661.30

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$500,000.00
Surplus fund	250,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	23,922.64
Due depositors	3,083,175.82
Due banks, bankers, and brokers	14,538.84
Unpaid dividends	24.00
	$3,871,661.30

State of New York, County of New York, ss:
FRANK H. RICHARDSON, President, and WILLIAM R. ROGERS, Cashier, of the Nassau Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 9 Beekman Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made.
F. H. RICHARDSON, President.
W. H. ROGERS, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
RAPHAEL M. MATTESON,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, N. Y. C.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE WEST SIDE BANK
at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,434,725.80
Overdrafts		956.42
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers, and brokers		173,626.21
Real estate		68,712.00
Stocks and bonds		391,460.08
Specie		401,314.15
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of National banks		365,688.00
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$214,217.23	
Other items carried as cash	19,508.41	233,725.64
		$4,065,208.50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$200,000.00
Surplus fund	250,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	126,657.44
Due depositors	3,395,365.62
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers, and savings banks	88,185.44
Amount due not included under any of the above heads, viz.: Taxes	5,000.00
	$4,065,208.50

State of New York, County of New York, ss:
C. F. TIETJEN, President of West Side Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 485-487 8th Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and he further says that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made; and Theo. M. Bertine, Cashier, is absent and cannot join in this report.
C. F. TIETJEN, President.
Subscribed and sworn to by deponent, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] NATHANIEL MILLS, Jr.,
Notary Public, Kings Co.
Certificate filed in New York Co.

BROOKLYN BANKS.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF BROOKLYN,
Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 20th, 1899.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$764,079.11
Overdrafts	200.08
Bonds	132,579.78
Due from reserve banks	75,974.20
Due from Assistant Treasurer U. S.	4,000.00
Cash in bank	61,768.29
Exchanges for Clearing House	43,068.06
Banking house	50,000.00
Vaults, furniture, and fixtures	27,000.00
	$1,161,269.52

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$100,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	127,009.46
Deposits	931,984.66
Due to banks	2,285.38
	$1,161,269.52

B. BERNARD COOMBE, Cashier.
JAMES GASCOINE, President.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE FIFTH AVENUE BANK OF NEW YORK
at the close of business on the twentieth day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$8,160,481.26
Overdrafts		5,868.17
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers, and brokers		63,728.29
Banking house and lot		357,066.60
Mortgages owned		5,000.00
Stocks and bonds		42,228.13
Specie		1,870,051.66
U. S. legal-tenders and circulating notes of National banks		609,777.00
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$294,762.55	
Other items carried as cash	52,812.39	347,574.94
Assets not included under any of the above heads: Due from Treasurer U. S.	$24,000.00	
U. S. internal revenue stamps	4,141.64	28,141.64
		$11,495,917.69

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$100,000.00
Surplus fund	100,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	1,111,490.75
Due depositors	$10,162,130.06
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, and savings banks	22,296.88
	10,184,426.94
	$11,495,917.69

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
A. S. FRISSELL, President, and FRANK DEAN, Cashier of The Fifth Avenue Bank of New York, a bank located and doing business at No. 530 Fifth Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892), and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks, designating the twentieth day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made.
A. S. FRISSELL, President
FRANK DEAN, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
[L. S] SELAH L. BENNETT,
Notary Public, Westchester Co., Ctf. filed in New York Co.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE ELEVENTH WARD BANK
at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,306,360.52
Overdrafts		226.67
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers, and brokers	$35,082.19	
Due from approved reserve agents	118,006.60	153,088.79
Banking house and lot	$45,000.00	
Other real estate	1,075.00	46,075.00
Mortgages owned		4,500.00
Stocks and bonds		119,362.02
Specie		70,654.00
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of National banks		89,754.00
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$77,680.08	
Other items carried as cash	392.37	78,072.45
		$1,868,093.45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$100,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	131,211.69
Due depositors	1,636,881.76
	$1,868,093.45

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
CHAS. E. BROWN, Cashier of the Eleventh Ward Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 147 Avenue D, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and he further says that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chapter 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made. And HENRY STEERS, the President, is absent and cannot join in this report.
CHAS. E. BROWN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to by deponent, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] JOE W. SWAINE,
Notary Public, Kings Co., certificate filed in N. Y. Co.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE FOURTEENTH STREET BANK
at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$817,075.27
Overdrafts		139.27
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers, and brokers	$72,498.30	
Due from approved reserve agents	184,683.83	257,177.13
Other real estate		4,518.77
Stocks and bonds		213,212.50
Specie		65,568.41
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of National banks		59,026.00
Other items carried as cash		391.36
Assets not included under any of the above heads: Internal revenue stamps		657.63
		$1,417,766.34

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$100,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	6,973.59
Due depositors	1,208,721.24
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers, and savings banks	1,960.51
Due Treasurer of the State of New York	50,000.00
Amount due not included under any of the above heads, viz.: Unpaid dividends	111.00
	$1,417,766.34

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
GEORGE F. VAIL, President, and IRVING C. GAYLORD, Cashier, of Fourteenth Street Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 3 East Fourteenth Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chapter 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made.
GEO. F. VAIL, President.
IRVING C. GAYLORD, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] MORRIS E. STERNE,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co., No. 129.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK,
New York, at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$14,861,146.31
Overdrafts		987.04
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers and brokers		863,035.08
Banking houses and lots	$784,000.00	
Other real estate	18,474.65	
		797,474.65
Mortgages owned		344,179.45
Stocks and bonds		446,888.24
Specie		4,161,639.61
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of National banks		948,437.00
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$6,649,821.55	
Other items carried as cash	165,152.45	6,814,974.00
		$29,237,861.83

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$1,400,000.00
Surplus fund	1,000,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	651,836.80
Due depositors	20,394,157.78
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers, and savings banks	5,784,894.75
Due Treasurer of the State of New York	6,000.00
Amount due not included under any of the above heads, viz: Unpaid dividends	1,472.00
	$29,237,861.83

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
WILLIAM A. NASH, President, and LOFTIN LOVE, Cashier, of the Corn Exchange Bank, New York, a bank located and doing business at No. 13 William Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank and its branches has been transacted at the locations required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which said report shall be made.
WILLIAM A. NASH, President.
LOFTIN LOVE, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 23d day of September, 1899, before me.
[Seal of Notary.] THOMAS NASH,
Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate filed in New York County.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE BANK OF NEW AMSTERDAM
at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,709,847.86
Overdrafts		4,030.82
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers, and brokers		113,387.11
Stocks and bonds		636,076.18
Specie	$917,008.84	
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of National banks	122,259.00	1,039,267.84
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$109,018.16	
Other items carried as cash	13,676.60	122,694.76
Assets not included under any of the above heads: Safe deposit vaults		35,000.00
		$4,660,304.57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$250,000.00
Surplus fund	250,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	113,395.58
Due depositors	$3,594,956.22
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers, and savings banks	401,952.77
Due Treasurer of the State of New York	50,000.00
	4,046,908.99
	$4,660,304.57

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
FRANK TILFORD, President, and GEORGE J. BAUMANN, Cashier, of the Bank of New Amsterdam, a bank located and doing business at Broadway and 38th Street, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law (Chapter 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made.
FRANK TILFORD, President.
G. J. BAUMANN, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
JOHN G. HEMERICH,
[Seal of Notary.] Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF
THE MUTUAL BANK,
1,282 Broadway, at the close of business on the 20th day of September, 1899:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,188,519.08
Overdrafts		302.82
Due from trust companies, banks, bankers, and brokers		$41,496.41
Due from approved reserve agents	326,754.16	408,250.57
Other real estate	35,317.00	35,317.00
Stocks and bonds		29,630.00
Specie		22,059.87
U. S. legal tenders and circulating notes of National banks		108,534.00
Cash items, viz.: Bills and checks for the next day's exchanges	$115,123.72	
Other items carried as cash	2,155.96	117,279.68
Assets not included under any of the above heads: Furniture and fixtures	11,001.22	11,001.22
Total		$1,920,894.24

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, in cash	$200,000.00
Surplus fund	80,000.00
Undivided profits, less current expenses and taxes paid	42,602.67
Due depositors	1,475,291.57
Due trust companies, banks, bankers, brokers, and savings banks	73,000.00
Due Treasurer of the State of New York	50,000.00
Total	$1,920,894.24

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
JAMES McCLENAHAN, President, and WALTER WESTERVELT, Cashier, of the Mutual Bank, a bank located and doing business at No. 1,282 Broadway, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says that the foregoing report, with the schedule accompanying the same, is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and he further says that the usual business of said bank has been transacted at the location required by the banking law, (Chap. 689, Laws of 1892,) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Superintendent of Banks designating the 20th day of September, 1899, as the day on which such report shall be made.
JAMES McCLENAHAN, President.
WALTER WESTERVELT, Cashier.
Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents, the 25th day of September, 1899, before me.
GEORGE S. EWALD,
Notary Public, No. 43, N. Y. Co.
[Seal of Notary.]

DIVIDENDS.

Oregon Short Line Railroad Company.
NON-CUMULATIVE INCOME B BONDS.
COUPONS NO. 3, DUE OCTOBER 1, 1899, from the above-mentioned bonds, will be paid at maturity, (at the rate of 4%,) upon presentation at the office of the STATE TRUST COMPANY, 100 Broadway, NEW YORK, N. Y.
FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

New Apartment House on St. Nicholas Avenue—The Central Park West Deal—Auction Sales.

Leopold Weil has sold for Jacob D. Butler to Arthur Gorsch the northwest corner of One Hundred and Fifty-first Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, together with the northeast corner of the same street and St. Nicholas Place, making in all a plot 93 by 92 by 80 by 65, on which the buyer will erect a seven-story apartment house.

The deal involving the American Deposit and Loan Company's plot, 150 by 100, at the northwest corner of Central Park West and Sixty-sixth Street, continues to be the subject of conflicting statements even among the interested parties. The state of the case as shown by careful inquiry late yesterday afternoon seemed to be that, while final contracts may not have been signed, the purchase of the property by Irons & Todd is practically assured.

McVickar & Co. have sold for the Germania Life Insurance Company to Louis Stern, for about $14,500, the three-story dwelling 309 West One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Street, 17.6 by 99.11.

Hulbert, Peck & Sons have sold for John J. Brennan the three-story dwelling 426 West Thirty-fourth Street, 20 by 45 by 98.9. The Frank L. Fisher Company has sold the five-story American-basement dwelling 652 West End Avenue, 16 by 50 by 82; also the five-story double flat 189 St. Nicholas Avenue, 32 by 100.

John R. Davidson has sold for Mrs. Mary Dunshee to a Mr. Finan the three-story dwelling 141 Manhattan Avenue.

Rusher & Babcock have sold for Peter Wagner, to a client, 9 West Ninety-fifth Street, a four-story house, 18 by 58 by 100.

Neubeck & Bisher have sold a two-family house, 25 by 100, at 573 East One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street, to Dr. Lewis H. Brown of Buchanan, N. Y., for $6,700; also a two-story house, 25 by 100, at 638 East One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street, to George Dick.

The block bounded by Lorillard Place, Hoffman, One Hundred and Eighty-eighth, and One Hundred and Eighty-ninth Streets, containing about thirty lots, has been sold by St. Joseph's Institute of Fordham. Leitner & Marks, William Stonebridge, and John Dennerlein conducted the negotiations. The price was about $35,000.

It is reported that the five-story flat at the southeast corner of One Hundred and Nineteenth Street and Eighth Avenue has been sold for about $45,000.

Henry Parish, as trustee, conveyed yesterday to William F. Havemeyer the seven-story building at 49 Wall Street, 37 by 66 by 42.2 by 92.2. Mr. Havemeyer contracted for this purchase several weeks ago. His holdings at this point, now including 67 and 69 Wall Street and 89 and 91 Beaver Street, were mortgaged yesterday to the Brooklyn Savings Bank for three years in the sum of $300,000 at 4 per cent. interest.

Yesterday's records also contain the transfer of the southeast corner of Broadway and Thirteenth Street, 50.6 by 95 by 19 by 100, by Henrietta Kahn to Henry Corn, for $245,000. Mr. Corn gives back a two-year mortgage for $60,000 on the parcel and also transfers to Henrietta Kahn the property 424 Broome Street.

Results at Auction.

The voluntary offerings announced for yesterday, those of 241 and 243 West Broadway, and the southwest corner of First Avenue and Seventy-fourth Street, were withdrawn. A foreclosure on four flats at Third Avenue and St. Paul's Place resulted as follows:

By Peter F. Meyer & Co.
3,733 Third Avenue, northwest corner of St. Paul's Place, together with 3.735 and 3,777 adjoining, each 28.5 feet front and varying in depth, from 95.11 to 110.5, three four-story brick flats, with store; together with St. Paul's Place, north side, 95.11 feet west of Third Avenue, at the rear of the foregoing, 25.9 by 109, four-story brick flat; foreclosure sale, by order of the Sheriff, to the plaintiffs, the Ernst-Marx-Nathan Company $65,855

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 111 Broadway:

By Philip A. Smyth, foreclosure sale, John E. Duffey, referee, 118, 120, and 122 West Sixty-first Street, south side, 310 feet west of Columbus Avenue, each 80 by 100.5, three four-story stone-front flats. Due on judgment, on each, $27,080.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale, by order of the Sheriff, 1,443 to 1,449 Amsterdam Avenue, northeast corner of One Hundred and Thirty-first Street, 109.8 by 100, four five-story brick flats, with stores. Due on judgment, $28,598.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

The only plans filed yesterday were for the following alterations:

Nos. 17 and 19 West Ninety-seventh Street, to a two-story and attic brick dwelling; John McDermott, premises, owner; Gilbert M. Robinson, architect; cost, $800.

No. 415 Grand Street, to a four-story brick dwelling and store; Jacob Furmann, owner; E. W. Greis, architect; cost, $75.

SUCCESSFUL SALE IN YONKERS.

Curtis Estate's Holdings Bring More Than $100,000 at Auction.

The trustee's sale of the holdings of the Abijah Curtis estate, in Yonkers, conducted yesterday afternoon on the premises by Auctioneer Philip A. Smyth, realized something over $100,000. Both of the country seats, The Oaks and Springside, were bought by heirs, the former for $30,000 and the latter for $17,800. A house with two lots on Woodworth Avenue, near Ashburton Avenue, brought $3,500, and one on High Street, near Ridgewood Avenue, on a plot about 100 by 190, went for $11,500. Other lots and plots on High and Fairview Streets, Ridgewood and Vineyard Avenues, ranged in price from $150 to $1,500.

Edgewater Lots at Auction.

William M. Ryan held a successful sale of lots at Edgewater, N. J., on Saturday, disposing of sixteen out of an announced offering of twenty parcels. The last four were voluntarily withdrawn by the owner. Prices ranged from $375 to $440 a lot.

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

Monday, Sept. 25.

ARTHUR AV, 1,995, 16.8x90; Edwin J. Blauvelt to Carrie Welse 3,800
ALL existing title or accruing in certain land, as heir, &c., of Jacob and Alma Edwards and Robert Edwards estate, in New York, or elsewhere; Tobias Teed to Ella A. Brown 1
BAILEY AV, e s, Plot 43 and parts of 41 and 42; also parts of Plots 40, 41, and 42, map of property of William O. Gilles, at King's Bridge; John Eusner to Frederick Bachmann 1
BALCOM AV, s s, 100 ft w of Fort Schuyler Road, 25x97.6x29.10x105.7; Seton Land Company to Delia Moynihan 600
BROADWAY, 838 and 840, s e corner of 13th St, 50.6x95x19x100; Henrietta Kahn to Henry Corn 245,000
BROADWAY, 838 and 840, s e corner of 13th St, 50.6x95x19x100; Henrietta Kahn to Henry Corn 1
BROOME ST, 424, n s; Henry Corn to Henrietta Kahn ..... Omitted.
CANAL ST, 102, and 26 Forsyth St; Charles Raab to Joseph S. Marcus 4,200
CHERRY ST, s s, 87.11 ft e of Catherine St, 16.8x65.10.8x80.6; Elizabeth J. Riordan and others to Harris Mandelbaum and another 100
CLINTON AV, 1,343, 23x87.7x23x87.6; Victor Gerhards to John L. and Frances A. Brill 1
FRONT ST, n s, 57 ft w of Roosevelt St, 23x74.2x24.1x74.4; Abraham Garside to Annie Wise 1
LOT 1288, map of portion of Hunt estate, Van Nest Station; Arthur H. Murphy to Susan C. Murphy 500
MANHATTAN AV, 113, 18x50; Edward H. Kelly to Martha T. Kelly 1
REED'S MILL ROAD, e s, Lots 18 and 18, map of the Colonels, Eastchester; Catharine Fitzgerald to Christian and Hannah Englert 1,000
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of Columbine St, 75.11x106.4x75x117.11; Milford B. Streeter and another to John McLeavy 1
TINTON AV, e s, 202.6 ft s of 163th St, 25 x132.4; John C. Yuse to Patrick H. Calligan 5,000
TOPPING ST, 1,763, 16.8x100; Victor Gerhards to Louis H. Klopfer 1
TOPPING ST, 1,763, 16.8x100; John L. Brill to Victor Gerhards 1
WALL ST, 67, s s, 37x66x42.2x92.2; Henry Parish, trustee, to William F. Havemeyer 180,000
WASHINGTON AV, 1,108, 25x84; Charlotte R. Hanlon to August H. and Anna E. Daum 5,500
WILLARD ST, s s, 225 ft w of Keppler Av, 75x100; William F. Harnett to Harry B. Kyle 1,100
1ST AV, e s, 50.11 ft n of 109th St, 50x95; 1st Av, s e corner of 110th St, 50.11x95; Elizabeth J. Bradish and others to Joseph Solomon and another 33,500
3D ST, 49 East, 20x77.5; Moses November to Ottilie Block 1
32D ST, s s, 362.6 ft w of 8th Av, 12.6x 98.9; Ida C. Lawyer to Henry Kensing.. 7,000
79TH ST, n s, 925 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 57.3x—x54.1x102.2; Herbert Coope to Edward Shuttleworth 1
97TH ST, 152 West, 17x100.11; Robert S. Levy to Edward Black 18,750
109TH ST, 166 East, 25x100.11; Michael J. Scanlan, referee, to Hannah H. Crowley 17,800
113TH ST, n s, 270 ft w of 3d Av, 75x 100.10; Louis Kurlandzik and another to Pyser Bookstaver 1
124TH ST, 142 West, 25x100.11; Thomas Adelson and Moses A. Stone to Albert M. Ohayn 10,500
129D ST, s s, 485 ft w of 5th Av, 25x99.11; John Eusner to Frederick Bachmann.. 1
132D ST, s s, 75 ft w of Park Av, 25x99.11; Jacob Wirth to Annie Wirth 1
136TH ST, n s, 462.6 ft e of 7th Av, 15.6x 99.11; Emma G. Leith to Elizabeth J. Wilder 1
137TH ST, n s, 155 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 27.6x100; Joseph D. Jennings to Thomas Hutton 1
156TH ST, s s, 350 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 25x100; Herman Schmuck and another to James H. Dick 100
161ST ST, 661 East, 25x90.4x25x90.9; Thomas R. Lowerre to Charles H. Lowerre 1
168TH ST, s s, 105 ft w of Prospect Av, 126x134.4x irregular; Mary J. Martin to William Robitzek 1
175TH ST, s s, 25 ft w of 11th Av, 50x65; John Eusner to Frederick Bachmann..... 1
175TH ST, 988 East, 25x100; John H. Gratcup to Jacob Standerman and wife..... 5,500
178TH ST, s s, 60 ft w of Cedar Av, 20x 98; John H. Judge, referee, to Charles L. Tiffany 3,600
235TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of Keppler Av, 275x100; 235th St, n s, 100 ft w of Keppler Av, 100x200; Harry B. Kyle to William J. Nicklas, exchange and..... 500

Recorded Leases.

CALLANAN, Thomas, to John J. McMahon;; Melrose Av, 924, s e corner of 163d St, 2 years 480
COBURN, Alfred F., to Herman Eggers; 1,100 to 1,200
CRANE, Albert, to John Fox; 1st Av, n e corner of 99th St, 10 years..... 900
RAAB, Charles, to Joseph S. Marcus; Canal St, 102, and 26 Forsyth St, 5 years 4,200

Recorded Mortgages.

ADLER, Christian, to John, Andrew, Jr., Frederick G., and George F. Ewald; 221 West 120th St, 5 years 13,600
BECKER, George, and wife, to Mary F. Hoe; Webster Av, e s, 92 ft n of 176th St, 5 years..... 5,000
BRANDT, Louis and John, to Francis P. Pace; 113th St, s s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 1 year 5,000
BRILL, John L. and Frances A., to Victor Gerhards; 1,343 Clinton Av, 3 years. 800
CORN, Henry, to Henrietta Kahn; 838 and 840 Broadway, corner of 13th St, 2 years. 60,000
COWLES, Harry L., to the Riverside Bank; Mapes St or Johnson Av, e s, 138 ft n of Samuel or 180th St, demand.... 4,000
CROWLEY, Hannah H., to Charles M. Lee and others, trustees, &c.; 160 East 109th St, 5 years..... 11,500
CROWLEY, Hannah H., to Emma C. Orr; 166 East 109th St, ¼ year..... 8,000
DANKE, John, and Frank Van Pelt, to D. McLean Shaw; 99th St, s s, 110 ft e of 3d Av, demand 700
DAUM, August H. and Anna E., to Charlotte R. Hanlon; 1,108 Washington Av, 5 years 5,000
DELAFIELD, Augustus F., to Seamen's Bank for Savings; 6th Av, e s, 61.8 ft s of 24th St, 5 years..... 90,000
DE WALD, Francis, to Mutual Life Insurance Company; 65 West 99th St, 3 years..... 10,000
FICKINGER, William, to North River Savings Bank; 29th St, s s, 325 ft w of 9th Av, 1 year..... 500
FISCHEL, Jacob, to John T. Willets, guardian, &c.; 70 to 74 Pike St, 5 years. 48,000
FOX, John, to Jacob Ruppert; 1st Av, n e corner of 99th St, saloon lease, demand. 1,914
GATFIELD, George, to Frederick Schuck; 161st St, n s, west half of Lot 74, map of North Melrose, 2 years..... 2,500
GUNDLACH, Henry, and Henry Koch to New York Life Insurance and Trust Company; 328 East 91st St, 3 years..... 17,500
GUNDLACH, Henry, and Henry Koch to New York Life Insurance and Trust Company; 330 to 334 East 91st St, 4 mortgages, 3 years, each for..... 17,500
HARDY, Charles R., to Joseph C. Levi, trustee; 750 St. Nicholas Av, 3 years.... 5,000
HAVEMEYER, William F., to the Brooklyn Savings Bank; 67 and 69 Wall St, and 89 and 91 Beaver St, 3 years..... 300,000
KAUFMANN, Leopold, to Jonas Weil and Bernhard Mayer; 280 Monroe St, 1 month 25,000
KOLPFER, Louis H., to Victor Gerhards; 1,763 Topping St, installments..... 500
LOWERRE, Charles H., to Dollar Savings Bank; 161st St, n s, new line, 65.10 ft e of Melrose Av, 1 year..... 3,000
LYONS, Julius J., to Joseph M. Fernandez; West End Av, n w corner of 84th St, 3 years 8,500
MANDELBAUM, Harris, and another to American Mortgage Company; Cherry St, s s, 87.11 ft e of Catharine St, 1 year..... 4,000
MANWARING, Lul

HOTELS.

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AUCTION SALES.

D. PHOENIX INGRAHAM & CO. WILL SELL at auction Thursday, Oct. 5, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 111 Broadway, Policy No. 398,473 of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S. also Three $1,000 1st Mtge. Coupon Bonds of the Ulster Blue Stone Co., Int. 4½ %, May and Nov. Further particulars of Auctioneers, 111 Broadway.

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1,000 new and second-hand Remingtons, Smith Premiers, and other standard machines for sale or rent. Rented $2.00 per month. Stands, ribbons, and supplies. Inspection service free. F. S. WEBSTER COMPANY, 317 Broadway. Telephone 1758 Franklin.

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Chambermaids.

CHAMBERMAID.—As chambermaid in hotel; respectable; reference; wages, $20 to $25 per month. Box 304, 1,269 Broadway.

CHAMBERMAID.—As chambermaid in hotel; respectable; references; wages, $20 to $25 per month. Box 317, 1,269 Broadway.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—By chambermaid; assist waiting; references. 162 East 84th St., first floor.

Cooks.

COOK, WASHER, and IRONER.—In private family; no objections to country. 310 East 36th St., first floor.

COOK, LAUNDRESS, or HOUSEWORK.—By the day; excellent reference. Mrs. Keywood, 81 Lexington Av.

COOK.—By first-class Swedish cook; go out by day or week; best references. 308 East 26th St., rear.

COOK.—French, English; long experience; as chef. C., Box 199 Times Office.

Dressmakers.

RESSMAKER.—A dressmaker would like some work home or out by the day; late with Stern, 23d St. K. Griffin, 260 West 24th St.

Governesses.

FRENCH GOVERNESS AND NURSERY GOVerness; two young women, just arrived from France; the first, 12 years' highest references; the second, one year. A. C., Box 225 Times Office.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—By Normal College graduate, former public school teacher, as visiting governess; references. Box D., 1,513 3d Av.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS.—By a German; first-class laundress; references; city or country; wages $25; no other work. Lizzie Wassil, 185 East 87th St.

Nurses.

NURSE.—French; middle aged; thoroughly competent; charge from birth or baby under two years; has lived with some of the best New York families; years' experience; highly recommended. Nurse, 263 West 34th St.

NURSE and SEAMSTRESS.—By refined German nurse, speaking English, also seamstress, in fine house with one child. Apply personally, A. Thomas, 226 East 96th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Butlers.

BUTLER and VALET.—Three years' reference from last place; country preferred. Useful, 1,242 Broadway.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN.—Thoroughly understands care of fine horses, carriages, harness; excellent references; salary moderate; city or country. Address or call at 256 East 89th St., Farrell's bell.

COACHMAN.—By coachman; first-class reference. Weldon, 73 West 90th St.

Gardeners.

GARDENER.—By married German; two children; is competent to take full charge of gentleman's country place, greenhouses preferred; best references as to character and ability. Gardener, Box 318, Yonkers, N. Y.

Miscellaneous.

WATCHMAN.—By a middle-aged man in city; strictly temperate; last place 13 years; cash security if required. Duncomb, 333 East 125th St.

THE TRADES.

MATTRESSES REMADE AT CUSTOMERS' residences in three hours a specialty; new tickings and hair supplied; sole users of own patented oscillating hair carding machines and collapsible benches. THE MAUBORGNE METHOD, 846 9th Av., 55th and 56th Sts. Telephone 967 Columbus.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

WANTED—First-class infant's nurse, English or Scotch. Apply, bringing references, at 22 Washington Square, Tuesday, from 11:30 to 1.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

WANTED—Tool hands, first-class machinists, and boilermakers to work ten hours per day. Quintard Iron Works, foot of East 12th St., New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF SALE OF LANDS and TENEMENTS

within that part of the City of New York known as the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx.

FOR

UNPAID ASSESSMENTS.

WHEREAS, Section 1,029 of the "Greater New York Charter" authorizes the Comptroller, in his discretion, to postpone any sale for unpaid taxes and assessments; and

WHEREAS, Many persons desire, and have applied for, a postponement of the sale for unpaid assessments advertised to be held on Wednesday, September 6, 1899; now, therefore, in order to afford all such persons the opportunity to pay the assessments upon their property so advertised to be sold, and thereby avoid the additional expense of redemption of the property if sold, the said sale is hereby ordered to be postponed until Monday, the 4th day of December, 1899, to be held at the same time and place, to wit: at the Court House, City Hall Park, at 1 o'clock P. M.

BIRD S. COLER, Comptroller.

City of New York, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, September 5, 1899.

SUMMER RESORTS.

DELAWARE WATER GAP, PENN.

THE KITTATINNY.

OPEN UNTIL NOVEMBER. The favorite SPRING, SUMMER, AND AUTUMN RESORT. Most central and attractively located. Rooms en suite, with bath, steam heat, elevator, &c. Boating, bathing, fishing, golf links. Send for booklet.

W. A. BRODHEAD & SON.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDWARD BAUMANN, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 1,441.

To the creditors of Edward Baumann of the County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of September, A. D. 1899, the said Edward Baumann was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee, 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1899, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

September 25th, 1899.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of WILLIAM T. CARLETON, Bankrupt.—No. 1,477.

To the creditors of William T. Carleton of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, Bankrupt,

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1899, the said William T. Carleton was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, Number 71 Broadway, in the City of New York, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated September 25th, 1899.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—JOHN COLLERAN and MICHAEL COLLERAN, individually and as members of the firm of Colleran & Brother, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that John Colleran and Michael Colleran, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated September 25th, 1899, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, October 11th, 1899, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Sept. 25, 1899.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE H. MEYERS and AMELIA A. MEYERS, (formerly trading as MEYERS BROS.,) Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of George H. Meyers and Amelia A. Meyers, (formerly tradings as Meyers Bros.,) of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts;

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1899, the said George H. Meyers and Amelia A. Meyers were duly adjudicated bankrupts; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Ernest Hall, referee, No. 64 William Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 9th day of October A. D. 1899, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

ERNEST HALL, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated Sept. 25th, 1899.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM P. PETTY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William P. Petty, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 1st, 1899, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, October 4, 1899, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated September 25th, 1899.

No. 249.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—EDWARD J. IVORY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Edward J. Ivory, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 14th, 1899, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, October 4, 1899, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

THEODOR AUB, Referee.

New York, September 26th, 1899.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—HENRY S. MACK, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Henry S. Mack, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 13th, 1899, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, October 4th, 1899, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 25, 1899.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE EISENBACH, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of George Eisenbach of the County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of May, A. D. 1899, the said George Eisenbach was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, 120 Broadway, New York City, on the ninth day of October, A. D. 1899, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

September 25th, 1899.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—OTTO CARL FELDHEIM, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Otto Carl Feldheim, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 18th, 1899, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, October 4th, 1899, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 25, 1899.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE R. BIDWELL CYCLE COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the GEORGE R. BIDWELL CYCLE COMPANY, a bankrupt:

Take notice that as receiver of the GEORGE R. BIDWELL CYCLE COMPANY, I intend to render and present my final account as such receiver, at a Special Term of the Supreme Court, Part 1., to be held in the County Court House, in the County of New York, on the 18th day of October, 1899, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. and then and there move for a reference of said account, and such other and further appropriate action as to the Court may seem proper.

Dated New York, September 25th, 1899.

THERON G. STRONG, Receiver.

CHARLES F. MATHEWSON, Attorney for Receiver, 40 Wall Street, New York City.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—ANNIE MULVIHILL, plaintiff, against JOHN W. DECKER, Wilhelmina Hierhagen, Mary Kuhn, Annie Becker, Helen Becker, Lizzie Chiardo, (formerly Becker); Jennie Becker, Ella Becker, Bertha Regal, Hedwig Brosig, Hermann Struppeck, Marie Struppeck, John P. Lucignanie, otherwise called John Schwenn, individually and as executor of the last will and testament of Julius Schwenn, deceased; M. Sophie Lucignanie or Schwenn, wife of said John P. Lucignanie or Schwenn; Henry J. Schumacker, as receiver of rents, issues, and profits, appointed by an order of the Supreme Court, New York County, dated July 20, 1898, in an action in said court in which Julius Schwenn was plaintiff and Wilhelmina Hierhagen and others were defendants; John Doe, and Richard Roe, whose true names are unknown to the plaintiff, and all other heirs at law of Alfred Schwenn, late of the City of New York, deceased, who are unknown and whose names are unknown to the plaintiff, defendants.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated August 16th, 1899.

ERNEST HALL, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office address 64 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendants Wilhelmina Hierhagen, Hedwig Brosig, Hermann Struppeck, Marie Struppeck, Bertha Regal, Helen Becker, Lizzie Chiardo, (formerly Becker); John Doe, and Richard Roe, whose true names are unknown to plaintiff, and all other heirs at law of Alfred Schwenn, late of the City of New York, deceased, who are unknown and whose names are unknown to the plaintiff.

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order made by the Hon. Francis M. Scott, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated on the 15th day of September, 1899, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and State of New York, on September 15th, 1899.—Dated September 15th, 1899.

ERNEST HALL, Atty. for Plaintiff, 64 William St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City. s19-1aw7wTu

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York.—EMIL SPITZER, plaintiff, against HENRY CHARLONNIER and "JOHN DOE," said name being fictitious, real name being unknown to plaintiff," composing the firm of H. Charbonnier & Co., defendants. Plaintiff desires trial to be had in the County of New York.—Summons, with notice.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New York, July 24th, 1899.

ROSE & PUTZEL, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Office and Post Office Address, No. 261 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Henry Charbonnier and John Doe, said name being fictitious, real name being unknown to plaintiff," composing the firm of H. Charbonnier & Co., defendants.

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. Henry W. Bookstaver, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 21st day of August, 1899, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 21st day of August, 1899.—Dated New York, August 21st, 1899.

ROSE & PUTZEL, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address 261 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

au22-1aw6wTu

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BOETTNER, JOHN C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN C. BOETTNER, late of the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at No. 290 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of January, 1900.—Dated New York, the 29th day of June, 1899. CHARLES J. KROEHLE, CONRAD D. ORTH, Executors. ISAAC KUGELMAN, Attorney for Executors, 290 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. je27-1aw6mTu

BROWN, RHEUA S.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. James M. Varnum, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against RHEUA S. BROWN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Harry H. Bottome, Attorney, at No. 346 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of December next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of June, 1899. HARRY H. BOTTOME, ENOCH VREELAND, Executors.

ETLING, JOHN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. James M. Varnum, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN ETLING, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Royal S. Crane, 237 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 5th day of October next.—Dated New York, the 3d day of April, 1899. HERMAN F. MEYZ, Executor. ROYAL S. CRANE, Atty. for Executor, 237 Broadway. ap4-1aw6mTu

DONALDSON, ELIZA C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John H. V. Arnold, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZA C. DONALDSON, late of the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, in the office of Byron Traver, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 2d day of November next.—Dated New York, the 15th day of April, 1899. ELIZA DONALDSON, Executrix. BYRON TRAVER, Atty. for Executrix, 40 Wall St., N. Y. City. ap18-1aw6mTu

FIGUEROA Y VELIS, JUSTO RAFAEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. James M. Varnum, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JUSTO RAFAEL FIGUEROA Y VELIS, otherwise known as Rafael Figueroa, late of Cienfuegos, Island of Cuba, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, the office of Messrs. Coudert Brothers, No. 71 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 20th day of January next.—Dated New York, the 10th day of July, 1899. ANTONIO TOMAS, Ancillary Administrator, c. t. a. COUDERT BROTHERS, Attorneys for Ancillary Admr., 71 Broadway, New York City. jy11-1aw6mTu

JENNETT, THOMAS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS JENNETT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, to wit, the office of John Burke & Co., Nos. 100 and 108 Reade Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 20th day of November next.—Dated New York, the 15th day of May, 1899. JOHN BURKE, JAMES R. HOGG, Executors. WM. J. FANNING, Attorney for Executors, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. my16-1aw6mTu

PROUDFIT, ALEXANDER M.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALEXANDER M. PROUDFIT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 68 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the third day of November next.—Dated New York, the first day of May, 1899. JNO. McL. NASH, Executor. CHAS. L. JONES, Attorney for Executor, 68 Wall Street, New York City. my2-1aw6mTu

SURROGATE NOTICES.

SCORGIE, MARGARET.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. James M. Varnum, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARET SCORGIE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Ward, Hayden & Satterlee, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 16th day of November next.—Dated New York, the 8th day of May, 1899. HUGH McCULLOCH, JAMES MILLER, Executors. WARD, HAYDEN & SATTERLEE, Attorneys for Executors, 120 Broadway, New York. my9-1aw6mTu

JEROLOMAN & JEROLOMAN SMITH, Attorneys for Assignee, 229 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YOK vs. NATIONAL MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court, made and entered in the above-entitled action on the 5th day of June, 1899, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the NATIONAL MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY to exhibit and prove their claims against said company before me, the undersigned, the receiver of said company, at my office, No. 95 Nassau Street, in the City and County of New York, on or before the 16th day of December, 1899, and that creditors making default in so doing will be precluded from all benefit of the judgment and from and distribution which shall be made thereunder. —Dated New York, June 12th, 1899.

CHARLES H. DANIELS, Receiver.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—In the matter of the voluntary dissolution of the GEORGE R. BIDWELL CYCLE COMPANY.

Take notice that as receiver of the GEORGE R. BIDWELL CYCLE COMPANY, I intend to render and present my final account as such receiver, at a Special Term of the Supreme Court, Part 1., to be held in the County Court House, in the County of New York, on the 18th day of October, 1899, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. and then and there move for a reference of said account, and such other and further appropriate action as to the Court may seem proper.

Dated New York, September 25th, 1899.

THERON G. STRONG, Receiver.

CHARLES F. MATHEWSON, Attorney for Receiver, 40 Wall Street, New York City.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—CHARLES M. ROSENTHAL, plaintiff, against ABRAM STONE and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 25th day of September, 1899, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of October, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, by D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

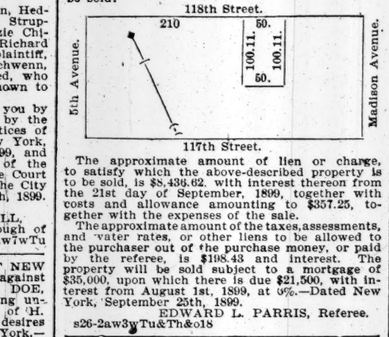
All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, together more bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, distant two hundred and ten (210) feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One Hundred and Eighteenth Street with the easterly side of Fifth Avenue, and running thence southerly, parallel with Fifth Avenue, one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the centre line of a block between One Hundred and Seventeenth and One Hundred and Eighteenth Streets; thence easterly along the said centre line fifty (50) feet; thence northerly and again parallel with Fifth Avenue one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, and thence westerly along the southerly side of One Hundred and Eighteenth Street fifty (50) feet to the point or place of beginning.—Dated New York, September 25th, 1899.

EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.

ERDMAN, LEVY & MAYER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Post Office and Office address, No. 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:

118th Street.



117th Street.

The approximate amount of lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $8,436.62. with interest thereon from the 21st day of September, 1899, together with costs and allowances amounting to $357.25, together with the expenses of the sale.

The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $198.43 and interest. The property will be sold subject to a mortgage of $35,000, upon which there is due $21,500, with interest from August 1st, 1899, at 6%.—Dated New York, September 25th, 1899.

EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.

s26-2aw3wTu&Th&s18

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York, plaintiff, against JULIUS KATZENBERG and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 6th day of September, 1899, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 5th day of October, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Herbert A. Sherman, auctioneer, the premises in said judgment directed to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, situate in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly line of Walker Street distant one hundred feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of West Broadway and Walker Street; running thence easterly along the southerly line of Walker Street sixty feet; thence southerly on a line drawn at right angles to Walker Street and partly through a party wall one hundred and six feet; thence westerly and parallel with Walker Street sixty feet; and thence northerly on a line drawn at right angles to Walker Street one hundred and six feet, to the point or place of beginning; together with all the right, title, and interest of the said Julius Katzenberg of, in, and to all that certain strip of land adjoining the above-described premises on the rear, being about 18 inches in depth and 60 feet in length, being known as the street Numbers 9, 11, and 13 Walker Street; subject to a party wall agreement recorded in Liber 2,031 of Conveyances, Pages 113 and 114, respectively; together with all machinery on said premises belonging to the said Julius Katzenberg.

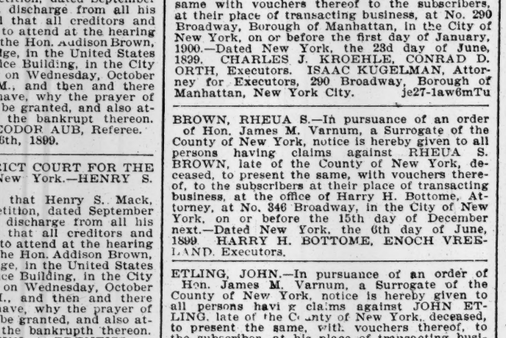
Dated New York, September 11th, 1899.

FULTON McMAHON, Referee.

CHARLES E. MILLER, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 32 Nassau Street, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:

Walker Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $141,259.94, with interest thereon from the 25th day of August, 1899, together with the costs and allowances, amounting to $812.12, with interest from the 6th day of September, 1899, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $2,886.24 and interest.

Dated New York, September 11th, 1899.

FULTON McMAHON, Referee.

se12-2aw7wTu&F3w&oc5

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—CAROLINE E. PERKINS, plaintiff, against JOHN REINSCHMIDT et al., defendants.—Notice of sale.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 26th day of July, 1899, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Number 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of September, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises in the said judgment mentioned and therein described as follows:

Beginning at the point on the easterly side of Fox Street, distant three hundred and eighty-five feet and 72-100ths of a foot (385.72) northwardly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Street and the easterly side of Fox Street, and running thence eastwardly and for a part of the distance through a party wall one hundred (100) feet; thence northwardly eighteen feet and seventy-five one-hundredths of a foot, (18.75 ft.;) thence westwardly and for a part of the distance through a party wall one hundred (100) feet to the easterly side of Fox Street, and thence southwardly along the easterly side of Fox Street eighteen feet and 75-100ths of a foot (18.75 ft.) to the point or place of beginning. —Dated New York, August 30th, 1899.

LOUIS F. DOYLE, Referee.

DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 32 Nassau Street, New York City, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, known as Number 1,650 Fox Street:

165th Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sum of sixty-eight hundred and fourteen and 12-100 dollars, ($6,814.12,) with interest thereon from the 12th day of July, 1899, together with costs and allowances amounting to three hundred and thirty and 08-100 dollars, ($330.08,) and interest from the 26th day of July, 1899, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is three hundred and forty-nine and 14-100 dollars ($349.14) and interest.—Dated New York, August 30th, 1899.

LOUIS F. DOYLE Referee.

s7-2aw3wTh&F&s26&28

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—JOHN G. HADDEN, Plaintiff, against CAROLINE HADDEN et al., defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 9th day of June, 1899, I, the undersigned referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 11th day of October, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by William M. Ryan, auctioneer, the premises located in the County of New York, and directed in the said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

First Parcel.—All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being on the westerly side of West Broadway, (formerly South Fifth Avenue and Laurens Street,) in the Eighth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, in the County of New York, and being located in Block 516 in Section 2 on the land map of the said borough, and bounded described, and containing as follows: Beginning at a point on the westerly side of West Broadway, distant one hundred and twenty feet northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Prince Street with the westerly side of said West Broadway, and running thence westerly and parallel with Prince Street seventy-five (75) feet; thence northerly and parallel with West Broadway twenty-five (25) feet; thence easterly and again parallel with Prince Street seventy-five (75) feet to said West Broadway; and thence southerly along said West Broadway twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning, be the said several distances more or less. Also being the same premises now commonly known as Number four hundred and fifty-six (456) West Broadway.

Second Parcel.—All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Ninth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, in the County of New York, being located in Block 586, Section 2, on the land map of the said borough, commencing at a point on the southerly line or side of Leroy Street, (formerly Burton Street;) distant two hundred and forty-three feet and nine inches westerly from the southwesterly corner of Leroy Street and Bleecker Street, and running thence southerly parallel with Bleecker Street eighty feet; thence westerly, parallel with Leroy Street, eighteen feet nine inches; thence northerly, again parallel with Bleecker Street, eighty feet to Leroy Street; and thence along Leroy Street in an easterly direction eighteen feet nine inches to the place of beginning, being the same premises now known as Number seventy-six, (76,) Leroy Street.—Dated New York, September 16, 1899.

FRANCIS C. CANTINE, Referee.

SMITH & BOWMAN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 38 Park Row, New York City.

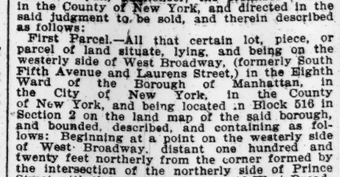
A. J. HENTHORN, Attorney for Defendants Caroline Hadden et al., 38 Park Row, New York City.

H. MELVILLE WALKER, Attorney for Defendants Emma A. Reed et al., 280 Broadway, New York City.

SAYERS & GILLESPIE, Attorneys for Louie Belle Leaycraft et al., 56 Pine Street, New York City.

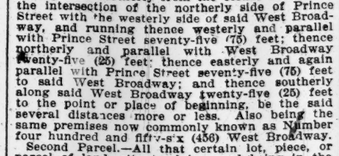
The following are the diagrams of the properties described in the foregoing notice:

FIRST PARCEL. Houston Street.



Prince Street.

SECOND PARCEL. Leroy (No. 26) Street.



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SURROGATE NOTICES.

HOWELL, WILLIAM E.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Edwin Howell, Amelia Garson

JAMES McCREERY & CO., BROADWAY & 11TH ST.

"TRUE MERIT"
Unlaundered Dress Shirts, 50 Cents Each.

Sale To-day, Sept. 26th.

These Shirts excel in material, cut, workmanship and finish.

Made of NEW YORK MILLS MUSLIN, with three-ply Union Linen set in bosoms, reinforced,—extra full in body.

Open front and back, open back, and open back with short bosoms. Men's sizes 13½ to 19; five sleeve lengths. Boys' sizes 12 to 14.

50 cents each; $2.95 per half dozen.

JAMES McCREERY & CO., BROADWAY & 11TH ST.

JUSTICES ON ASSESSMENTS

Tell Mazet Committee Their Views of Campaign Contributions.

SOME WOULD ABOLISH SYSTEM

Others See No Harm in It—Sums Paid from $1,500 to $10,000—Judge MacLean Gave Nothing.

The Mazet committee resumed its investigation yesterday, instead of to-day, because of the desire of the members to take part in the Dewey celebration. It will meet again to-day, and then adjourn until Monday next. It carried out the programme agreed upon last week, and commenced its inquiry into the political assessment of Judges.

There were only a few persons present yesterday, and no interest whatever was manifested in the investigation of the political contributions made by the Judges in this city. The matter was viewed, apparently as a joke, and the audience laughed when Justices confessed that they had contributed sums varying from $1,500 to $10,000 toward the success of Tammany Hall at the polls. The Justices came at the written request of the committee, and were not subpoenaed.

Most of the Justices agreed in the view that candidates for the bench, as well as others, should be expected to pay election expenses. Justice Truax thought it a matter that each Justice should decide for himself. He could not find in it a question as to abstract or positive morality, and if any Justice thought his assessment wrong or too high he ought not to pay it.

Justice Patterson, of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court was the first to take the stand. As he did so Chairman Mazet said that, in compliance with requests from the City Club, the Chamber of Commerce, and other bodies, the committee would ask each Justice for his opinion as to the advisability of the passage of a law prohibiting the paying of election expenses by judicial candidates.

In reply to this question, Justice Patterson said he thought Judges might contribute to campaign expenses as well as other candidates, but he thought it would be a good thing if the system was abolished.

In reply to questions by Mr. Moss, Justice Patterson said he had made a contribution.

"Was it several thousand dollars?" he was asked.

"I think so. I was nominated by the County Democracy, and made a contribution to that organization. I was indorsed by Tammany Hall, but made it no contribution and was not asked for any."

Justice Gildersleeve said he had contributed between $4,000 and $5,000 in 1891. As he was ill at the time, his friends attended to the matter; but he remembered that most of the money went to the newspapers. As to the practice of levying these assessments, Justice Gildersleeve said he thought it an evil to exact large contributions, but he saw nothing wrong in a Judge making a reasonable contribution to the campaign fund.

Justice Giegerich testified he had contributed about $5,000 to Tammany Hall in 1892. He offered that amount himself, and it was accepted by the Finance Committee as satisfactory. As to the suggestion that a law should be passed regulating the matter of judicial assessments, he said:

"I do not see that the judicial candidate is in any different position from any other in this matter of assessments. Besides, to have financial dealings with a political organization is not detrimental or prejudicial to the Judge or to the community." He did not see any necessity for the law suggested.

Justice Scott said he had paid $8,820 for campaign expenses, handing it in checks to John C. Sheehan, at that time the leader of Tammany Hall. The amounts he had expended otherwise in the campaign ran his expenses up to $9,955.20.

In reply to the question as to what he thought of the advisability of a law prohibiting these assessments, Justice Scott said:

"A Judge should go upon the bench absolutely untrammeled, and he would hardly feel so if the organization had paid his election expenses. I would suggest, however, that the Legislature pass a stringent law prescribing the purposes for which campaign contributions are to be spent. This would, I believe, prevent evils that might grow out of the present system."

Justice Bischoff said he was elected by Tammany Hall in 1889, and had voluntarily contributed $10,000. No politician, he said, had ever attempted to influence him in the appointment of referees. He seconded the views expressed by Justice Patterson upon the subject of judicial assessments.

Justice McAdam testified that a friend had made for him a contribution of $10,000, and that fact was mentioned in the return made by him. His other expenses, for advertising and for newspapers, amounted to $4,385. He said he had been assessed he would have declined the nomination. The present system, he declared, has no evil effects. As to referees he said:

"The present system has greatly increased the burdens of litigants. I am sorry to say, also, that some of the present-day referees have not the confidence of the public and do not stand well at the bar." He added that there ought to be a Board of Referees.

"Some months ago," said Justice McAdam, "I had a case in which there were to be very large fees, and I appointed the Sheriff of the County, who is a bonded officer and who has to pay over to the county half of his fees. I thought this would be a good thing to do, and I did it.

"The newspapers paid me the compliment of saying I had done it on Mr. Croker's orders. I haven't seen Mr. Croker for eight years, and I haven't had so much as a word from him. That's the way the newspapers do."

Justice Dugro said he could not recollect the exact sum he had paid the organization, but it was something like $10,000. He thought it would be a good thing to do away with these contributions; but he did not believe there is such a thing as an "assessment" that is levied and exacted. He thought it probable that the Legislature in increasing the salaries of Justices had taken into consideration existing political conditions.

Justice Fitzgerald, who was elected last year, testified that he had contributed $5,000 toward campaign expenses, paying it to John McQuade, Treasurer of the Democratic organization. His expenses in 1889, he said, were greater than last year, but he could not recollect the figures. He thought it might be well to enact a law relieving all candidates from election expenses.

"To my mind," he said, "contributions given to a party in return for a nomination are wholly evil, and all candidates ought to be exempt from them."

Justice Beach said he had contributed $5,002, paying it to Richard Croker. He was asked if that contribution was made in accordance with an established custom, and said: "It was made in response to the request of several gentlemen, among them Mr. Croker."

Justice Beekman testified that he had given $4,700 toward election expenses. As to the bill of 1897 providing for the appointment of fifty referees by the Justices of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, he said he thought that it had been influenced by political considerations; that the Republican Party felt it was not getting its share of references.

"I should be glad to have what has here been called 'patronage' taken entirely from the bench; but I can see no way in which the public interests can be better served than under the present law."

Justice Truax said he contributed about $1,500 for election expenses, and saw no harm or danger in the practice. As to a proposed law regulating the appointment of referees, he said: "You are seeking to remedy an evil that does not exist."

Justice McLean said he had contributed nothing.

"What ticket did you run on?" asked Mr. Moss, in an astonished manner.

"Democratic," said the Justice, with a smile.

The committee then adjourned.

RAPID TRANSIT PROSPECTS.

Mr. Whalen Hopes to See the Work Begun This Fall—In Accord with the Commissioners.

Corporation Counsel John Whalen said yesterday that he hoped to see the work of construction begun on the underground rapid transit railroad this Fall. He knew of no differences of opinion between himself and the Rapid Transit Commission that need cause any delay. He had not had time to formulate a reply to President Orr's letter of last Friday, in which most of Mr. Whalen's suggestions were politely shown to be either impracticable or inadvisable. Asked if he intended to reply to President Orr's letter, the Corporation Counsel said:

"I cannot tell just yet; I have not had time to think the matter over. I presume that I shall have some further talk with the Commissioners on this subject. We are all working toward the same end. I am anxious to have the rapid transit railroad built as soon as possible, and the Commissioners appear to be disposed to go to work in a practical way.

"My suggestion that the work of construction should begin at the upper end of the island was based on my knowledge of the character and necessities of the locality. I believe that the people in the Bronx Borough need rapid transit facilities even more than do the people down town. There is a population up there exceeding that of any city in the country, except New York. Give them rapid transit at once, and you increase the wealth of New York by increasing the value of the taxable property in that region."

"Do you think that you will be able to approve the form of contract now in course of preparation by the committee?"

"Well, I have talked the matter over with some of the members of the committee, and I do not think that rapid transit will be delayed in consequence of any hitch over the contract. I shall probably talk over the provisions of the contract with the members of the commission, but I guess there will be no points about which we cannot agree."

Mr. Whalen declined to talk about a rumor that the city authorities proposed to insist upon the employment of a supervising engineer who should be responsible to the city. The terms of the law, he remarked, were very clear on most of the questions involved, and there would be no attempt to evade or misinterpret the law.

TEACHERS APPLY FOR LICENSES.

Undergoing Examinations for the Heads of Department Certificates.

School teachers from all the boroughs of this city presented themselves at the Board of Education Building yesterday morning to undergo the examination for heads of department licenses. Application blanks had been sent to every Principal in each borough, so that every teacher who wished to do so might take the examination.

The examinations were held in one of the large rooms on the top floor of the building. They were begun at 9:30 o'clock, and City Superintendent Maxwell was present. The teachers were seated at desks. Pens, ink, and paper were given to them, but they were not allowed any books of reference or to consult with one another. Sixty-eight in all took the examinations. Only six of this number were men.

Three papers are used in the examinations for heads of department. The questions in these papers relate, respectively, to school management, methods of teaching, and principles of education. The examinations will close about 1 o'clock to-day. All the papers then go to the Board for Licensing Teachers, which consists of City Superintendent Maxwell and the four examiners named by him and appointed by the central board. No date is set for action by the licensing board on these examinations. The possession of this license entitles the holder to act as Assistant Principal and to serve as Principal of a branch school and of an evening school.

The sixty-eight teachers who attended yesterday's examinations were compelled to leave their respective classes to do so. It is said that they do not suffer any loss in pay in consequence, as they are considered to be on duty at the Board of Education Building. This absence of teachers from their classes to undergo these examinations was one of the objections raised against the system.

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT SUIT.

F. Marquand Wants an Order to Examine the Company's Books.

Before Justice Garretson, in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, George A. Lamb made application for either a peremptory or an alternative writ of mandamus, to compel the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to allow Frederick F. Marquand, as plaintiff, to examine the books of accounts, and the stock and transfer books of the company.

Mr. Marquand is a stockholder in the defendant company, his counsel said, and had discovered that the annual report of the company contains no mention of unsatisfied judgments against the company to the amount of $156,840. He also declared many of the stocks carried by the company as assets at par value had been acquired at nominal prices.

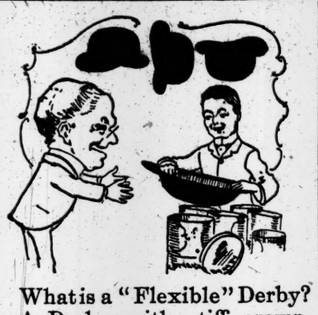
Mr. Marquand, counsel added, believed President Rossiter had not properly represented the assets of the company in its annual report, and that the affairs of the corporation had been mismanaged. Mr. Lamb asserted that it was the plaintiff's intention, if he found the stock had been depreciated, to call the attention of the other stockholders to the matter and submit the facts to the Attorney General.

William F. Sheehan, who represented the Rapid Transit Company, said Mr. Marquand was not a stockholder, and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company was not a railroad corporation. On the contrary, he said, it operated no railroad, and there was not a single judgment out against it. The company owned the stock of various railroads, he asserted, but had nothing to do with their operation.

"Mr. Rossiter says the plaintiff is a stock jobber," continued Mr. Sheehan. "He is not a stock jobber in the Rapid Transit Company. He may hold a certificate of the Central Trust Company, but after a certain date so much stock will be delivered to him. He procured this, we say, for an improper purpose.

"He wrote a letter dated Aug. 29 to President Rossiter asking about the judgments and other matters. On the same night he sent the letter to the New York papers, and after it had appeared in those papers Mr. Rossiter received the letter. This is nothing but a stock jobbing scheme, and the officers would have failed in their duty if they had permitted such creatures to overhaul the books of the company."

Mr. Lamb protested against the allegation as to stock jobbing, which, he declared, was untrue. Decision was reserved.



What is a "Flexible" Derby?

A Derby with stiff crown, but soft where it touches the head; therefore fits, no matter what bumps of genius protrude.

A Derby that stays where put, because it fits.

A Derby that is unusually light and comfortable.

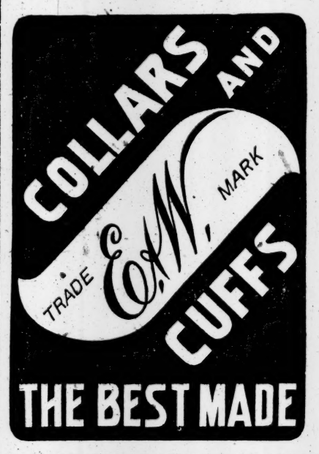
Same styles, quality, price as our regular $3 Derby.

While in town leave your measure—we fill orders by mail.

Clothes, shoes, hats and furnishings for man or boy.

ROGERS, PEET & Co.

350 Broadway, cor. Leonard.
569 Broadway, cor. Prince.
Thirty-second and Broadway.



BOSTON AND ALBANY LEASE

Interest in the Outcome of the Annual Meeting To-morrow.

CENTRAL AWAITING RESULTS

New England Opponents Think Guarantee Too Small—Fitchburg Deal May Hurt the Road.

Persons identified with New York Central Railroad interests are keeping an attentive eye upon the lively strife between the present Board of Directors of the Boston and Albany Railroad and the Protective Committee of stockholders of that corporation. If the stockholders' committee succeeds in electing a majority of the Directors at the annual meeting to-morrow, the lease of the Boston and Albany system to the New York Central on the terms arranged will be overthrown and the opponents of the lease, as represented by a new Board of Directors, will, it is frankly alleged, undertake to obtain better terms from the New York Central.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the New York Central was to have been held in the Grand Central Station to-morrow, for the purpose of ratifying the terms of the lease. William K. Vanderbilt and his associates determined some days ago to defer action until the outcome of the Boston and Albany stockholders' fight should become clearly manifest. Mr. Vanderbilt is disposed to resent what he regards as a greedy and semi-political opposition to the proposed lease, and the belief prevails in well-informed quarters that the New York Central people will drop this project without further ado.

The New England opponents to the terms of the lease say that a guaranteed dividend of 8 per cent. per annum on the stock of the Boston and Albany Road is too little, and they point to the fact that the earnings of that system exceed 8 per cent. per annum. New York Central people say that the large earnings of the Boston and Albany are due in great measure to the friendly attitude of the Vanderbilt interests. Should the Vanderbilt interests find it desirable to form other New England railroad alliances, there is a strong probability, it is averred, that the earning power of the Boston and Albany system will seriously suffer.

It is an open secret that the New York Central is about to acquire control of the Fitchburg Railroad, which operates from Troy, N. Y., to Boston and includes a system of New England lines with an aggregate mileage of 458. Possession of this property, together with the close, friendly relations recently established with the New York, New Haven and Hartford, will give the Vanderbilts an advantageous access to New England territory, and will, it is claimed placed the Boston and Albany at a disadvantage. New York Central partisans do not hesitate to say that if they are to encounter Vanderbilt opposition the Boston and Albany's earning power will diminish 25 or 30 per cent.

The list of Directors to be voted for as made up by the Boston and Albany stockholders' Protective Committee to-morrow includes President William Blis and four other members of the present board. The ticket is as follows: William Bliss, A. G. Bullock, Richard Olney, T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., James M. Prendergast, Charles E. Cotting, Jacob C. Rogers, Zenas Crane, James A. Burnill, Eben S. Draper, and Charles S. Sargent.

The old Directors dropped by the stockholders' Protective Committee are Vice President Edward D. Hayden, Chauncey M. Depew, Albert C. Houghton, Stephen Salisbury, and Samuel Hoar. The name of President Bliss is retained on the new ticket but he announced yesterday he would not run on it.

About one week ago the Protective Committee announced that it held proxies for 136,000 out of the 250,000 shares of stock. These proxies were given to be voted against the proposed lease, and there is a question as to the right of the committee to use them in the election for Directors. President Bliss and his friends say that within the past few days several of these proxies have been withdrawn.

Senator Depew, who is one of the Boston and Albany Directors "scratched" by the Protective Committee, was out of the city yesterday. Persons who have heard expressions of his sentiments relative to this matter say that he is absolutely indifferent as to the outcome of the Boston and Albany election. W. K. Vanderbilt is reported to be still more indifferent, and the prevailing opinion among the New York Central people generally is that if the opponents of the Boston and Albany lease succeed in preventing its ratification, in the hope of getting better terms, they will be disappointed. Even as good terms as are provided for in the present contract, it is predicted, will not be offered again. Although there has not been much said about it, the fact is known that some of the largest holders of New York Central stock are averse to paying as high as 8 per cent. per annum on $25,000,000 for the control of the Boston and Albany system.

The Fitchburg Railroad is also capitalized at about $25,000,000. There is $7,000,000 of common stock and $17,360,000 of preferred stock. The annual report for 1898 shows gross earnings amounting to $7,359,470 and net earnings of $2,002,867.

THE SITUATION IN BOSTON.

President Bliss Will Not Run on the Opposition Ticket.

BOSTON, Sept. 25.—President William Bliss of the Boston and Albany to-day denied the statement attributed to the Protective Committee that his name would appear at the head of a ticket nominating a Board of Directors opposed to the lease to the New York Central Railroad. This denial is as follows:

To the Shareholders of the Boston and Albany Railroad Company:

I have seen in the public press that my name is to be on the opposition ticket against the present Board of Directors of the Boston and Albany Railroad Company. This use of my name is wholly unauthorized and against my expressed wishes, and I repeat I cannot accept an election on that ticket and shall stand or fall with the present board. WILLIAM BLISS.

In addition to this statement, President Bliss said to-day: "It seems to me that the gentlemen of the committee have gone about this matter in the wrong way. Having, as they claim, and as may be the case, secured a control of a majority of the stock, it is but natural to expect that they should wish to have their own Board of Directors. But it seems to me that it would have been a more proper course to postpone the election of the Board of Directors until Nov. 15 or until the matter of the lease is voted upon.

"The Board of Directors, as at present constituted, secured the very best terms which could be offered, and I may say that no better terms will be offered by the New York Central, of which I am a Director. As a Director of the road, and having its interests at heart, I say that we made the best terms which were possible, and there has been no change in the situation which will warrant any hope or expectation on the part of any one of getting a larger dividend or a bonus for this property."

LEGAL NOTES.

STOCK BROKER PLEDGING STOCK OF PATRONS.—Edward B. Cuthbert, who did a stock business in this city under the name of E. B. Cuthbert & Co., and who failed in August, 1897, pledged at that time to the Seaboard National Bank certain stocks belonging to various persons, without their knowledge, as collateral for loans made on five notes, and for any other indebtedness due or to become due to the bank. An assignment made by Cuthbert to a Mr. Ball was set aside, and David Lees was made receiver in a suit brought by Edward Whitlock against the bank and the other owners of the pledged stock. The bank sold all the collaterals except two certificates and one bond, more than satisfying the balance owing it. Justice Russell, before whom the case was tried, in Supreme Court, Special Term, gave a decision yesterday holding that the bank had obtained a good title by the blanket transfer, and the several owners of the stock, as against Cuthbert, became changed into a common cosuretyship for him with the bank, to the extent relatively that their property was forced to pay his obligations. As against Cuthbert and the bank itself, when satisfied, each owner of the stock had the right to follow his property and appropriate any specific items left on hand as his own, and, if converted into money, he had the right to his share of the proceeds of that property. The Court decides that the remaining securities should be sold, as impressed by the trust for contribution, and that the proceeds of any balance in the bank should be distributed upon the ratio of the loss of each of the parties owning the pledged securities.

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STREAMS MADE HIGHWAYS FOR THE FLOATING OF LOGS.—In 1880 certain parties interested in the manufacture of paper from wood pulp secured the passage of an act by the New York Legislature of that year declaring certain streams to be public highways for the floating of logs, and authorizing individuals to make improvements in the streams necessary to adapt them to that purpose. By another act, passed in 1893, the Au Sable River, including both its east and west branches above the forks, was declared to be a public highway for the purpose of floating down logs, timber, and lumber. Byron R. Brewster, through whose farms the west branch of the river runs, brought an action in 1898 in the Supreme Court, in Essex County, to recover damages for injuries done to his property by the J. & J. Rogers Company in floating logs down the stream, alleging that for three years his sawmill and dam connected with it and his farm were injured by thus floating the pulp wood cut from lands above. In affirming judgment rendered in plaintiff's favor on the trial, the Appellate Division of the Third Department unanimously held, in an opinion by Justice Merwin, that these laws not having made proper provision for compensation to the owners of the beds of the streams for the right of passage over their property or for taking their property for a highway were, for that reason, unconstitutional. The Court says that, assuming, but not deciding, that the Constitutional objection was cured by the amendment in 1887 of the laws of 1880, providing for the paying of damages that might be occasioned to public or private property by the floating of logs or lumber, that amendment was not available to a person floating logs down such a stream who had filed the bond prescribed in the original section, but not the one prescribed in the amendment of that section. The Court also held that in such an action evidence of the diminution in value of the plaintiff's property resulting from the acts complained of was competent.

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STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—In December, 1878, five years after the death of Frederick D. Hodgman, at Fort Edward, in Washington County, N. Y., fifteen of his twenty residuary legatees, who were his nephews and nieces, executed powers of attorney to Philander P. Hitchcock, one of the executors, authorizing him to sell or lease real estate the title to which passed to the legatees under the will. Mr. Hitchcock died ten years later, and eight years after that Mary E. Yates, as assignee of several of the residuary devisees, brought an action against Hitchcock's executor, Asahel R. Wing, to compel him to account for moneys received by his testator under the powers of attorney. The complaint was dismissed at Special Term on the grounds that the plaintiff had been guilty of such laches and delay as to bar any equitable or other relief, and that her claim, if any existed, was barred by the Statute of Limitations. The Third Appellate Division, in directing an affirmance, held, by Justice Merwin, that no demand was necessary before suit, and that the Statute of Limitations governing the right to maintain the action began to run upon the receipt of the moneys by the defendant's testator, or upon the expiration of a reasonable time thereafter. It was also held that the operation of the statute was not suspended by the institution of proceedings for a judicial settlement of the personal estate of Hodgman, it not appearing that the pendency of such proceedings induced the assignors of the plaintiff, who were parties, to delay taking affirmative action to secure the determination of their rights to moneys received by the defendant's testator under the powers of attorney, of which matter the Surrogate had no jurisdiction. The Court also held that a verified account filed by the defendant in such proceeding, reciting that his testator had received certain moneys under the powers of attorney, did not amount to a written acknowledgment of liability or a promise to pay, sufficient, under Section 395 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to remove the bar of the statute, the account containing no statement that anything was due the plaintiff's assignors, nor any recognition of an existing debt.

COURT GOWNS FOR ATTORNEYS.

Mr. Gardiner's Assistants Again Earnestly Considering the Subject.

The question of wearing gowns in court is again being agitated in the District Attorney's office. It is understood that the Deputy Assistants held a meeting on Sunday and decided that it would be a very excellent plan and would add much to the dignity of the office. The regular Assistant District Attorneys are very much opposed to wearing the gowns, while the District Attorney is said to be in favor of the plan.

If the gowns are adopted, it is understood that the District Attorney will wear a satin gown, the Assistants silk, and the Deputies cotton.

Three Lion Cubs Born at the Zoo.

The stork has visited the menagerie in Central Park. There were born early yesterday morning to Rose, the lioness, three cubs. The fact was announced by an immense amount of roaring on the part of Leo, the father, and Superintendent Smith of the menagerie, who was sleeping, was hurriedly sent for. The three cubs, who are doing well, have been placed in a cage between the cages of the father and mother. They will be shown to visitors in a few days.

MILLINERY.

First exhibition of Autumn Models
To-day and To-morrow,
September 26th and 27th.
Eighteen hundred and ninety-nine.

James McCreery & Co.,
Twenty-third Street.

Suits.

Tailor-Gowns, made of Serge, Canvas or Oxford Cloth. Lined with Silk. Double-breasted and Fly-front Coat, or Tight-fitting Waists. Tunic or plain Skirts,

$25.00.

James McCreery & Co.,
Twenty-third Street.

Turkish Rugs.

Sizes and colors suitable for Parlors and Dining Rooms,

$70 to $85,

⅓ less

than regular prices.

Lord & Taylor

Broadway & 20th St.

Just-To Show
what we can do for you.

Men's Clothing Dep't
Boys' & Children's "
Custom Tailoring "
Ladies' Tailor-made Suit, Waist and Jacket Dep't } 13th St. Only.
Men's Furnishing "
Uniform and Livery "
Men's & Boys' Hat "
Shoe "
Wholesale Clothing " } 13th St.

Dependable, moderately-priced merchandise, coupled with our broad policy of "every customer a pleased customer," (no matter at what cost), is the key-note to our success. Come and enjoy its benefits.

Strangers in the City are very welcome.

Hackett, Carhart & Co.

Three BROADWAY Stores. | Cor. 13th St. Cor. Canal St. Near Chambers.

The finest in the World, DEWEY,
THE "SALT" OF SALTS
and ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT.

Visitors in Town.

To the throng of visitors in our midst a hearty welcome is extended here.

Our Autumn Clothes for Men and Boys will interest them and be remembered, too, as a showing of the best of everything good, and at most reasonable cost.

No need to buy—come anyway.

Men's Autumn Suits, $15 to $35.

Overcoats, $15 to $32.

Cravenette Rain Coats—no rubber—porous—shed water perfectly—$25.
Mackintoshes, $10 to $40.
Our $1.00 Glove is guaranteed.
New Imported Fancy Half-Hose, 50c. and 75c.
The best $3 Derby.

Custom Tailoring, too.

Prompt attention to post orders.

BROADWAY, Cor. 31st St.

O'Neill's.

Grand Opening of
Trimmed Millinery

We show for the first time this morning our complete stock of the new Trimmed Hats, exhibiting a superb variety of

The Choicest Novelties from Paris and London

as well as hundreds of pretty styles by our own designers. This is by far the largest and best display we have ever made and one that every woman should see. Don't miss it.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

GUESTS OF THE METROPOLIS

will find our warerooms an education in the historic beauty of centuries. With the skill of a magician we have evoked most delightful resting places.

Our Louis XVI. reception corner is so fascinating that one almost expects to be welcomed by a painted and powdered Court beauty. Our East Indian nook—a wonderful bit of mystical carving—the divans and cushions covered with subdued old rugs.

Our Chippendale tea-corner has the old "hob" fire-place and comfortable corner seats—the paneling above set with Rembrandt etchings—odd tea-tables, chairs, and muffin stands complete a most fascinating nook.

The Venetian-Gothic tea-corner is in direct contrast—light and airy, from the soft Venetian-sky blue of the woodwork to the chandeliers and bric-a-brac of filmy glass.

Come in and see what a bright welcome they will give you—rest a while, and learn what economy it is to

"BUY OF THE MAKER"

GEO. C. FLINT CO.

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ESTABLISHED 1845.

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NEW YORK STORE, BROADWAY, COR. 31ST ST. | BROOKLYN STORES, Broadway & Bedford Ave. Fulton St. & Flatbush Ave.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM 4th Av., 23d St.....at 8:30 Daniel Frohman.....Manager Matinées Thursday and Sat., 2. ...Charles Frohman presents ANNIE RUSSELL IN MISS HOBBS.

DALY'S B'way & 30th.....at 8 sharp Daniel Frohman.....Manager Matinées Wednesday & Sat., 2. E. H. SOTHERN and VIRGINIA HARNED in.....THE KING'S MUSKETEER.....

EMPIRE Theatre. B'way and 40th St. Evgs., 8:20. Matinées, 2:15. Matinées Wednesday and Saturday. JOHN DREW | The Tyranny of Tears.

HERALD SQ. THEATRE, 35th St. & B'way Evgs. 8—Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. "A Great Hit."—Herald. Chas. Frohman presents HENRY MILLER in THE ONLY WAY

GARRICK THEATRE, 35th St., nr. Broadway. Last 5 Nights at 8:10. Last Matinée Wednesday. Mrs. Leslie Carter in "Zaza." Oct. 2d—Otis Harlan in "My Innocent Boy."

Charles Frohman's Criterion Theatre, B'way & 44th St. Formerly Lyric. Evenings, 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. THE GIRL FROM MAXIM'S.

MADISON SQ. THEATRE, 24th St., n'r B'way 4 MATINEES THIS WEEK. Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. Evgs. 8:30. Mats., 2:15. WHY SMITH LEFT HOME

GARDEN THEATRE, 27th St. & Madison Av. Evenings, 8:15. Matinées Wed. & Sat. JAMES K. HACKETT | In Anthony Hope's Great Romance, RUPERT OF HENTZAU.

WORLD IN WAX. CINEMATOGRAPH. EDEN MUSEE NEW GROUPS. CHARMING MUSIC.

Morning and Afternoon Concerts and charming sail on the majestic Hudson. See Day Line advs., steamboat and exc. columns.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th St. & Irving Pl. LAST TWO WEEKS. Andrew Mack in "The Last of the Rohans." Prices, 25, 50, 75, $1. Mats., Wed. & Sat. 2. Ev. 8:15

AMUSEMENTS.

Metropolitan Opera House,
THE WHITE SQUADRON,
Saturday Evening, Sept. 30, at 8 P. M.,
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF
DEWEY TESTIMONIAL COMMITTEE,
IN AID OF THE DEWEY HOME FUND.
MR. ROBERT HILLIARD, SUPPORTED BY AN EXCELLENT COMPANY.
Six hundred sailors from the Olympia, Boston, Concord, Yorktown, Petrel, McCulloch, Indiana, Iowa, Oregon, Massachusetts, and Texas in the famous Congress of Navies scene.
BOX OFFICE NOW OPEN.

THE NEW YORK THE MAN in the MOON, including CORNILLE
B'way, 44th & 45th Sts. Marguerite
Last week of Roof Garden. Immense Programme. Mon. Eve., Oct. 2, first time, The Man in the Moon, Jr. 500 People, incl. Sam Bernard, Fay Templeton, Maggie Cline, Julius Steger, Christie McDonald, Jos. E. Miron, Louis Wesley, Marguerite Cornille & "Fougere." Special Mats. (Dewey days) Wed. & Sat.
TO-NIGHT PROMENADE DE LUXE L'ORCHESTRA NAPOLITAN.

MADISON SQ. GARDEN. THIS WEEK.
Evgs., 8:30. Wed. & Sat. Mats., 2:30. Adm. and arena seats, 50; spec. res. seats, 75; box seats, $1.
THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAND.
BANDA ROSSA 55 ARTISTS.
COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME NIGHTLY.

PROCTOR'S 23d St. Cont. Perf. 15, 25, 50c. CAMILLE D'ARVILLE
Walton's Simians, Erna's Dogs, 30 others. Big bill!
PALACE 58th St. and 3d Av. IDA FULLER "FIRE DANCES."
30 others. Cont. Perf. 15, 25, 50c. Ladies, Afts. 10c

AMERICAN 42ND & 8TH AVE. Wed. Mat. 25c., 50c.
WE-UNS OF TENNESSEE.
MON., OCT. 2 Castle Sq. Opera Co. 3d Opera Season. 1st Time Here in English. DIE MEISTERSINGER.

ST. NICHOLAS GARDEN, 66TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
CROWDED NIGHTLY. 50 MUSICIANS.
KALTENBORN'S Orchestral 25c. Concerts 50c.
TO-NIGHT, BEETHOVEN 7TH SYMPHONY.

KOSTER & BIAL'S Matinees Wed. & Sat.
ADA COLLEY Dagmar, Ransone, Brothers de Courcey others, including Streator Zouaves.

WALLACK'S. B'way & 30th St. Evgs., 8:15 Last 5 nights. Mats. Wed. & Sat
STUART ROBSON AS THE GADFLY.
Oct. 2d—W. H. Crane as Peter Stuyvesant.

5th Ave THEATRE. B'way & 28th St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
Mrs. Fiske in Becky Sharp
Sale of seats four weeks in advance.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Matinée Wednesday. THE GHETTO

KNICKERBOCKER Broadway and 36th St Evenings at 8:15. Special Wed. Matinee, 2:15
FRANCIS WILSON
In a New Opera Comique, CYRANO de BERGERAC.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42d St., B'way & 7th Av. VICTORIA To-night, 8:20. Sat. Mat., 2:15.
Messrs. Klaw & Erlanger Present
THE ROGERS BROS. in WALL STREET

THE DEWEY, East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. American Burlesquers. "THE BENJAMIN'S PICNIC."

HURTIG & SEAMON'S MUSIC HALL, 125th St. & 7th Ave. Res. Orch. 50c.; Bal. 25c. AND HENRY E. DIXEY 20 OTHERS.

The Reservoir's Grand Stand,
Fifth Av., 40th to 42d St. DEWEY PARADE, Reserved Seats, Five Dollars. Boxes holding 6, $30-$50. On sale at Tyson's, Fifth Av. Hotel, Gilsey, Waldorf-Astoria, Miller, 120 B'way, Ruhlman, 111 B'way.

MANHATTAN THEATRE, Evgs. 8:15. Mats. 33d & B'way WED. & SAT.
A STRANGER IN A STRANGE LAND.

BIJOU, B'way & 30th St. Eve., 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
4th week of the fun-niest play in existence. IN PARADISE

Keith's CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE.
CHING LING FOO
Harry Lacy, Ezra Kendall, Russell Bros

Murray HILL THEA. Lex. Av. & 42d St.
MATINEE EVERY DAY, 25c.
THIS WEEK—IN MIZZOURA.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE Popular Prices! Wed. Mat. 25c. & 50c. THE GREAT KELLAR

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Sat. Ev., Sep. 30, Opening of Season. MARIA STUART.

Huber's 14TH ST. MUSEUM. 10c. to All. Continuous Show. Enoch, manfish; Diakos, sharpshooters; others. Theatre—2 Co's.

FREE FLOWER SHOW. Amer. Institute, 19 & 21 W. 44th St. Tues. to Thurs. Aft. & Eve. Dahlias, Gladiolus, Orchids, Palms, Choice Fruits, Vegetables, etc., etc.

CASINO! This DEWEY Wk! Last Wk. but 2. The Rounders! Xtra "Dewey Matinées" TO-MORROW & Thurs.

HARLEM OPERA HOUSE. A LITTLE Ev., 2:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15. RAY OF SUNSHINE.

Baseball, Polo Grds., To-day, 3:30 P. M. BOSTON VS. NEW YORK. ADM., 50c.

THE TURF.

BROOKLYN JOCKEY CLUB RACES
Sept. 26, 27, 28, 29, 30.
Six Races To-day at 2:15 P. M.
THE STANDARD HANDICAP.
FIELD STAND, 50 CENTS.
Trains from New York leave Whitehall St. every 20 minutes; Park Row via Brooklyn Bridge every 10 minutes. Music by Lander.